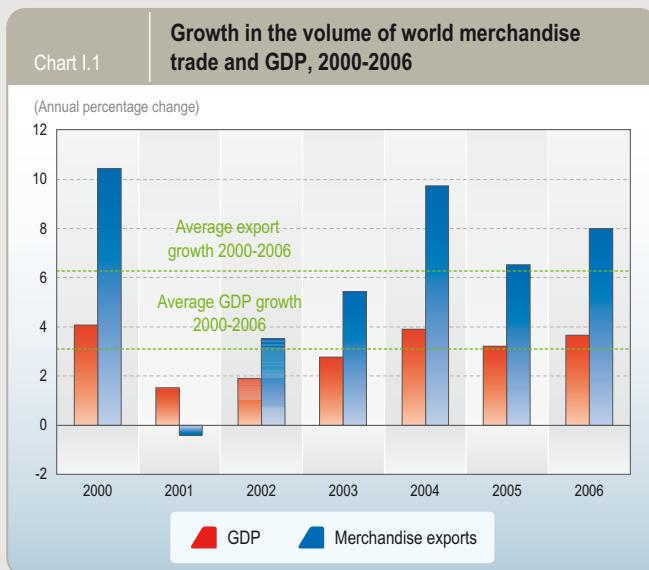


I. WORLD TRADE DEVELOPMENTS

► Merchandise trade and GDP

World real merchandise trade grows faster than output

In 2006, the volume of world merchandise trade grew by 8 per cent while world gross domestic product recorded a 3.5 per cent increase. This confirms the trend of world merchandise trade growing by twice the annual growth rate of output since 2000.



The Highlights

IN THIS CHAPTER:

- Merchandise trade and GDP
- Merchandise trade by region
- Merchandise trade by product
- Regional trade flows
- Trade concentration
- Regional trade patterns in merchandise
- World trade in merchandise and commercial services
- Trade in commercial services by category
- Foreign affiliates trade in services

The strong 2006 increase in the volume of merchandise trade is backed by a robust recovery of European exports, which increased by 3 percentage points to 7 per cent. The real merchandise exports of the United States grew above the world average, at 11 per cent, and China's trade expanded by 22 per cent. Below world average export growth rates were recorded for South and Central America and the Caribbean (2.5 per cent), the Commonwealth of Independent States (6 per cent), and Africa (3 per cent). Exports of the Middle East stagnated in 2006.

► Merchandise trade by region

Asia and Europe recorded higher merchandise export growth than import growth in 2006

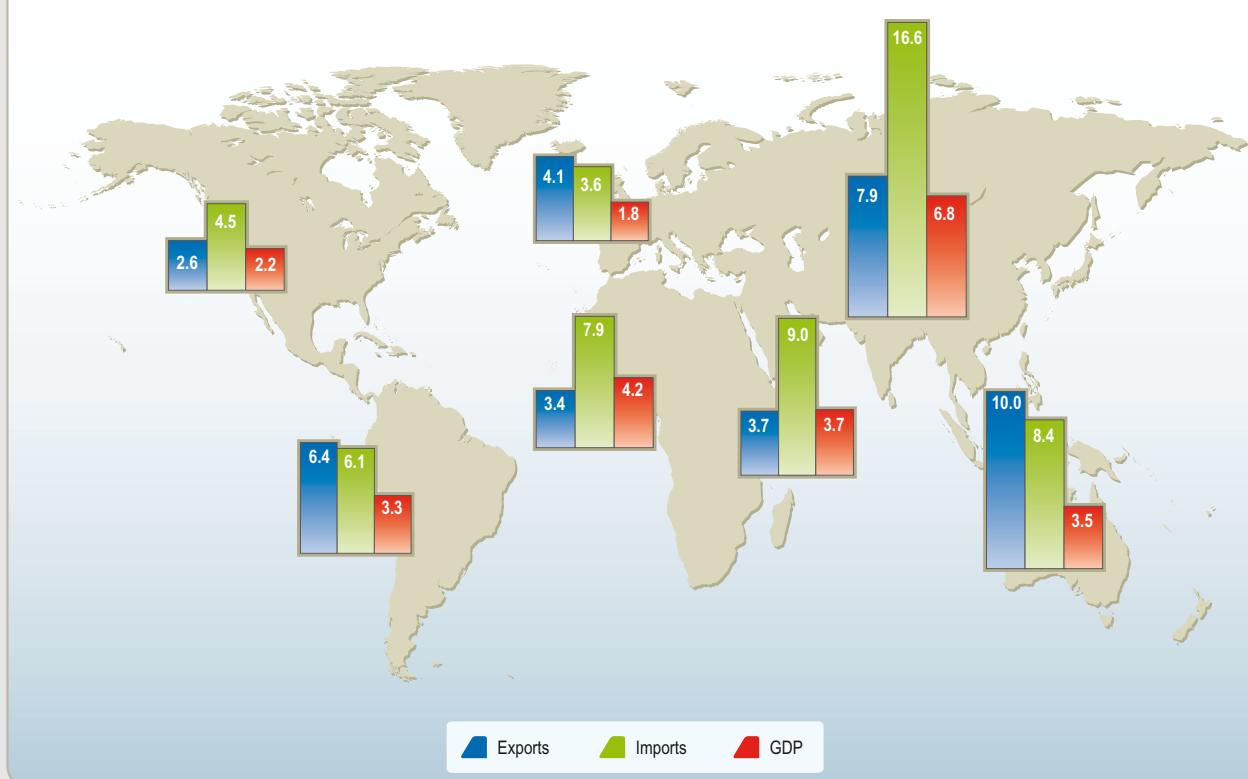
In 2006, merchandise exports in volume terms were sustained by robust demand, although patterns differed among regions. Exports from North America and Asia grew faster than imports to the region. Asia's exports grew by 13 per cent while imports were up 9 per cent. Europe recorded balanced export and import growth of 7 per cent. For South and Central America, the Commonwealth of Independent States, Africa and the Middle East, import growth largely exceeded that of exports. This pattern is linked to more favourable terms of trade due to increases in commodity prices in the past few years.

Since 2000, import growth has been higher than export growth in North America. This trend was shared by the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), the Middle East and Africa which all recorded stronger import than export growth. Import growth was particularly strong in the CIS area during the period 2000 to 2006, where on average imports increased annually more than twice as fast as exports (17 per cent and 8 per cent respectively). While South and Central America's import and export growth rates were almost balanced, Europe and Asia are the only regions where export growth has exceeded import growth since 2000, for Asia by almost one fifth.

Chart I.2

Growth in the volume of merchandise trade and GDP by region, 2000-2006

(Annual percentage change)



► Merchandise trade by product

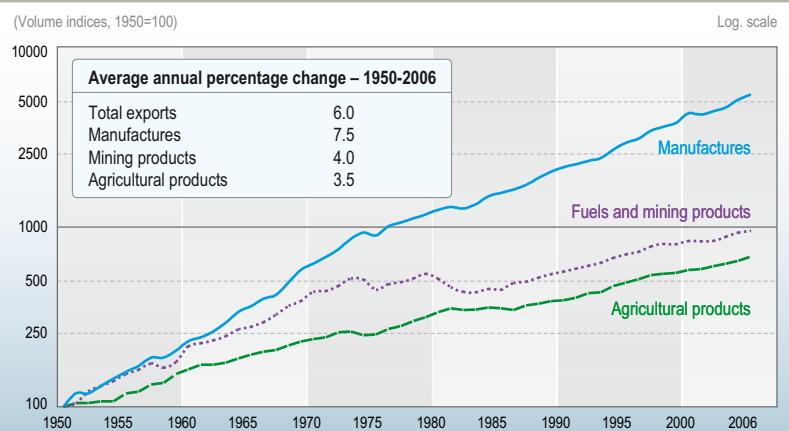
Manufactures remain the most dynamic product group in merchandise trade

Manufactures were again the most dynamic product group, increasing by 10 per cent in constant prices in 2006. Trade in agricultural products recorded real growth of 6 per cent. Rising prices and mild weather moderated global demand growth and slowed the expansion of trade in fuels and mining products to 3 per cent in 2006.

Since the early 1950s, the volume of trade in manufactures has largely outperformed primary products, growing at an annual rate of 7.5 per cent, while agriculture, and fuels and mining products grew at 3.5 per cent and 4 per cent respectively.

Chart I.3

World merchandise trade volume by major product group, 1950-2006



► Regional trade flows

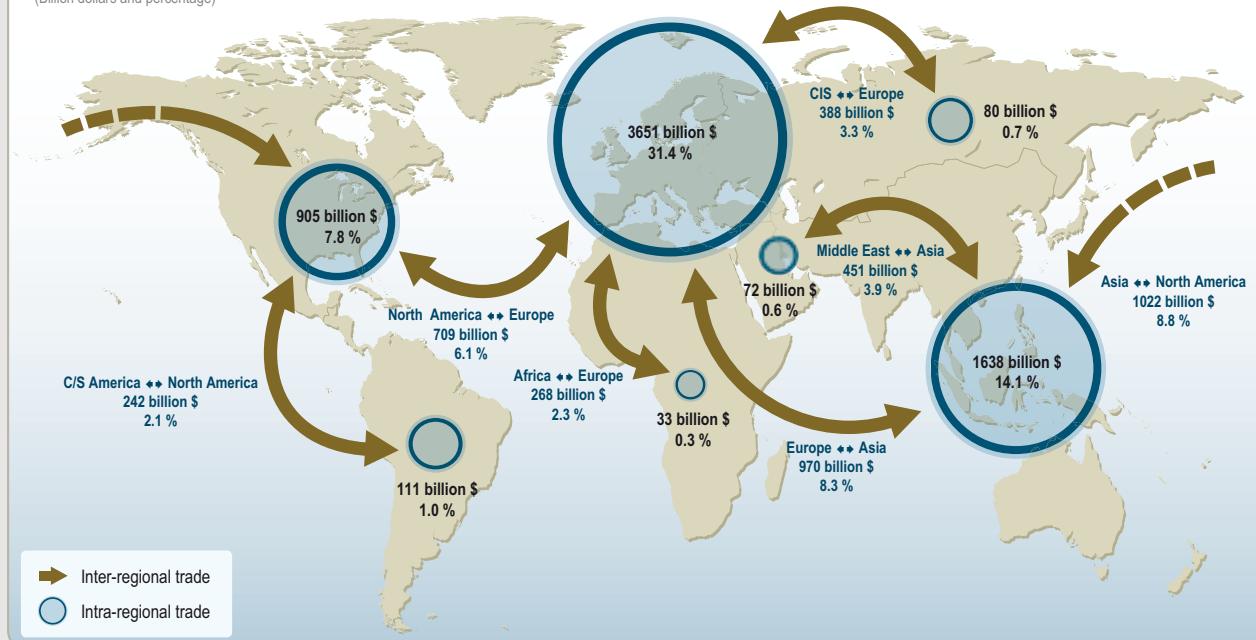
World merchandise trade is still characterised by intra-regional flows

Distances are still a barrier. Inter-regional merchandise trade flows between North America, Europe and Asia account for only 23 per cent of world trade. The most prominent growth in 2006 was recorded in Asia's exports to Europe, which increased by 21 per cent. Intra-regional trade flows of the three regions represent 53 per cent of world merchandise trade and almost two thirds of the total merchandise trade of these regions. Europe's intra-trade shows the highest share (31 per cent), followed by Asia (14 per cent) and North America (8 per cent). Intra-regional trade for other regions (South and Central America, CIS, Middle East and Africa) account for only 2.5 per cent of their total exports.

Chart I.4

Selected intra- and inter-regional merchandise trade flows, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)



► Trade concentration

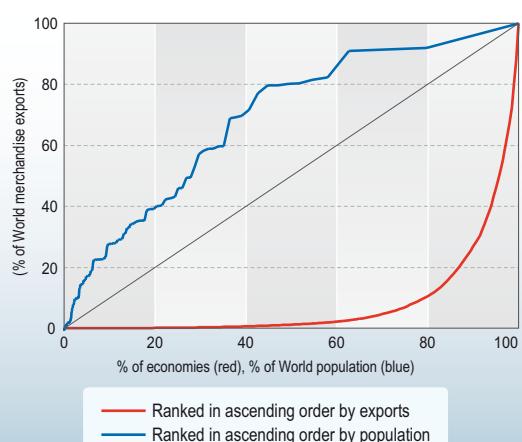
Large economies determine merchandise trade but small economies participate actively

The list of major traders appears to be dominated by large economies. In 2006, for example, the smallest 80 per cent of exporters accounted for just 10 per cent of world trade (red line).

However, this calculation does not take into account the population of economies (e.g. China and Tonga are given equal weight.) To better account for differences in population, cumulative shares of economies in world population are plotted against their collective shares in world merchandise exports, after sorting them in ascending order by population (blue line). This second curve is not smooth because economies with similar populations (e.g. Singapore and Eritrea, or Italy and Myanmar) may make very different marginal contributions to world trade, but it does suggest that trade in terms of people rather than countries is more evenly distributed. On a per capita basis, small economies contribute more to world trade than their export values suggest, for example, the smallest economies representing 20 percent of the world's population account for 39 percent of the value of world merchandise exports in 2006.

Chart I.5

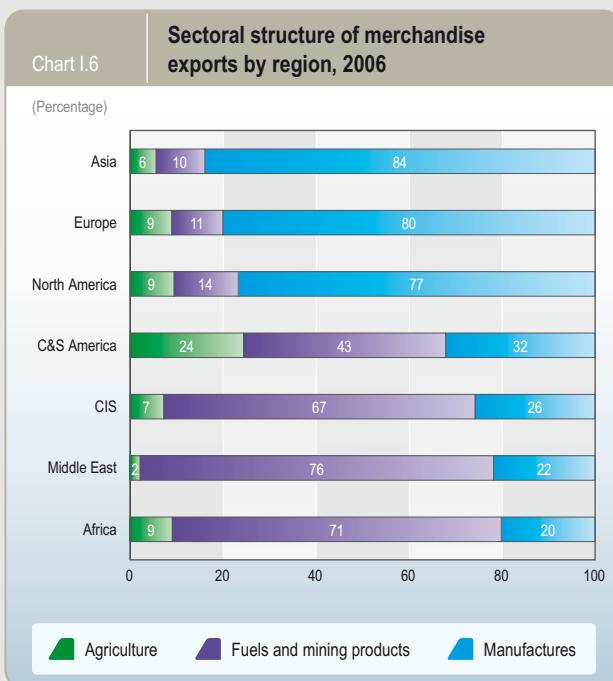
Shares in world merchandise exports, 2006



► Regional trade patterns in merchandise

Manufactures dominate the merchandise export structures of Asia, Europe and North America

I



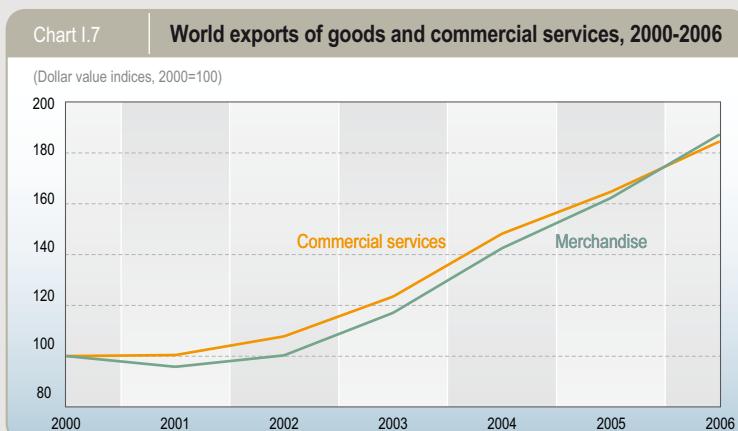
Asia has the highest share of manufactures in total exports, with more than 80 per cent of the region's exports stemming from this product group. In contrast, the Middle East, Africa and the CIS are highly dependent on fuels and mining products, with more than two thirds of their export revenues originating from this product group. This pattern of specialization was accentuated with the rise in international commodity prices.

Least-developed countries show a similar structure with almost three quarters of their export revenues originating from primary commodities and only a quarter earned through manufactures (mainly clothing). South and Central America show the highest share of agricultural exports in their total trade.

► World trade in merchandise and commercial services

In 2006, trade in merchandise was boosted by commodity prices, growing faster than trade in commercial services

At current prices, 2006 world merchandise trade increased by 16 per cent while trade in commercial services expanded by 12 per cent. High commodity prices explain the higher growth rate of trade in merchandise. Data for trade in commercial services are derived from balance of payments statistics and mainly refer to modes 1 (cross-border), 2 (consumption abroad) and 4 (presence of natural persons). Information on the size of commercial presence (mode 3) is not covered in these «traditional» trade in commercial services statistics. Mode 3 trade can be approximated through the sales of services of foreign affiliates. Available statistics nevertheless indicate that this mode surpasses trade in commercial services in other modes, adding further to the dynamics of world trade in services.



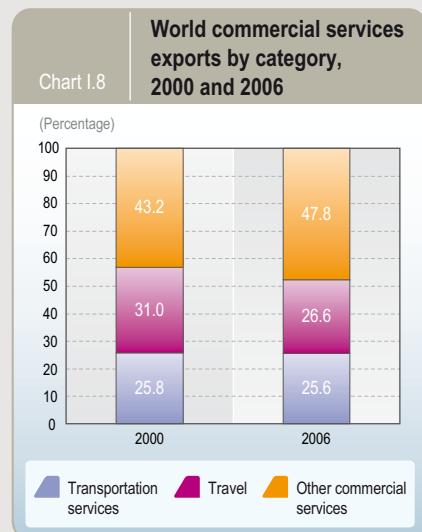
► Trade in commercial services by category

The share of travel continues to decline in commercial services trade

The share of travel in world commercial services exports has constantly been declining in recent years, from 31 per cent in 2000 to 26.6 per cent in 2006. Over this period North America's share was reduced by over 5 percentage points (from 23.2 to 17.9) whereas Africa gained almost 1.3 points (from 3.0 to 4.3 per cent).

For the first time since 2003, the growth of transportation services was lower than that for trade in other commercial services, but the share of transportation in total commercial services has remained stable since 2000. Other commercial services, which include business services, were the largest contributor to total trade in commercial services, for the first time representing almost half of this trade in 2006.

Europe was the largest exporter of other commercial services with 54 per cent of world exports of this product group (37.4 if intra-European Union trade is excluded), followed by Asia (21.8 per cent) and North America (17.9 per cent). Although in value terms positive growth was recorded, the share of Europe and North America in world trade in other commercial services declined, mainly in favour of Asia and to a lesser extent the CIS.



► Foreign affiliates trade in services

Sales of foreign affiliates in services rise faster than traditional trade in services



In 2004, the year for which the latest comprehensive data are available, sales of services through foreign affiliates of United States (US) firms on foreign markets (non-bank majority-owned) reached \$490 billion, more than twice as high as conventional services exports which amounted to \$322 billion. From 1996, sales of services of US majority-owned foreign affiliates have consistently exceeded conventional US exports of commercial services according to the US Department of Commerce.

Similar conclusions can be drawn from Australia's data in 2002-03. Traditional trade in services was surpassed by sales of foreign affiliates by a margin of \$18 billion, confirming the increasing importance of this mode of delivery.

Actually, data available for the foreign affiliates of OECD countries in services-producing activities suggest that these global sales are approximately 1.5 times larger than conventional cross-border trade flows (mode 1) measured through the balance of payments. These estimates suggest that GATS mode 3 or commercial presence is an important –if not the dominant– mode of delivery for trade in services (see WTO International Trade Statistics, 2005).



1. Overview

Table I.1

Growth in the volume of world merchandise exports and production, 2000-2006

(Annual percentage change)

	2000-06	2004	2005	2006
World merchandise exports	5.5	9.5	6.5	8.0
Agricultural products	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0
Fuels and mining products	3.0	6.0	3.5	3.0
Manufactures	6.0	11.0	7.5	10.0
World merchandise production	2.5	5.0	3.5	3.0
Agriculture	2.0	5.0	1.5	1.0
Mining	1.5	4.5	1.5	1.0
Manufacturing	3.0	5.5	4.0	3.5
World GDP	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.5

Note : See the Metadata for the estimation of world aggregates of merchandise exports, production and GDP.

Table I.2

Growth in the volume of world merchandise trade by selected region, 2000-2006

(Annual percentage change)

Exports				Imports		
2000-06	2005	2006		2000-06	2005	2006
5	7	8	World	5	7	8
3	6	8	North America	5	6	6
6	8	3	South and Central America	6	14	14
4	4	7	Europe	4	4	7
4	4	7	European Union (25)	3	4	7
8	4	6	Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	17	18	21
10	11	13	Asia	9	8	9
6	5	10	Japan	3	2	3
8	8	11	Six East Asian traders	6	6	8

2. Trade by region

Table I.3

World merchandise trade and trade in commercial services by region, 2006

(Annual percentage change)

Exports			Imports		
2000-06	2005	2006	2000-06	2005	2006
Merchandise					
11	14	16	World	11	14
5	12	14	North America	7	14
14	25	21	South and Central America	10	23
11	9	13	Europe	11	10
11	8	13	European Union (25)	11	9
20	28	25	Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	23	25
16	30	21	Africa	14	22
16	35	19	Middle East	15	20
12	14	18	Asia	12	17
Commercial services					
11	11	12	World	10	11
6	10	9	North America	7	9
8	18	13	South and Central America	7	21
12	9	11	Europe	11	9
12	9	11	European Union (25)	11	8
19	20	23	Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	20	19
13	12	11	Africa	14	21
12	14	14	Middle East	13	19
12	15	17	Asia	10	12

Table I.4

Intra- and inter-regional merchandise trade, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Origin	Destination							
	North America	South and Central America	Europe	CIS	Africa	Middle East	Asia	World
Value								
World	2355	378	5118	290	283	381	2839	11783
North America	905.3	107.3	279.3	8.3	21.7	42.1	314.1	1678.3
South and Central America	135.0	111.5	86.4	6.1	11.3	7.9	61.8	429.9
Europe	430.3	66.6	3651.5	141.6	120.2	128.9	366.4	4963.0
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	24.2	7.6	246.5	80.3	5.7	13.3	45.6	425.6
Africa	79.8	11.3	148.1	1.4	32.8	6.3	72.6	363.3
Middle East	72.3	4.4	102.8	3.0	20.9	71.6	339.6	645.5
Asia	708.3	69.5	603.8	49.7	69.9	111.4	1638.5	3277.8
Share of inter-regional trade flows in each region's total merchandise exports								
World	20.0	3.2	43.4	2.5	2.4	3.2	24.1	100.0
North America	53.9	6.4	16.6	0.5	1.3	2.5	18.7	100.0
South and Central America	31.4	25.9	20.1	1.4	2.6	1.8	14.4	100.0
Europe	8.7	1.3	73.6	2.9	2.4	2.6	7.4	100.0
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	5.7	1.8	57.9	18.9	1.3	3.1	10.7	100.0
Africa	22.0	3.1	40.8	0.4	9.0	1.7	20.0	100.0
Middle East	11.2	0.7	15.9	0.5	3.2	11.1	52.6	100.0
Asia	21.6	2.1	18.4	1.5	2.1	3.4	50.0	100.0
Share of regional trade flows in world merchandise exports								
World	20.0	3.2	43.4	2.5	2.4	3.2	24.1	100.0
North America	7.7	0.9	2.4	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.7	14.2
South and Central America	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	3.6
Europe	3.7	0.6	31.0	1.2	1.0	1.1	3.1	42.1
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	0.2	0.1	2.1	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.4	3.6
Africa	0.7	0.1	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.6	3.1
Middle East	0.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.2	0.6	2.9	5.5
Asia	6.0	0.6	5.1	0.4	0.6	0.9	13.9	27.8

Table I.5

Shares of regional trade flows in world merchandise exports, 2006

(Percentage)

Origin	Destination	World	North America	South and Central America	Europe	CIS	Africa	Middle East	Asia
	Share								
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North America	14.2	38.4	28.4	5.5	2.8	7.7	11.0	11.1	
South and Central America	3.6	5.7	29.5	1.7	2.1	4.0	2.1	2.2	
Europe	42.1	18.3	17.6	71.3	48.7	42.6	33.8	12.9	
CIS	3.6	1.0	2.0	4.8	27.7	2.0	3.5	1.6	
Africa	3.1	3.4	3.0	2.9	0.5	11.6	1.7	2.6	
Middle East	5.5	3.1	1.2	2.0	1.0	7.4	18.8	12.0	
Asia	27.8	30.1	18.4	11.8	17.1	24.7	29.2	57.7	

Table I.6

World merchandise exports by region and selected economy, 1948, 1953, 1963, 1973, 1983, 1993, 2003 and 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

	1948	1953	1963	1973	1983	1993	2003	2006
	Value							
World	59	84	157	579	1838	3675	7371	11783
	Share							
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North America	28.1	24.8	19.9	17.3	16.8	18.0	15.8	14.2
United States	21.7	18.8	14.9	12.3	11.2	12.6	9.8	8.8
Canada	5.5	5.2	4.3	4.6	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.3
Mexico	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.1
South and Central America	11.3	9.7	6.4	4.3	4.4	3.0	3.0	3.6
Brazil	2.0	1.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.2
Argentina	2.8	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Europe	35.1	39.4	47.8	50.9	43.5	45.4	45.9	42.1
Germany a	1.4	5.3	9.3	11.6	9.2	10.3	10.2	9.4
France	3.4	4.8	5.2	6.3	5.2	6.0	5.3	4.2
United Kingdom	11.3	9.0	7.8	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.1	3.8
Italy	1.8	1.8	3.2	3.8	4.0	4.6	4.1	3.5
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) b	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	2.6	3.6
Africa	7.3	6.5	5.7	4.8	4.5	2.5	2.4	3.1
South Africa c	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.5
Middle East	2.0	2.7	3.2	4.1	6.8	3.5	4.1	5.5
Asia	14.0	13.4	12.5	14.9	19.1	26.1	26.2	27.8
China	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.2	2.5	5.9	8.2
Japan	0.4	1.5	3.5	6.4	8.0	9.9	6.4	5.5
India	2.2	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.0
Australia and New Zealand	3.7	3.2	2.4	2.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.2
Six East Asian traders	3.4	3.0	2.4	3.4	5.8	9.7	9.6	9.6
Memorandum item:								
EU d	-	-	27.5	38.6	30.4	36.1	42.4	38.5
USSR, former	2.2	3.5	4.6	3.7	5.0	-	-	-
GATT/WTO Members e	60.4	68.7	72.8	81.8	76.5	89.5	94.3	93.9

a Figures refer to the Fed. Rep. of Germany from 1948 through 1983.

b Figures are significantly affected by i) changes in the country composition of the region and major adjustment in trade conversion factors between 1983 and 1993; and ii) including the mutual trade flows of the Baltic States and the CIS between 1993 and 2003.

c Beginning with 1998, figures refer to South Africa only and no longer to the Southern African Customs Union.

d Figures refer to the EEC(6) in 1963, EC(9) in 1973, EC(10) in 1983, EU(12) in 1993, and EU(25) in 2003 and 2006.

e Membership as of the year stated.

Note: Between 1973 and 1983 and between 1993 and 2003 export shares were significantly influenced by oil price developments.

Table I.7

World merchandise imports by region and selected economy, 1948, 1953, 1963, 1973, 1983, 1993, 2003 and 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

	1948	1953	1963	1973	1983	1993	2003	2006
	Value							
	62	85	164	595	1882	3770	7650	12113
World	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
North America	18.5	20.5	16.1	17.2	18.5	21.5	22.6	21.0
United States	13.0	13.9	11.4	12.3	14.3	16.0	17.0	15.8
Canada	4.4	5.5	3.9	4.2	3.4	3.7	3.2	3.0
Mexico	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.8	2.3	2.2
South and Central America	10.4	8.3	6.0	4.4	3.8	3.3	2.5	3.0
Brazil	1.8	1.6	0.9	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.8
Argentina	2.5	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3
Europe	45.3	43.7	52.0	53.3	44.2	44.8	45.3	43.1
Germany a	2.2	4.5	8.0	9.2	8.1	9.1	7.9	7.5
United Kingdom	13.4	11.0	8.5	6.5	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.1
France	5.5	4.9	5.3	6.3	5.6	5.8	5.2	4.4
Italy	2.5	2.8	4.6	4.7	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.6
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) b	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	1.7	2.3
Africa	8.1	7.0	5.2	3.9	4.6	2.6	2.1	2.4
South Africa c	2.5	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.6
Middle East	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.7	6.2	3.4	2.7	3.1
Asia	13.9	15.1	14.1	14.9	18.5	23.3	23.1	25.0
China	0.6	1.6	0.9	0.9	1.1	2.8	5.4	6.5
Japan	1.1	2.8	4.1	6.5	6.7	6.4	5.0	4.8
India	2.3	1.4	1.5	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.4
Australia and New Zealand	2.9	2.3	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4
Six East Asian traders	3.5	3.7	3.1	3.7	6.1	9.9	8.2	8.6
Memorandum item:								
EU d	-	-	29.0	39.2	31.3	34.3	41.6	39.2
USSR, former	1.9	3.3	4.3	3.5	4.3	-	-	-
GATT/WTO Members e	52.9	66.0	74.2	89.1	83.9	88.7	96.1	95.8

a Figures refer to the Fed. Rep. of Germany from 1948 through 1983.

b Figures are significantly affected by i) changes in the country composition of the region and major adjustment in trade conversion factors between 1983 and 1993 and ii) including the mutual trade flows of the Baltic States and the CIS between 1993 and 2003.

c Beginning with 1998, figures refer to South Africa only and no longer to the Southern African Customs Union.

d Figures refer to the EEC(6) in 1963, EC(9) in 1973, EC(10) in 1983, EU(12) in 1993, EU(25) in 2003 and 2006.

e Membership as of the year stated.

Note: Between 1973 and 1983 and between 1993 and 2003 import shares were significantly influenced by oil price developments.

3. Leading traders

Table I.8

Leading exporters and importers in world merchandise trade, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Rank	Exporters	Value	Share	Annual percentage change	Rank	Importers	Value	Share	Annual percentage change
1	Germany	1112.0	9.2	15	1	United States	1919.4	15.5	11
2	United States	1038.3	8.6	15	2	Germany	908.6	7.3	17
3	China	968.9	8.0	27	3	China	791.5	6.4	20
4	Japan	649.9	5.4	9	4	United Kingdom	619.4	5.0	21
5	France	490.4	4.1	6	5	Japan	579.6	4.7	13
6	Netherlands	462.4	3.8	14	6	France	534.9	4.3	6
7	United Kingdom	448.3	3.7	17	7	Italy	437.4	3.5	14
8	Italy	410.6	3.4	10	8	Netherlands	416.4	3.4	14
9	Canada	389.5	3.2	8	9	Canada	357.7	2.9	11
10	Belgium	369.2	3.1	10	10	Belgium	353.7	2.9	11
11	Korea, Republic of	325.5	2.7	14	11	Hong Kong, China	335.8	2.7	12
12	Hong Kong, China domestic exports	322.7	2.7	10		retained imports a	35.9	0.3	28
	re-exports	22.8	0.2	14	12	Spain	316.4	2.5	10
		299.9	2.5	10					
13	Russian Federation	304.5	2.5	25	13	Korea, Republic of	309.4	2.5	18
14	Singapore	271.8	2.2	18	14	Mexico	268.2	2.2	15
	domestic exports	143.1	1.2	15	15	Singapore	238.7	1.9	19
	re-exports	128.6	1.1	22		retained imports a	110.0	0.9	16
15	Mexico	250.4	2.1	17					
16	Taipei, Chinese	223.8	1.9	13	16	Taipei, Chinese	203.0	1.6	11
17	Saudi Arabia	209.5	1.7	16	17	India	174.8	1.4	26
18	Spain	205.5	1.7	7	18	Russian Federation b	163.9	1.3	31
19	Malaysia	160.7	1.3	14	19	Switzerland	141.4	1.1	12
20	Switzerland	147.5	1.2	13	20	Austria	140.3	1.1	10
21	Sweden	147.4	1.2	13	21	Australia	139.3	1.1	11
22	Austria	140.4	1.2	12	22	Turkey	138.3	1.1	18
23	United Arab Emirates	139.4	1.2	19	23	Malaysia	131.2	1.1	14
24	Brazil	137.5	1.1	16	24	Thailand	128.6	1.0	9
25	Thailand	130.8	1.1	19	25	Sweden	126.7	1.0	14
26	Australia	123.3	1.0	16	26	Poland	126.0	1.0	24
27	Norway	121.5	1.0	17	27	United Arab Emirates	97.8	0.8	15
28	India	120.3	1.0	21	28	Brazil	95.9	0.8	24
29	Ireland	111.1	0.9	1	29	Czech Republic	93.2	0.8	22
30	Poland	110.3	0.9	23	30	Denmark	86.3	0.7	14
31	Indonesia	103.5	0.9	19	31	Indonesia	80.3	0.6	6
32	Czech Republic	95.1	0.8	22	32	South Africa c	77.3	0.6	24
33	Denmark	92.8	0.8	9	33	Hungary	77.0	0.6	16
34	Turkey	85.5	0.7	16	34	Ireland	72.8	0.6	6
35	Finland	77.0	0.6	17	35	Finland	68.9	0.6	17
36	Hungary	74.5	0.6	18	36	Portugal	66.6	0.5	9
37	Iran, Islamic Rep. of c	73.7	0.6	31	37	Saudi Arabia	66.3	0.5	12
38	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	65.2	0.5	18	38	Norway	64.1	0.5	15
39	South Africa	58.4	0.5	13	39	Greece	63.2	0.5	17
40	Chile	58.1	0.5	41	40	Philippines b	51.5	0.4	9
41	Kuwait	55.7	0.5	24	41	Romania	51.1	0.4	26
42	Algeria	54.6	0.5	19	42	Iran, Islamic Rep. of c	51.1	0.4	34
43	Nigeria c	52.0	0.4	23	43	Israel c	50.0	0.4	6
44	Philippines	47.0	0.4	14	44	Slovak Republic b	45.9	0.4	30
45	Argentina	46.6	0.4	15	45	Ukraine	45.0	0.4	25
46	Israel	46.4	0.4	9	46	Viet Nam	44.4	0.4	20
47	Portugal	43.3	0.4	14	47	Chile	38.4	0.3	17
48	Slovak Republic	41.7	0.3	30	48	Argentina	34.2	0.3	19
49	Kazakhstan	40.5	0.3	45	49	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	33.6	0.3	40
50	Viet Nam	39.6	0.3	22	50	Pakistan	29.8	0.2	18
Total of above d		11294.1	93.5	-	Total of above d		11485.1	92.5	-
World d		12083.0	100.0	15	World d		12413.0	100.0	14

a Retained imports are defined as imports less re-exports. See the Metadata.

b Imports are valued f.o.b.

c Secretariat estimates.

d Includes significant re-exports or imports for re-export.

Note: For annual data 1996-06, see Appendix Tables A6 and A7.

Table I.9

Leading exporters and importers in world merchandise trade (excluding intra-EU (25) trade), 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Rank	Exporters	Value	Share	Annual percentage change	Rank	Importers	Value	Share	Annual percentage change
1	Extra-EU (25) exports	1481.7	16.4	11	1	United States	1919.4	20.5	11
2	United States	1038.3	11.5	15	2	Extra-EU (25) imports	1697.8	18.1	15
3	China	968.9	10.7	27	3	China	791.5	8.5	20
4	Japan	649.9	7.2	9	4	Japan	579.6	6.2	13
5	Canada	389.5	4.3	8	5	Canada	357.7	3.8	11
6	Korea, Republic of	325.5	3.6	14	6	Hong Kong, China	335.8	3.6	12
7	Hong Kong, China	322.7	3.6	10		retained imports a	35.9	0.4	28
	domestic exports	22.8	0.3	14	7	Korea, Republic of	309.4	3.3	18
	re-exports	299.9	3.3	10					
8	Russian Federation	304.5	3.4	25	8	Mexico	268.2	2.9	15
9	Singapore	271.8	3.0	18	9	Singapore	238.7	2.5	19
	domestic exports	143.1	1.6	15		retained imports a	110.0	1.2	16
	re-exports	128.6	1.4	22					
10	Mexico	250.4	2.8	17	10	Taipei, Chinese	203.0	2.2	11
11	Taipei, Chinese	223.8	2.5	13	11	India	174.8	1.9	26
12	Saudi Arabia	209.5	2.3	16	12	Russian Federation b	163.9	1.8	31
13	Malaysia	160.7	1.8	14	13	Switzerland	141.4	1.5	12
14	Switzerland	147.5	1.6	13	14	Australia	139.3	1.5	11
15	United Arab Emirates	139.4	1.5	19	15	Turkey	138.3	1.5	18
16	Brazil	137.5	1.5	16	16	Malaysia	131.2	1.4	14
17	Thailand	130.8	1.4	19	17	Thailand	128.6	1.4	9
18	Australia	123.3	1.4	16	18	United Arab Emirates	97.8	1.0	15
19	Norway	121.5	1.3	17	19	Brazil	95.9	1.0	24
20	India	120.3	1.3	21	20	Indonesia	80.3	0.9	6
21	Indonesia	103.5	1.1	19	21	South Africa c	77.3	0.8	24
22	Turkey	85.5	0.9	16	22	Saudi Arabia	66.3	0.7	12
23	Iran, Islamic Rep. of c	73.7	0.8	31	23	Norway	64.1	0.7	15
24	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	65.2	0.7	18	24	Philippines b	51.5	0.6	9
25	South Africa	58.4	0.6	13	25	Romania	51.1	0.5	26
26	Chile	58.1	0.6	41	26	Iran, Islamic Rep. of c	51.1	0.5	34
27	Kuwait	55.7	0.6	24	27	Israel c	50.0	0.5	6
28	Algeria	54.6	0.6	19	28	Ukraine	45.0	0.5	25
29	Nigeria c	52.0	0.6	23	29	Viet Nam	44.4	0.5	20
30	Philippines	47.0	0.5	14	30	Chile	38.4	0.4	17
31	Argentina	46.6	0.5	15	31	Argentina	34.2	0.4	19
32	Israel	46.4	0.5	9	32	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	33.6	0.4	40
33	Kazakhstan	40.5	0.4	45	33	Pakistan	29.8	0.3	18
34	Viet Nam	39.6	0.4	22	34	Iraq c	27.9	0.3	19
35	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya c	39.5	0.4	28	35	New Zealand	26.4	0.3	1
36	Ukraine	38.4	0.4	12	36	Colombia	26.0	0.3	23
37	Angola c	35.0	0.4	45	37	Kazakhstan	25.0	0.3	44
38	Qatar	34.1	0.4	32	38	Morocco	23.6	0.3	13
39	Romania	32.3	0.4	17	39	Bulgaria	23.1	0.2	27
40	Iraq c	29.6	0.3	25	40	Belarus	22.3	0.2	34
41	Colombia	24.4	0.3	15	41	Nigeria	21.8	0.2	5
42	Peru	23.4	0.3	37	42	Croatia	21.5	0.2	16
43	New Zealand	22.4	0.2	3	43	Algeria	21.5	0.2	5
44	Oman	21.6	0.2	15	44	Egypt	20.6	0.2	4
45	Belarus	19.7	0.2	24	45	Qatar	16.4	0.2	63
46	Pakistan	16.9	0.2	5	46	Bangladesh	16.1	0.2	16
47	Bulgaria	15.1	0.2	28	47	Kuwait	16.0	0.2	1
48	Trinidad and Tobago	14.1	0.2	46	48	Peru	15.3	0.2	23
49	Egypt	13.7	0.2	29	49	Tunisia	14.9	0.2	13
50	Morocco	12.7	0.1	14	50	Serbia	13.2	0.1	...
Total of above d		8737.0	96.7	-	Total of above d		8980.8	95.9	-
World (excl. intra-EU (25)) d		9032.0	100.0	16	World (excl. intra-EU (25)) d		9362.0	100.0	15

a Retained imports are defined as imports less re-exports. See the Metadata.

b Imports are valued f.o.b.

c Secretariat estimates.

d Includes significant re-exports or imports for re-export.

Note: For annual data 1996-06, see Appendix Tables A6 and A7.

Table I.10

Leading exporters and importers in world trade in commercial services, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Rank	Exporters	Value	Share	Annual percentage change	Rank	Importers	Value	Share	Annual percentage change
1	United States	388.8	14.1	10	1	United States	307.8	11.6	9
2	United Kingdom	227.5	8.3	11	2	Germany	219.1	8.3	7
3	Germany	168.8	6.1	12	3	United Kingdom	172.0	6.5	8
4	Japan	122.5	4.4	14	4	Japan	144.0	5.4	9
5	France	114.5	4.2	0	5	France	108.8	4.1	4
6	Spain	105.5	3.8	12	6	China	100.3	3.8	21
7	Italy	97.5	3.5	10	7	Italy	98.4	3.7	11
8	China	91.4	3.3	24	8	Ireland	78.4	3.0	12
9	Netherlands	82.5	3.0	5	9	Netherlands	78.1	2.9	8
10	India	73.8	2.7	36	10	Spain	77.9	2.9	17
11	Hong Kong, China	72.7	2.6	14	11	Canada	71.7	2.7	11
12	Ireland	68.0	2.5	20	12	Korea, Republic of	69.8	2.6	20
13	Austria	58.9	2.1	11	13	India	63.7	2.4	29
14	Canada	57.7	2.1	7	14	Singapore	60.8	2.3	12
15	Belgium	57.6	2.1	7	15	Belgium	54.0	2.0	7
16	Singapore	57.3	2.1	12	16	Austria	53.3	2.0	9
17	Denmark	51.7	1.9	19	17	Denmark	45.0	1.7	21
18	Luxembourg	51.1	1.9	26	18	Russian Federation	44.3	1.7	15
19	Switzerland	50.6	1.8	10	19	Sweden	39.3	1.5	12
20	Korea, Republic of	50.4	1.8	15	20	Hong Kong, China	36.6	1.4	8
21	Sweden	49.2	1.8	15	21	Taipei, Chinese	32.6	1.2	4
22	Greece	35.7	1.3	6	22	Thailand	31.8	1.2	18
23	Norway	32.7	1.2	12	23	Australia	31.6	1.2	6
24	Australia	32.4	1.2	7	24	Luxembourg	30.6	1.2	25
25	Russian Federation	30.1	1.1	24	25	Norway	30.6	1.2	6
26	Taipei, Chinese	28.8	1.0	13	26	Switzerland	28.8	1.1	10
27	Thailand	23.9	0.9	19	27	Brazil	26.9	1.0	21
28	Turkey	23.5	0.9	-8	28	Indonesia a	26.5	1.0	...
29	Malaysia	21.2	0.8	9	29	Malaysia	23.0	0.9	6
30	Poland	20.5	0.7	27	30	Mexico	22.7	0.9	9
31	Israel	19.2	0.7	10	31	United Arab Emirates a	19.1	0.7	...
32	Brazil	17.9	0.7	20	32	Saudi Arabia	18.1	0.7	27
33	Portugal	17.6	0.6	17	33	Poland	17.9	0.7	27
34	Finland	16.8	0.6	0	34	Greece	15.9	0.6	11
35	Mexico	16.5	0.6	2	35	Finland	14.7	0.6	-2
36	Egypt	15.8	0.6	10	36	Israel	14.5	0.5	8
37	Hungary	13.4	0.5	5	37	South Africa	13.9	0.5	18
38	Lebanon	12.3	0.4	14	38	Hungary	12.0	0.5	2
39	Czech Republic	11.8	0.4	9	39	Portugal	11.3	0.4	10
40	South Africa	11.7	0.4	8	40	Czech Republic	11.1	0.4	13
Total of above		2500.0	90.7	-	Total of above		2355.0	89.0	-
World		2755.0	100.0	12	World		2650.0	100.0	11

a Secretariat estimate.

Note : Figures for a number of countries and territories have been estimated by the Secretariat. Annual percentage changes and rankings are affected by continuity breaks in the series for a large number of economies, and by limitations in cross-country comparability. See the Metadata, Section II.2. For annual data 1996-06, see Appendix Tables A8 and A9.

Table I.11

Leading exporters and importers in world trade in commercial services (excluding intra-EU (25) trade), 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Rank	Exporters	Value	Share	Annual percentage change	Rank	Importers	Value	Share	Annual percentage change
1	Extra-EU (25) exports	555.4	27.3	12	1	Extra-EU (25) imports	471.7	24.0	10
2	United States	388.8	19.1	10	2	United States	307.8	15.7	9
3	Japan	122.5	6.0	14	3	Japan	144.0	7.3	9
4	China	91.4	4.5	24	4	China	100.3	5.1	21
5	India	73.8	3.6	36	5	Canada	71.7	3.7	11
6	Hong Kong, China	72.7	3.6	14	6	Korea, Republic of	69.8	3.6	20
7	Canada	57.7	2.8	7	7	India	63.7	3.2	29
8	Singapore	57.3	2.8	12	8	Singapore	60.8	3.1	12
9	Switzerland	50.6	2.5	10	9	Russian Federation	44.3	2.3	15
10	Korea, Republic of	50.4	2.5	15	10	Hong Kong, China	36.6	1.9	8
11	Norway	32.7	1.6	12	11	Taipei, Chinese	32.6	1.7	4
12	Australia	32.4	1.6	7	12	Thailand	31.8	1.6	18
13	Russian Federation	30.1	1.5	24	13	Australia	31.6	1.6	6
14	Taipei, Chinese	28.8	1.4	13	14	Norway	30.6	1.6	6
15	Thailand	23.9	1.2	19	15	Switzerland	28.8	1.5	10
16	Turkey	23.5	1.2	-8	16	Brazil	26.9	1.4	21
17	Malaysia	21.2	1.0	9	17	Indonesia a	26.5	1.4	...
18	Israel	19.2	0.9	10	18	Malaysia	23.0	1.2	6
19	Brazil	17.9	0.9	20	19	Mexico	22.7	1.2	9
20	Mexico	16.5	0.8	2	20	United Arab Emirates a	19.1	1.0	...
21	Egypt	15.8	0.8	10	21	Saudi Arabia	18.1	0.9	27
22	Lebanon	12.3	0.6	14	22	Israel	14.5	0.7	8
23	South Africa	11.7	0.6	8	23	South Africa	13.9	0.7	18
24	Croatia	10.8	0.5	9	24	Turkey	10.5	0.5	-2
25	Ukraine	10.7	0.5	20	25	Egypt	10.1	0.5	7
26	Macao, China	10.5	0.5	22	26	Iran, Islamic Rep. of a	9.0	0.5	...
27	Morocco	9.3	0.5	23	27	Lebanon	8.8	0.4	12
28	Indonesia a	8.8	0.4	...	28	Kuwait	8.6	0.4	14
29	New Zealand	7.8	0.4	-5	29	Kazakhstan	8.6	0.4	16
30	Chile	7.4	0.4	7	30	Ukraine	8.5	0.4	22
31	Argentina	7.2	0.4	18	31	Chile	8.3	0.4	10
32	Romania	6.9	0.3	36	32	Nigeria a	8.2	0.4	...
33	Saudi Arabia	6.2	0.3	5	33	Argentina	8.1	0.4	11
34	Kuwait	6.0	0.3	59	34	Pakistan	8.1	0.4	12
35	Iran, Islamic Rep. of a	5.9	0.3	...	35	New Zealand	7.7	0.4	-5
Total of above		1905.0	93.6	-	Total of above		1795.0	91.5	-
World (excl. intra-EU (25))		2035.0	100.0	13	World (excl. intra-EU (25))		1965.0	100.0	12

a Secretariat estimate.

Note: Figures for a number of countries and territories have been estimated by the Secretariat. Annual percentage changes and rankings are affected by continuity breaks in the series for a large number of economies, and by limitations in cross-country comparability. See the Metadata, Section II.2. For annual data 1996-06, see Appendix Tables A8 and A9.

4. Bilateral trade of leading traders

Table I.12

Merchandise trade of Canada by region and economy, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Destination	Exports					Origin	Imports a					
	Value	Share		Annual percentage change			Value	Share		Annual percentage change		
		2006	2000	2006	2005			2006	2000	2006	2005	
Region												
World	389.5	100.0	100.0	14	8	World	349.8	100.0	100.0	15	11	
North America	320.6	87.8	82.3	13	5	North America	209.0	67.7	59.8	13	9	
Europe	29.0	5.1	7.4	18	24	Asia	65.4	14.5	18.7	18	17	
Asia	27.7	5.3	7.1	15	18	Europe	50.8	12.4	14.5	19	12	
South and Central America	5.0	1.0	1.3	29	23	South and Central America	11.5	1.8	3.3	42	16	
Middle East	2.4	0.4	0.6	19	23	Africa	7.4	0.8	2.1	50	30	
Africa	2.2	0.4	0.6	31	31	Middle East	4.1	0.7	1.2	31	24	
CIS	1.0	0.1	0.3	52	48	CIS	1.5	0.2	0.4	44	-17	
Economy												
United States	316.7	87.3	81.3	13	5	United States	191.9	64.4	54.9	10	8	
European Union (25)	25.4	4.7	6.5	16	24	European Union (25)	43.2	10.6	12.3	17	15	
Japan	8.3	2.2	2.1	15	10	China	30.4	3.2	8.7	31	25	
China	6.8	0.9	1.7	14	16	Mexico	14.1	3.4	4.0	17	17	
Mexico	3.9	0.5	1.0	17	44	Japan	13.5	4.7	3.9	19	11	
Above 5	361.0	95.6	92.7	-	-	Above 5	293.2	86.2	83.8	-	-	
Korea, Republic of	2.9	0.5	0.7	33	24	Korea, Republic of	5.1	1.4	1.5	-1	15	
Norway	1.7	0.2	0.4	7	30	Norway	4.8	1.2	1.4	31	-4	
Australia	1.6	0.3	0.4	12	20	Algeria	4.4	0.3	1.2	44	27	
India	1.5	0.1	0.4	36	65	Taipei, Chinese	3.4	1.4	1.0	6	6	
Hong Kong, China	1.4	0.3	0.4	11	19	Brazil	3.0	0.4	0.9	44	16	
Taipei, Chinese	1.2	0.3	0.3	17	11	Canada b	3.0	...	0.8	...	2	
Brazil	1.2	0.3	0.3	25	29	Malaysia	2.6	0.7	0.7	6	20	
Switzerland	1.0	0.1	0.2	78	8	Thailand	2.0	0.5	0.6	6	21	
Russian Federation	0.8	0.0	0.2	46	65	Switzerland	1.9	0.4	0.5	37	7	
Indonesia	0.7	0.2	0.2	11	24	Peru	1.9	0.1	0.5	218	65	
Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	0.7	0.2	0.2	45	23	India	1.7	0.3	0.5	22	15	
United Arab Emirates	0.7	0.1	0.2	51	43	Chile	1.6	0.2	0.5	36	20	
Singapore	0.7	0.1	0.2	11	24	Saudi Arabia	1.5	0.3	0.4	51	6	
South Africa	0.6	0.1	0.1	34	54	Iraq	1.5	0.2	0.4	17	48	
Saudi Arabia	0.5	0.1	0.1	-20	33	Australia	1.4	0.4	0.4	6	-2	
Thailand	0.5	0.1	0.1	1	20	Russian Federation	1.2	0.2	0.3	34	-15	
Turkey	0.5	0.1	0.1	38	23	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	1.1	0.4	0.3	49	-30	
Malaysia	0.5	0.1	0.1	-2	35	Philippines	0.9	0.4	0.2	3	15	
Colombia	0.5	0.1	0.1	21	22	Singapore	0.9	0.4	0.2	-12	8	
Cuba	0.5	0.1	0.1	47	22	Indonesia	0.8	0.2	0.2	10	6	
Chile	0.4	0.1	0.1	23	23	Israel	0.8	0.2	0.2	26	15	
Israel	0.4	0.1	0.1	21	11	South Africa	0.7	0.1	0.2	16	24	
Egypt	0.4	0.0	0.1	66	41	Nigeria	0.6	0.1	0.2	103	343	
Philippines	0.4	0.1	0.1	-6	18	Turkey	0.6	0.1	0.2	12	12	
Pakistan	0.4	0.0	0.1	3	34	Viet Nam	0.6	0.1	0.2	33	25	
Above 30	382.2	99.1	98.1	-	-	Above 30	341.0	96.2	97.5	-	-	

a Imports are valued f.o.b.

b In 2006, Canada reported imports from Canada accounting for nearly 1 percent of its total merchandise imports.

Table I.13

Merchandise trade of the United States by region and economy, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Destination	Exports					Origin	Imports					
	Value	Share		Annual percentage change			Value	Share		Annual percentage change		
		2006	2000	2006	2005			2006	2000	2006	2005	
Region											Region	
World	1038.3	100.0	100.0	11	15	World	1919.4	100.0	100.0	14	11	
North America	365.4	37.0	35.2	11	10	Asia	716.4	37.8	37.3	12	12	
Asia	280.2	27.6	27.0	7	16	North America	508.4	29.4	26.5	11	9	
Europe	238.9	23.6	23.0	9	16	Europe	370.2	20.3	19.3	9	7	
South and Central America	88.4	7.5	8.5	18	23	South and Central America	140.6	6.2	7.3	24	8	
Middle East	39.2	2.4	3.8	36	23	Africa	83.8	2.3	4.4	40	23	
Africa	19.0	1.4	1.8	15	22	Middle East	74.7	3.2	3.9	21	14	
CIS	7.1	0.4	0.7	22	21	CIS	25.3	0.8	1.3	33	28	
Economy											Economy	
Canada	230.2	22.6	22.2	12	9	European Union (25)	339.8	18.6	17.7	9	7	
European Union (25)	214.5	21.5	20.7	8	15	Canada	307.7	18.5	16.0	12	5	
Mexico	134.3	14.3	12.9	8	12	China	305.8	8.5	15.9	23	18	
Japan	59.7	8.4	5.8	2	8	Mexico	200.6	10.9	10.4	9	16	
China	55.2	2.1	5.3	21	32	Japan	152.3	12.0	7.9	7	7	
Above 5	694.0	68.9	66.8	-	-	Above 5	1306.2	68.5	68.1	-	-	
Korea, Republic of	32.5	3.6	3.1	5	17	Korea, Republic of	47.6	3.3	2.5	-5	5	
Singapore	24.7	2.3	2.4	5	20	Taipei, Chinese	39.8	3.4	2.1	0	9	
Taipei, Chinese	23.0	3.1	2.2	1	4	Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	38.4	1.6	2.0	34	9	
Brazil	19.2	2.0	1.9	11	25	Malaysia	37.5	2.1	2.0	19	8	
Australia	17.8	1.6	1.7	11	13	Saudi Arabia	33.1	1.2	1.7	29	14	
Hong Kong, China	17.8	1.9	1.7	3	9	Nigeria	29.0	0.9	1.5	47	15	
Switzerland	14.4	1.3	1.4	16	34	Brazil	28.0	1.2	1.5	15	7	
Malaysia	12.6	1.4	1.2	-4	20	Thailand	23.7	1.4	1.2	13	13	
United Arab Emirates	11.9	0.3	1.1	109	41	India	23.0	0.9	1.2	21	16	
Israel	11.0	1.0	1.1	6	13	Russian Federation	20.7	0.6	1.1	29	28	
India	10.1	0.5	1.0	31	27	Israel	19.4	1.0	1.0	16	13	
Bolivarian Rep. of Venezuela	9.0	0.7	0.9	34	41	Singapore	18.1	1.6	0.9	-1	17	
Thailand	8.2	0.8	0.8	14	13	Algeria	16.1	0.2	0.8	37	48	
Saudi Arabia	7.8	0.8	0.8	30	14	Switzerland	14.7	0.8	0.8	11	10	
Philippines	7.6	1.1	0.7	-3	11	Indonesia	14.3	0.9	0.7	11	11	
Chile	6.8	0.4	0.7	43	31	Iraq	12.2	0.5	0.6	5	27	
Colombia	6.7	0.5	0.6	20	24	Angola	12.2	0.3	0.6	84	38	
Turkey	5.7	0.5	0.6	27	34	Chile	10.3	0.3	0.5	37	38	
Dominican Republic	5.3	0.6	0.5	8	14	Philippines	10.1	1.1	0.5	1	5	
Argentina	4.8	0.6	0.5	21	16	Colombia	9.8	0.6	0.5	21	4	
Russian Federation	4.7	0.3	0.5	33	20	Viet Nam	9.3	0.1	0.5	26	29	
South Africa	4.5	0.4	0.4	23	15	Trinidad and Tobago	8.8	0.2	0.5	33	6	
Costa Rica	4.1	0.3	0.4	9	15	Australia	8.5	0.5	0.4	-3	12	
Egypt	4.1	0.4	0.4	2	30	Hong Kong, China	8.3	1.0	0.4	-5	-11	
Honduras	3.7	0.3	0.4	5	14	South Africa	7.7	0.3	0.4	-1	27	
Above 30	971.9	95.5	93.6	-	-	Above 30	1807.0	94.5	94.1	-	-	

Table I.14

Merchandise trade of the European Union (25) by region and economy, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Destination	Exports					Origin	Imports					
	Value	Share		Annual percentage change			Value	Share		Annual percentage change		
		2006	2000	2006	2005			2006	2000	2006	2005	
Region										Region		
World	4532.5	100.0	100.0	8	13	World	4748.6	100.0	100.0	9	14	
Europe	3346.9	73.5	73.8	7	13	Europe	3320.0	69.3	69.9	7	13	
North America	390.9	10.3	8.6	7	8	Asia	591.9	12.1	12.5	11	15	
Asia	334.5	7.5	7.4	7	10	North America	258.7	8.3	5.4	5	10	
CIS	129.4	1.2	2.9	23	30	CIS	191.1	2.3	4.0	35	26	
Africa	112.0	2.5	2.5	14	7	Africa	145.8	2.9	3.1	25	12	
Middle East	110.3	2.2	2.4	15	4	South and Central America	90.8	1.7	1.9	11	20	
South and Central America	61.9	1.8	1.4	14	15	Middle East	87.0	1.9	1.8	38	5	
Economy										Economy		
European Union (25)	3050.8	67.5	67.3	7	13	European Union (25) a	3050.8	64.1	64.2	7	13	
United States	332.8	8.9	7.3	7	8	China	240.5	2.7	5.1	24	22	
Switzerland	106.8	2.7	2.4	10	6	United States	220.6	7.3	4.6	3	9	
Russian Federation	89.3	0.8	2.0	24	28	Russian Federation	148.7	1.9	3.1	37	23	
China	77.8	1.0	1.7	7	24	Japan	95.9	3.3	2.0	-1	5	
Above 5	3657.5	80.9	80.7	-	-	Above 5	3756.6	79.3	79.1	-	-	
Turkey	57.6	1.1	1.3	11	12	Switzerland	88.9	2.2	1.9	7	8	
Japan	55.1	1.7	1.2	1	3	Norway	84.4	1.6	1.8	19	15	
Norway	47.2	1.0	1.0	10	14	Turkey	48.3	0.7	1.0	9	16	
Romania	34.1	0.4	0.8	21	26	Korea, Republic of	48.1	1.0	1.0	12	14	
Canada	32.8	0.8	0.7	8	13	Brazil	32.9	0.7	0.7	11	13	
United Arab Emirates	30.9	0.5	0.7	36	-2	Taipei, Chinese	32.7	1.0	0.7	1	10	
India	29.5	0.5	0.7	25	14	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	29.9	0.5	0.6	39	27	
Korea, Republic of	28.2	0.6	0.6	13	14	Saudi Arabia	29.5	0.6	0.6	39	5	
Hong Kong, China	26.9	0.8	0.6	7	7	India	28.0	0.5	0.6	16	19	
Australia	26.4	0.6	0.6	4	4	Canada	24.4	0.7	0.5	6	15	
South Africa	24.5	0.4	0.5	15	10	Singapore	24.3	0.6	0.5	9	7	
Singapore	24.2	0.6	0.5	7	14	South Africa	22.9	0.5	0.5	7	10	
Mexico	23.5	0.5	0.5	13	15	Malaysia	22.2	0.6	0.5	2	12	
Ukraine	22.2	0.2	0.5	25	38	Romania	22.1	0.3	0.5	8	16	
Brazil	21.8	0.6	0.5	13	11	Algeria	22.1	0.5	0.5	36	9	
Saudi Arabia	21.6	0.5	0.5	23	14	Thailand	18.3	0.5	0.4	1	13	
Israel	17.1	0.6	0.4	5	4	Iran, Islamic Rep. of	17.7	0.3	0.4	39	24	
Taipei, Chinese	16.2	0.5	0.4	1	2	Kazakhstan	15.7	0.1	0.3	45	38	
Croatia	15.0	0.2	0.3	6	17	Hong Kong, China	15.4	0.4	0.3	7	16	
Iran, Islamic Rep. of	13.9	0.2	0.3	8	-11	Indonesia	15.3	0.4	0.3	4	14	
Morocco	12.8	0.3	0.3	33	-12	Chile	15.1	0.2	0.3	11	52	
Malaysia	12.7	0.3	0.3	5	12	Australia	13.5	0.3	0.3	9	16	
Algeria	12.3	0.2	0.3	10	-5	Nigeria	13.4	0.2	0.3	60	28	
Bulgaria	11.0	0.1	0.2	17	25	Mexico	13.2	0.3	0.3	33	16	
Egypt	10.9	0.3	0.2	13	7	Israel	12.2	0.4	0.3	12	3	
Above 30	4286.0	94.5	94.6	-	-	Above 30	4467.2	94.1	94.1	-	-	

a The figures are affected by the "INTRASTAT" system of recording trade between EU member States. Intra-EU (25) imports are underrecorded. To compensate for this under-recording, intra-EU (25) exports have been used to obtain total (World) imports.

Table I.15

Merchandise trade of Japan by region and economy, 2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Destination	Exports					Origin	Imports					
	Value	Share		Annual percentage change			Value	Share		Annual percentage change		
		2006	2000	2006	2005			2006	2000	2006	2005	
Region											2006	
World	649.9	100.0	100.0	5	9	World	579.6	100.0	100.0	13	13	
Asia	322.8	43.3	49.7	5	6	Asia	284.6	46.4	49.1	13	11	
North America	166.5	32.7	25.6	6	10	Middle East	109.1	13.0	18.8	40	25	
Europe	100.9	17.8	15.5	-1	8	North America	81.9	22.0	14.1	3	7	
Middle East	19.2	2.0	3.0	14	16	Europe	67.1	13.9	11.6	2	2	
South and Central America	12.0	1.7	1.8	15	28	South and Central America	16.2	2.2	2.8	16	34	
Africa	8.5	0.9	1.3	6	21	Africa	13.2	1.3	2.3	14	34	
CIS	8.3	0.2	1.3	38	60	CIS	7.4	1.3	1.3	10	9	
Economy											Economy	
United States	147.2	30.0	22.6	6	8	China	118.6	14.5	20.5	15	9	
China	111.9	8.9	17.2	6	14	United States	69.5	19.1	12.0	3	6	
European Union (25)	93.9	16.8	14.5	-2	7	European Union (25)	59.9	12.5	10.3	1	2	
Korea, Republic of	50.3	6.4	7.7	5	8	Saudi Arabia	37.2	3.7	6.4	56	29	
Taipei, Chinese	44.1	7.5	6.8	4	1	United Arab Emirates	31.6	3.9	5.4	38	25	
Above 5	447.4	69.6	68.8	-	-	Above 5	316.7	53.8	54.6	-	-	
Hong Kong, China	36.4	5.7	5.6	1	1	Australia	27.9	3.9	4.8	26	14	
Thailand	22.9	2.8	3.5	11	2	Korea, Republic of	27.3	5.4	4.7	11	12	
Singapore	19.3	4.3	3.0	2	5	Indonesia	24.1	4.3	4.2	11	16	
Malaysia	13.2	2.9	2.0	0	5	Taipei, Chinese	20.3	4.7	3.5	8	13	
Australia	12.5	1.8	1.9	5	1	Thailand	16.9	2.8	2.9	10	9	
Canada	10.0	1.6	1.5	15	13	Malaysia	15.5	3.8	2.7	4	6	
Mexico	9.3	1.1	1.4	33	34	Qatar	14.8	1.5	2.6	35	39	
Philippines	9.0	2.1	1.4	-6	-1	Iran, Islamic Rep. of	11.1	1.4	1.9	25	8	
Indonesia	7.4	1.6	1.1	1	-20	Canada	9.6	2.3	1.7	6	8	
Russian Federation	7.1	0.1	1.1	44	57	Kuwait	9.1	1.3	1.6	33	19	
United Arab Emirates	6.0	0.5	0.9	5	25	Philippines	8.0	1.9	1.4	-7	3	
Saudi Arabia	4.6	0.6	0.7	14	11	Singapore	7.5	1.7	1.3	6	12	
India	4.5	0.5	0.7	16	27	Chile	7.3	0.7	1.3	23	42	
Viet Nam	4.1	0.4	0.6	13	15	Russian Federation	6.7	1.2	1.1	8	8	
South Africa	4.1	0.4	0.6	13	24	South Africa	6.6	0.8	1.1	20	20	
Brazil	3.0	0.5	0.5	16	12	Viet Nam	5.3	0.7	0.9	18	16	
Switzerland	2.4	0.4	0.4	-1	12	Switzerland	5.1	0.9	0.9	5	1	
Turkey	2.4	0.3	0.4	14	9	Brazil	5.1	0.8	0.9	21	15	
New Zealand	2.1	0.3	0.3	7	-14	India	4.1	0.7	0.7	22	27	
Pakistan	1.8	0.1	0.3	22	16	Sudan	3.0	0.1	0.5	42	63	
Oman	1.7	0.2	0.3	20	24	Mexico	2.8	0.6	0.5	16	12	
Norway	1.6	0.2	0.3	-4	49	Oman	2.7	0.5	0.5	68	-2	
Qatar	1.5	0.1	0.2	68	46	New Zealand	2.5	0.6	0.4	2	1	
Bahamas	1.2	0.1	0.2	-48	454	Brunei Darussalam	2.3	0.4	0.4	21	2	
Israel	1.2	0.3	0.2	5	-1	Hong Kong, China	1.5	0.4	0.3	-3	-3	
Above 30	636.7	98.5	98.0	-	-	Above 30	563.8	97.4	97.3	-	-	

Table I.16

Trade in commercial services of selected economies by origin and destination, 2005

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Exports					Imports				
	Value	Share	Annual percentage change			Value	Share	Annual percentage change		
			2005	2005	2003-05	2004	2005	2005	2003-05	2004
European Union (25)										
World	1151757	100.0	14	20	9	World	1055163	100.0	12	16
European Union (25)	654942	56.9	14	20	8	European Union (25)	628007	59.5	12	16
United States	150014	13.0	11	18	5	United States	142472	13.5	11	16
Switzerland	61709	5.4	12	14	9	Switzerland	44984	4.3	10	13
Japan	24923	2.2	15	23	8	Japan	14368	1.4	14	14
Norway	18831	1.6	19	23	16	Turkey	13097	1.2	18	26
Above 5	910420	79.0	-	-	-	Above 5	842927	79.9	-	-
Russian Federation	14012	1.2	28	28	28	Norway	12048	1.1	10	17
China	13486	1.2	34	43	25	China	10668	1.0	40	55
Canada	10424	0.9	14	23	6	Russian Federation	10056	1.0	25	29
Singapore	10346	0.9	25	41	12	Canada	9294	0.9	12	16
Hong Kong, China	10227	0.9	18	21	15	Australia	7257	0.7	16	19
Australia	9964	0.9	27	39	16	Hong Kong, China	7029	0.7	18	27
Korea, Republic of	7098	0.6	23	44	4	Singapore	6807	0.6	19	28
India	6312	0.5	44	45	44	Egypt	6095	0.6	27	35
South Africa	5930	0.5	19	24	14	India	5812	0.6	30	42
Brazil	5525	0.5	22	22	21	Croatia	5412	0.5	17	15
Above 15	1003743	87.1	-	-	-	Above 15	923406	87.5	-	-
United States										
World	354020	100.0	12	14	10	World	281168	100.0	12	16
European Union (25)	125546	35.5	...	...	9	European Union (25)	106130	37.7	...	10
Japan	41065	11.6	19	20	18	Japan	22335	7.9	14	14
Canada	31923	9.0	10	9	10	Canada	22070	7.8	7	7
Mexico	20234	5.7	13	11	15	Mexico	14706	5.2	10	11
Korea, Republic of	10113	2.9	11	12	11	Bermuda	14145	5.0	6	19
Above 5	228880	64.7	-	-	-	Above 5	179385	63.8	-	-
Switzerland	9354	2.6	11	20	3	Switzerland	11474	4.1	25	18
China	8915	2.5	24	26	22	China	6519	2.3	29	45
Australia	7276	2.1	11	14	8	Taipei, Chinese	6413	2.3	15	18
Taipei, Chinese	6266	1.8	15	16	14	Korea, Republic of	6319	2.2	20	11
Brazil	5747	1.6	10	7	13	India	5029	1.8	60	47
Singapore	5650	1.6	-2	-4	0	Hong Kong, China	4881	1.7	29	53
India	5100	1.4	18	19	17	Australia	4670	1.7	21	21
Bermuda	4825	1.4	22	27	17	Singapore	3734	1.3	29	36
Hong Kong, China	3624	1.0	7	5	9	Israel	2406	0.9	15	18
Israel	2663	0.8	10	17	4	Brazil	2080	0.7	6	6
Above 15	288300	81.4	-	-	-	Above 15	232910	82.8	-	-
Japan										
World	107876	100.0	19	25	14	World	132601	100.0	11	21
United States	28927	26.8	11	16	7	United States	39999	30.2	12	19
European Union (25)	26278	24.4	...	...	...	European Union (25)	27768	20.9	...	...
Taipei, Chinese	7125	6.6	31	68	2	China	7904	6.0	29	37
China	7033	6.5	31	56	9	Korea, Republic of	7420	5.6	19	36
Singapore	6298	5.8	27	29	26	Hong Kong, China	6091	4.6	16	29
Above 5	75662	70.1	-	-	-	Above 5	89181	67.3	-	-
Korea, Republic of	6157	5.7	25	22	27	Singapore	5972	4.5	12	22
Hong Kong, China	3441	3.2	7	18	-3	Taipei, Chinese	4110	3.1	20	45
Thailand	3061	2.8	29	12	49	Australia	3363	2.5	6	20
Canada	2704	2.5	5	0	9	Thailand	2920	2.2	18	34
Australia	2010	1.9	11	8	15	Switzerland	2188	1.6	1	3
Indonesia	1759	1.6	22	58	-6	Canada	1927	1.5	16	15
Philippines	1719	1.6	17	14	20	Indonesia	1653	1.2	12	35
Switzerland	1162	1.1	0	9	-8	Philippines	1437	1.1	14	24
United Arab Emirates	996	0.9	186	711	1	Malaysia	1061	0.8	-6	-3
Brazil	890	0.8	20	3	39	United Arab Emirates	753	0.6	12	6
Above 15	99560	92.3	-	-	-	Above 15	114565	86.4	-	-

Table I.16 (continued)

Trade in commercial services of selected economies by origin and destination, 2005

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Exports						Imports					
	Value	Share	Annual percentage change				Value	Share	Annual percentage change			
			2005	2005	2003-05	2004			2005	2005	2003-05	2004
Hong Kong, China a												
World	63703	100.0	17	18	16	World	33838	100.0	14	19	9	
China	16452	25.8	12	14	10	China	9154	27.1	11	14	8	
United States	12907	20.3	16	18	15	United States	5088	15.0	10	8	12	
European Union (25)	10197	16.0	...	...	...	European Union (25)	4829	14.3	...	...	...
Taipei, Chinese	4546	7.1	18	23	13	Japan	2922	8.6	21	35	9	
Japan	4480	7.0	17	20	14	Australia	2063	6.1	13	19	8	
Above 5	48582	76.3	-	-	-	Above 5	24056	71.1	-	-	-	
Singapore	1730	2.7	13	11	15	Singapore	1434	4.2	25	30	20	
Australia	1514	2.4	54	64	45	Taipei, Chinese	1373	4.1	19	28	11	
Korea, Republic of	1473	2.3	6	6	7	Canada	967	2.9	4	8	-1	
Canada	1017	1.6	12	13	12	Thailand	946	2.8	13	28	-1	
Malaysia	755	1.2	17	26	9	Korea, Republic of	804	2.4	9	14	3	
Thailand	733	1.2	27	25	29	Malaysia	467	1.4	21	29	14	
Switzerland	635	1.0	21	40	5	Macao, China	466	1.4	...	...	...
India	542	0.9	39	85	5	Philippines	351	1.0	12	19	6	
Philippines	525	0.8	26	8	47	India	348	1.0	46	55	38	
Indonesia	427	0.7	20	8	33	United Arab Emirates	288	0.9	...	...	...
Above 15	57933	90.9	-	-	-	Above 15	31500	93.1	-	-	-	
Canada b												
World	53938	100.0	12	13	11	World	64496	100.0	12	12	11	
United States	31000	57.5	10	12	9	United States	38814	60.2	12	13	11	
European Union (25)	9825	18.2	14	11	18	European Union (25)	10762	16.7	12	11	13	
Bermuda	1309	2.4	-4	-10	2	Japan	1953	3.0	0	6	-5	
Japan	1249	2.3	19	37	4	Hong Kong, China	1470	2.3	27	32	24	
Barbados	897	1.7	-10	-19	1	Bermuda	1227	1.9	26	13	40	
Above 5	44279	82.1	-	-	-	Above 5	54226	84.1	-	-	-	
China	805	1.5	17	21	14	Mexico	1013	1.6	18	10	27	
Hong Kong, China	740	1.4	18	8	29	Barbados	951	1.5	-13	10	-32	
Australia	630	1.2	0	6	-6	Singapore	773	1.2	10	-1	22	
Switzerland	570	1.1	-14	-9	-19	China	676	1.0	26	33	19	
Korea, Republic of	537	1.0	15	24	6	Switzerland	550	0.9	-17	-32	3	
Mexico	524	1.0	5	10	0	Australia	456	0.7	15	22	8	
Taipei, Chinese	335	0.6	18	33	5	Norway	338	0.5	-8	-21	8	
Brazil	319	0.6	15	24	7	Russian Federation	336	0.5	17	8	27	
India	273	0.5	25	34	17	Taipei, Chinese	306	0.5	20	21	20	
Singapore	267	0.5	22	27	18	India	273	0.4	23	33	14	
Above 15	49280	91.4	-	-	-	Above 15	59899	92.9	-	-	-	
Singapore c, d												
World	51200	100.0	19	29	10	World	54076	100.0	17	26	9	
United States	6246	12.2	19	25	13	United States	9959	18.4	9	14	5	
European Union (25)	6165	12.0	...	...	6	European Union (25)	7928	14.7	...	...	22	
Japan	4602	9.0	21	39	6	Japan	2815	5.2	31	81	-5	
Hong Kong, China	2425	4.7	18	19	17	Hong Kong, China	1415	2.6	20	29	12	
China	2402	4.7	19	35	5	China	1291	2.4	27	62	0	
Above 5	21840	42.7	-	-	-	Above 5	23408	43.3	-	-	-	
Australia	2393	4.7	24	29	19	Australia	997	1.8	12	25	1	
Korea, Republic of	1968	3.8	19	26	13	Korea, Republic of	753	1.4	26	42	13	
Indonesia	1930	3.8	13	25	3	India	752	1.4	28	35	22	
Malaysia	1793	3.5	10	18	4	Indonesia	721	1.3	12	32	-5	
Thailand	1468	2.9	22	36	10	Malaysia	712	1.3	12	22	2	
India	1446	2.8	26	37	16	Switzerland	690	1.3	31	85	-7	
Switzerland	1301	2.5	37	92	-3	Thailand	640	1.2	30	43	17	
Taipei, Chinese	1185	2.3	11	12	10	Taipei, Chinese	469	0.9	18	20	16	
United Arab Emirates	704	1.4	15	33	0	Norway	464	0.9	65	95	39	
Philippines	538	1.0	7	23	-7	Viet Nam	238	0.4	38	62	18	
Above 15	36566	71.4	-	-	-	Above 15	29844	55.2	-	-	-	

Table I.16 (continued)

Trade in commercial services of selected economies by origin and destination, 2005

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Exports					Imports								
	Value	Share	Annual percentage change			Value	Share	Annual percentage change						
			2005	2005	2003-05			2005	2005	2003-05				
Korea, Republic of														
World	43711	100.0	17	28	8	World	58055	100.0	21	24	18			
United States	11102	25.4	16	24	8	United States	16316	28.1	14	12	16			
European Union (25)	6626	15.2	...	...	...	European Union (25)	10490	18.1	...	...	...
Japan	6585	15.1	13	30	-2	Japan	7286	12.6	21	27	15			
China	5712	13.1	25	38	14	China	6323	10.9	30	32	28			
Above 4	30024	68.7	-	-	-	Above 4	40415	69.6	-	-	-			
Australia														
World	30378	100.0	14	20	9	World	29909	100.0	18	27	9			
European Union (25)	6093	20.1	12	20	4	European Union (25)	7060	23.6	19	29	9			
United States	3685	12.1	6	4	9	United States	4992	16.7	11	15	8			
Japan	2560	8.4	11	22	1	Singapore	2707	9.1	30	44	18			
China	2312	7.6	36	47	25	New Zealand	1588	5.3	10	17	3			
New Zealand	2215	7.3	17	20	14	Japan	1564	5.2	14	21	8			
Above 5	16866	55.5	-	-	-	Above 5	17911	59.9	-	-	-			
Singapore	1901	6.3	18	20	15	Hong Kong, China	1221	4.1	19	29	11			
Hong Kong, China	1185	3.9	9	15	3	China	908	3.0	26	42	12			
Korea, Republic of	1083	3.6	21	19	23	Switzerland	843	2.8	17	26	9			
India	944	3.1	59	59	59	Thailand	693	2.3	26	46	9			
Malaysia	923	3.0	16	19	13	Indonesia	662	2.2	26	71	-7			
Indonesia	599	2.0	0	4	-4	Malaysia	605	2.0	24	36	14			
Thailand	481	1.6	12	16	8	Fiji	556	1.9	23	34	13			
Canada	409	1.3	19	29	9	Canada	485	1.6	25	33	17			
Taipei, Chinese	363	1.2	13	19	7	Viet Nam	298	1.0	28	47	12			
Switzerland	343	1.1	18	28	10	Korea, Republic of	260	0.9	-5	-17	10			
Above 15	25096	82.6	-	-	-	Above 15	24441	81.7	-	-	-			
Russian Federation e														
World	24364	100.0	23	26	20	World	38485	100.0	21	23	18			
European Union (25)	9922	40.7	21	25	16	European Union (25)	16629	43.2	28	34	22			
United States	2173	8.9	34	43	25	Turkey	3619	9.4	31	36	26			
Switzerland	1098	4.5	52	73	33	Ukraine	2000	5.2	...	...	...
Ukraine	1066	4.4	...	...	...	United States	1998	5.2	-8	-4	-11
Turkey	799	3.3	49	57	41	Egypt	993	2.6	49	65	35			
Above 5	15058	61.8	-	-	-	Above 5	25239	65.6	-	-	-			
Kazakhstan	711	2.9	22	27	16	China	978	2.5	5	0	10			
China	542	2.2	21	56	-6	Switzerland	963	2.5	15	29	3			
Japan	528	2.2	18	12	25	Panama	599	1.6	36	18	56			
British Virgin Islands	503	2.1	44	46	42	Kazakhstan	523	1.4	3	-16	25			
Korea, Republic of	373	1.5	21	35	8	United Arab Emirates	428	1.1	28	54	7			
Belarus	300	1.2	8	-4	21	Belarus	425	1.1	9	13	5			
Uzbekistan	210	0.9	...	...	...	Serbia and Montenegro	409	1.1	73	300	-25
Azerbaijan	201	0.8	...	...	...	Israel	390	1.0	35	38	32
India	189	0.8	-35	-52	-11	Japan	300	0.8	16	35	0			
Israel	161	0.7	28	18	39	Korea, Republic of	270	0.7	11	-9	35			
Above 15	18776	77.1	-	-	-	Above 15	30524	79.3	-	-	-			

a Financial intermediation services are not allocated geographically. In 2005, they represented 2 per cent of exports, and 0.5 per cent of imports.

b The geographical breakdown includes government services n.i.e. In 2005, they represented 2 per cent of services exports, and 1 per cent of imports.

c The following transactions are not allocated geographically: travel exports and imports; financial services exports related to foreign exchange trading; imports of freight transportation services and, insurance on goods imports. Overall, they represent 11 per cent of commercial services exports, and 34 per cent of imports.

d ASEAN countries accounted for 13 per cent of total commercial services exports and imports.

e In 2005 trade in commercial services not allocated geographically accounted for 7 per cent of exports and 11 per cent of imports.

Note: For more information on asymmetries, see the Metadata, Section II.2.

5. Regional Trade Agreements

Table I.17

Merchandise exports of NAFTA countries by destination, 1990-2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Origin	Destination	United States	Canada	Mexico	NAFTA	All other countries	World
Value							
United States							
1990	-	83.0	28.3	111.3	282.3	393.6	
2000	-	176.4	111.7	288.1	493.8	781.9	
2004	-	189.1	110.8	299.9	518.6	818.5	
2005	-	211.4	120.0	331.5	574.5	906.0	
2006	-	230.2	134.1	364.4	673.9	1038.3	
Canada							
1990	95.2	-	0.5	95.7	31.9	127.6	
2000	241.6	-	1.4	243.0	33.7	276.6	
2004	267.7	-	2.3	270.0	46.6	316.5	
2005	302.2	-	2.7	304.9	54.5	359.4	
2006	316.7	-	3.9	320.5	69.0	389.5	
Mexico							
1990	32.3	0.2	-	32.5	8.2	40.7	
2000	147.2	3.3	-	150.5	15.9	166.4	
2004	166.5	2.8	-	169.3	19.8	189.1	
2005	183.8	4.2	-	188.1	25.8	213.9	
2006	212.3	5.2	-	217.5	33.0	250.4	
NAFTA							
1990	127.5	83.2	28.8	239.5	322.4	561.9	
2000	388.8	179.7	113.1	681.6	543.4	1224.9	
2004	434.2	191.9	113.1	739.2	585.0	1324.2	
2005	486.0	215.7	122.7	824.4	654.8	1479.3	
2006	528.9	235.4	138.0	902.4	775.9	1678.3	
Share							
United States							
2000	-	14.4	9.1	23.5	40.3	63.8	
2006	-	13.7	8.0	21.7	40.2	61.9	
Canada							
2000	19.7	-	0.1	19.8	2.7	22.6	
2006	18.9	-	0.2	19.1	4.1	23.2	
Mexico							
2000	12.0	0.3	-	12.3	1.3	13.6	
2006	12.6	0.3	-	13.0	2.0	14.9	
NAFTA							
2000	31.7	14.7	9.2	55.6	44.4	100.0	
2006	31.5	14.0	8.2	53.8	46.2	100.0	
Annual percentage change							
United States							
2000-06	-	5	3	4	5	5	
2005	-	12	8	11	11	11	
2006	-	9	12	10	17	15	
Canada							
2000-06	5	-	19	5	13	6	
2005	13	-	17	13	17	14	
2006	5	-	44	5	27	8	
Mexico							
2000-06	6	8	-	6	13	7	
2005	10	52	-	11	31	13	
2006	15	22	-	16	28	17	
NAFTA							
2000-06	5	5	3	5	6	5	
2005	12	12	9	12	12	12	
2006	9	9	12	9	18	13	

Table I.18

Merchandise exports of MERCOSUR countries by region, 1990-2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

Origin	Destination	MERCOSUR	All other regions		World
			Total	South and Central America	
Value					
Argentina	1990	1833	10520	516	10004
	2000	8402	17939	3936	14003
	2005	7699	32652	7395	25257
	2006	9949	36620	8207	28413
Brazil	1990	1320	30094	1893	28201
	2000	7762	47324	4402	42922
	2005	11746	106562	14399	92163
	2006	13987	123483	17983	105500
Paraguay	1990	379	580	122	458
	2000	553	316	120	196
	2005	912	785	303	482
	2006	916	990	393	597
Uruguay	1990	595	1098	27	1071
	2000	1024	1271	136	1135
	2005	781	2624	261	2363
	2006	942	3011	410	2601
MERCOSUR	1990	4127	42292	2558	39734
	2000	17741	66850	8594	58256
	2005	21138	142623	22358	120265
	2006	25794	164104	26993	137111
Share					
Argentina	2000	9.9	21.2	4.7	16.6
	2006	5.2	19.3	4.3	15.0
Brazil	2000	9.2	55.9	5.2	50.7
	2006	7.4	65.0	9.5	55.6
Paraguay	2000	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.2
	2006	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.3
Uruguay	2000	1.2	1.5	0.2	1.3
	2006	0.5	1.6	0.2	1.4
MERCOSUR	2000	21.0	79.0	10.2	68.9
	2006	13.6	86.4	14.2	72.2
Annual percentage change					
Argentina	2000-06	3	13	13	10
	2005	17	17	15	17
	2006	29	12	11	15
Brazil	2000-06	10	17	26	16
	2005	31	22	45	19
	2006	19	16	25	14
Paraguay	2000-06	9	21	22	14
	2005	5	3	-3	4
	2006	0	26	30	12
Uruguay	2000-06	-1	15	20	9
	2005	2	21	44	16
	2006	21	15	57	16
MERCOSUR	2000-06	6	16	21	14
	2005	23	20	33	21
	2006	22	15	21	16

Table I.19

Merchandise imports of MERCOSUR countries by region, 1990-2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

Destination	Origin	MERCOSUR	All other regions			World
			Total	South and Central America	Other regions	
Value						
Argentina	1990	833	3243	399	2844	4076
	2000	6881	18273	816	17457	25154
	2005	11638	17051	934	16117	28689
	2006	13247	20911	1669	19242	34158
Brazil	1990	2441	20083	1349	18734	22524
	2000	8182	50871	3513	47358	59053
	2005	7138	70495	4086	66409	77633
	2006	9046	86840	6511	80329	95886
Paraguay	1990	404	948	58	890	1352
	2000	1132	1061	76	985	2193
	2005	1684	2031	140	1891	3715
	2006	1939	3940	357	3583	5879
Uruguay	1990	560	783	87	696	1343
	2000	1518	1948	237	1711	3466
	2005	1631	2248	331	1917	3879
	2006	2183	2574	692	1882	4757
MERCOSUR	1990	4238	25057	1893	23164	29295
	2000	17713	72153	4642	67511	89866
	2005	22091	91825	5491	86334	113916
	2006	26415	114265	9229	105036	140680
Share						
Argentina	2000	7.7	20.3	0.9	19.4	28.0
	2006	9.4	14.9	1.2	13.7	24.3
Brazil	2000	9.1	56.6	3.9	52.7	65.7
	2006	6.4	61.7	4.6	57.1	68.2
Paraguay	2000	1.3	1.2	0.1	1.1	2.4
	2006	1.4	2.8	0.3	2.5	4.2
Uruguay	2000	1.7	2.2	0.3	1.9	3.9
	2006	1.6	1.8	0.5	1.3	3.4
MERCOSUR	2000	19.7	80.3	5.2	75.1	100.0
	2006	18.8	81.2	6.6	74.7	100.0
Annual percentage change						
Argentina	2000-06	12	2	13	2	5
	2005	42	19	-19	23	28
	2006	14	23	79	19	19
Brazil	2000-06	2	9	11	9	8
	2005	10	18	25	17	17
	2006	27	23	59	21	24
Paraguay	2000-06	9	24	29	24	18
	2005	6	34	84	32	20
	2006	15	94	155	89	58
Uruguay	2000-06	6	5	20	2	5
	2005	18	29	304	16	25
	2006	34	15	109	-2	23
MERCOSUR	2000-06	7	8	12	8	8
	2005	25	19	20	19	20
	2006	20	24	68	22	23

Table I.20

Merchandise exports of Andean Community countries by region, 1990-2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

Origin	Destination	Andean Community		All other regions		World
		Total	South and Central America	Other regions		
Value						
Bolivia	1990	57	869	359	510	926
	2000	259	971	378	593	1230
	2005	308	2483	1514	969	2791
	2006	416	3447	2349	1098	3863
Colombia	1990	169	6597	965	5632	6766
	2000	877	12163	2762	9401	13040
	2005	2084	19062	4575	14487	21146
	2006	1988	22400	5290	17110	24388
Ecuador	1990	171	2543	594	1949	2714
	2000	554	4373	921	3452	4927
	2005	1348	8752	1637	7115	10100
	2006	1763	10895	1665	9230	12658
Peru	1990	156	3074	301	2773	3230
	2000	337	6691	784	5907	7028
	2005	797	16317	2422	13895	17114
	2006	1021	22410	3335	19075	23431
Andean Community	1990	553	13083	2219	10864	13636
	2000	2027	24198	4845	19353	26225
	2005	4537	46614	10148	36466	51151
	2006	5188	59152	12639	46513	64340
Share						
Bolivia	2000	1.0	3.7	1.4	2.3	4.7
	2006	0.6	5.4	3.7	1.7	6.0
Colombia	2000	3.3	46.4	10.5	35.8	49.7
	2006	3.1	34.8	8.2	26.6	37.9
Ecuador	2000	2.1	16.7	3.5	13.2	18.8
	2006	2.7	16.9	2.6	14.3	19.7
Peru	2000	1.3	25.5	3.0	22.5	26.8
	2006	1.6	34.8	5.2	29.6	36.4
Andean Community	2000	7.7	92.3	18.5	73.8	100.0
	2006	8.1	91.9	19.6	72.3	100.0
Annual percentage change						
Bolivia	2000-06	8	24	36	11	21
	2005	17	32	28	38	30
	2006	35	39	55	13	38
Colombia	2000-06	15	11	11	10	11
	2005	29	30	29	31	30
	2006	-5	18	16	18	15
Ecuador	2000-06	21	16	10	18	17
	2005	51	28	-2	37	30
	2006	31	24	2	30	25
Peru	2000-06	20	22	27	22	22
	2005	33	34	53	31	34
	2006	28	37	38	37	37
Andean Community	2000-06	17	16	17	16	16
	2005	35	31	27	32	31
	2006	14	27	25	28	26

Table I.21

Merchandise imports of Andean Community countries by region, 1990-2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

Destination	Origin	Andean Community		All other regions		World
		Total	South and Central America	Other regions		
Value						
Bolivia	1990	27	660	297	363	687
	2000	144	1686	731	955	1830
	2005	221	2120	1144	976	2341
	2006	263	2556	1360	1196	2819
Colombia	1990	152	5438	936	4502	5590
	2000	667	10872	1985	8887	11539
	2005	1481	19723	3771	15952	21204
	2006	1955	24091	4898	19193	26046
Ecuador	1990	87	1774	281	1493	1861
	2000	568	3153	836	2317	3721
	2005	1751	8536	2443	6093	10287
	2006	1900	10149	2954	7195	12049
Peru	1990	284	2350	572	1778	2634
	2000	775	6640	1838	4802	7415
	2005	1795	10701	3110	7591	12496
	2006	2161	13166	4115	9051	15327
Andean Community	1990	550	10222	2086	8136	10772
	2000	2154	22351	5390	16961	24505
	2005	5248	41080	10468	30612	46328
	2006	6279	49962	13327	36635	56241
Share						
Bolivia	2000	0.6	6.9	3.0	3.9	7.5
	2006	0.5	4.5	2.4	2.1	5.0
Colombia	2000	2.7	44.4	8.1	36.3	47.1
	2006	3.5	42.8	8.7	34.1	46.3
Ecuador	2000	2.3	12.9	3.4	9.5	15.2
	2006	3.4	18.0	5.3	12.8	21.4
Peru	2000	3.2	27.1	7.5	19.6	30.3
	2006	3.8	23.4	7.3	16.1	27.3
Andean Community	2000	8.8	91.2	22.0	69.2	100.0
	2006	11.2	88.8	23.7	65.1	100.0
Annual percentage change						
Bolivia	2000-06	11	7	11	4	7
	2005	12	29	22	38	27
	2006	19	21	19	23	20
Colombia	2000-06	20	14	16	14	15
	2005	85	24	15	26	27
	2006	32	22	30	20	23
Ecuador	2000-06	22	22	23	21	22
	2005	30	24	29	22	25
	2006	9	19	21	18	17
Peru	2000-06	19	12	14	11	13
	2005	14	25	20	28	24
	2006	20	23	32	19	23
Andean Community	2000-06	20	14	16	14	15
	2005	34	24	20	26	25
	2006	20	22	27	20	21

Table I.22

Merchandise exports of ASEAN countries by region, 1990-2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Origin	Destination	ASEAN	All other regions			World
			Total	Asia	Other regions	
Value						
Indonesia	1990	3	23	15	8	26
	2000	11	54	28	26	65
	2005	16	71	42	29	87
	2006	19	85	50	34	103
Malaysia	1990	9	21	10	11	29
	2000	26	72	33	39	98
	2005	37	104	50	54	141
	2006	42	119	56	62	161
Philippines	1990	1	8	3	5	8
	2000	5	34	13	21	40
	2005	7	34	18	16	41
	2006	8	39	20	19	47
Singapore a	1990	14	39	15	24	53
	2000	42	96	45	51	138
	2005	72	158	90	68	230
	2006	84	188	110	77	272
Thailand	1990	3	20	7	14	23
	2000	13	56	23	32	69
	2005	24	86	41	45	110
	2006	27	104	49	54	131
ASEAN	1990	29	115	...	...	144
	2000	104	328	...	...	432
	2005	167	488	...	...	655
	2006	193	577	...	...	770
Share						
Indonesia	2000	2.7	12.5	6.6	5.9	15.1
	2006	2.5	11.0	6.5	4.5	13.4
Malaysia	2000	6.0	16.7	7.6	9.1	22.7
	2006	5.4	15.4	7.3	8.1	20.9
Philippines	2000	1.3	7.9	3.1	4.9	9.2
	2006	1.1	5.1	2.6	2.4	6.1
Singapore a	2000	9.6	22.3	10.4	11.9	31.9
	2006	10.9	24.4	14.3	10.1	35.3
Thailand	2000	3.1	12.9	5.4	7.5	16.0
	2006	3.5	13.4	6.4	7.1	17.0
ASEAN	2000	24.0	76.0	...	...	100.0
	2006	25.1	74.9	...	...	100.0
Annual percentage change						
Indonesia	2000-06	9	8	10	5	8
	2005	13	26	60	-5	23
	2006	18	19	18	21	19
Malaysia	2000-06	8	9	9	8	9
	2005	16	10	8	12	11
	2006	14	14	12	16	14
Philippines	2000-06	7	2	7	-2	3
	2005	5	4	4	4	4
	2006	14	14	10	19	14
Singapore a	2000-06	12	12	16	7	12
	2005	15	16	19	12	16
	2006	17	19	23	14	18
Thailand	2000-06	13	11	13	9	11
	2005	13	15	20	11	14
	2006	14	20	20	21	19
ASEAN	2000-06	11	10	...	...	10
	2005	15	15	...	...	15
	2006	16	18	...	...	18

a Includes significant re-exports.

Table I.23

Merchandise imports of ASEAN countries by region, 1990-2006

(Billion dollars and percentage)

Destination	Origin	ASEAN	All other regions			World
			Total	Asia	Other regions	
Value						
Indonesia	1990	2	20	10	10	22
	2000	8	35	12	23	44
	2005	23	53	16	37	76
	2006	25	55	16	39	80
Malaysia	1990	6	24	12	11	29
	2000	20	62	34	29	82
	2005	29	85	48	37	115
	2006	33	98	55	43	131
Philippines	1990	1	12	5	6	13
	2000	5	32	15	17	37
	2005	9	38	18	20	47
	2006	10	41	22	20	52
Singapore a	1990	12	48	21	28	61
	2000	40	95	42	53	135
	2005	52	148	72	76	200
	2006	62	176	86	90	239
Thailand	1990	4	29	16	13	33
	2000	10	52	27	25	62
	2005	23	95	52	43	118
	2006	25	103	57	47	129
ASEAN	1990	26	136	..	..	162
	2000	89	291	..	..	381
	2005	138	463	..	..	601
	2006	158	527	..	..	685
Share						
Indonesia	2000	2.2	9.2	3.1	6.1	11.5
	2006	3.7	8.0	2.3	5.7	11.7
Malaysia	2000	5.2	16.4	8.9	7.5	21.5
	2006	4.9	14.3	8.1	6.2	19.2
Philippines	2000	1.4	8.3	3.8	4.5	9.7
	2006	1.5	6.0	3.2	2.9	7.5
Singapore a	2000	10.5	24.9	11.0	13.9	35.3
	2006	9.1	25.7	12.6	13.1	34.8
Thailand	2000	2.7	13.6	7.1	6.5	16.3
	2006	3.7	15.1	8.3	6.8	18.8
ASEAN	2000	23.5	76.5	..	..	100.0
	2006	23.1	76.9	..	..	100.0
Annual percentage change						
Indonesia	2000-06	20	8	5	9	11
	2005	74	26	10	35	38
	2006	12	4	-2	6	6
Malaysia	2000-06	9	8	9	7	8
	2005	12	8	9	6	9
	2006	14	15	14	15	14
Philippines	2000-06	11	5	7	2	6
	2005	7	8	-4	21	8
	2006	9	8	19	-1	9
Singapore a	2000-06	8	11	13	9	10
	2005	10	17	18	16	15
	2006	20	19	20	19	19
Thailand	2000-06	16	12	13	11	13
	2005	35	23	19	28	25
	2006	9	9	9	8	9
ASEAN	2000-06	10	10	..	..	10
	2005	22	16	..	..	17
	2006	15	14	..	..	14

a Includes significant imports for re-export.

6. Least-developed countries

Table I.24

Ratio of exports of goods and commercial services to GDP of least-developed countries, 2005

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Value	Ratio to GDP					
		GDP			Goods		Commercial services
		2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2000
LDCs	285600	25	33	21	30	4	4
Afghanistan	7168	...	...	...	...	...	...
Angola	28038	90	87	87	86	3	1
Bangladesh	59958	15	16	14	16	1	1
Benin	4287	23	18	17	13	6	4
Bhutan	840	30	28	26	22	4	6
Burkina Faso	5171	9	11	8	7	1	4
Burundi	800	7	8	7	7	0	1
Cambodia	5391	50	73	38	54	12	20
Cape Verde	1024	26	33	7	9	19	25
Central African Republic	1369	18	10	17	9	1	1
Chad	5469	15	58	13	57	2	1
Comoros	382	24	14	6	4	18	10
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	6974	22	...	21	29	2	...
Djibouti	702	18	19	6	6	12	13
Equatorial Guinea	3231	94	234	93	232	1	2
Eritrea	986	14	...	6	...	9	...
Ethiopia	11174	11	15	6	8	5	7
Gambia	461	45	39	30	22	15	17
Guinea	2689	22	...	21	...	1	...
Guinea-Bissau	301	31	31	29	30	2	2
Haiti	4245	13	13	9	11	4	3
Kiribati	76	26	...	13	...	13	...
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	2855	27	33	19	27	8	7
Lesotho	1453	29	48	25	45	4	3
Liberia	548	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madagascar	5040	29	25	21	17	8	8
Malawi	2072	25	26	23	24	2	2
Maldives	817	73	59	17	20	55	39
Mali	5098	26	27	23	22	4	5
Mauritania	1888	36	...	33	32	3	...
Mozambique	6630	18	31	10	26	9	5
Myanmar	12151	24	...	19	...	5	...
Nepal	7346	22	16	14	12	7	4
Niger	3405	18	17	16	14	2	2
Rwanda	2131	6	10	4	6	2	4
Samoa	399	...	31	...	3	...	28
Sao Tome and Principe	57	34	...	6	...	28	31
Senegal	8318	28	27	21	19	8	8
Sierra Leone	1193	8	22	2	16	6	7
Solomon Islands	286	40	51	23	36	16	14
Somalia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sudan	27699	15	18	15	17	0	0
Tanzania	12111	14	23	7	14	6	10
Timor Leste	349	...	...	...	...	...	...
Togo	2203	31	37	27	30	3	7
Tuvalu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Uganda	8712	11	16	8	10	3	6
Vanuatu	341	59	42	11	11	48	31
Yemen	14452	42	46	40	44	2	2
Zambia	7257	27	...	23	...	4	...
Memorandum item:							
World	44384900	25	29	20	23	5	6

Note: Trade in goods is derived from balance of payments statistics and does not correspond to the merchandise trade statistics given elsewhere in this report. Data are estimated for most countries. See the Metadata.

Table I.25

Merchandise exports and imports of least-developed countries by selected country grouping, 2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Value	Exports					Value	Imports					
		Annual percentage change						Annual percentage change					
		2006	2000-06	2004	2005	2006		2006	2000-06	2004	2005	2006	
LDCs	106262	20	32	36	28	101884	15	18	22	18			
Oil exporters													
Angola	35000	28	42	79	45	11600	25	6	43	39			
Equatorial Guinea	8600	41	64	55	21	2500	33	27	35	19			
Yemen	7285	10	19	37	14	4935	13	8	22	1			
Sudan	5657	21	49	28	17	8074	32	41	66	19			
Chad	3750	65	265	38	24	1250	26	9	30	12			
Exporters of manufactures													
Bangladesh	11802	11	19	12	27	16086	10	15	15	16			
Myanmar	4250	17	-4	60	11	2460	0	5	-12	28			
Cambodia	3800	18	32	14	19	4900	17	25	23	25			
Madagascar	953	2	16	-16	14	1487	7	32	-3	4			
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	874	18	0	40	73	1060	12	5	60	31			
Nepal	760	-1	14	10	-8	2100	5	7	-1	13			
Lesotho	694	21	45	-8	7	1465	10	29	-5	10			
Haiti	507	8	13	20	8	1705	9	10	11	17			
Exporters of commodities													
Zambia	3689	33	49	27	99	2920	20	28	28	13			
Mozambique	2398	37	44	16	37	2807	16	10	25	17			
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	2300	19	35	18	5	2800	26	25	14	23			
Tanzania	1690	15	21	14	1	4253	19	18	22	38			
Senegal	1550	9	20	2	1	3434	15	19	12	7			
Mali	1350	16	5	16	19	1860	15	7	19	15			
Mauritania	1290	24	38	34	129	974	21	44	141	-27			
Ethiopia	1014	13	37	33	12	4594	24	46	34	11			
Uganda	1004	14	26	22	16	2505	8	26	19	22			
Guinea	970	6	19	23	9	930	7	8	19	13			
Togo	617	9	1	-2	5	1100	12	14	14	10			
Benin	560	6	5	0	-2	990	8	0	0	11			
Malawi	540	6	-8	4	7	1209	15	19	24	5			
Niger	540	11	24	14	8	950	16	21	7	18			
Burkina Faso	440	13	50	-28	27	1450	15	37	1	13			
Afghanistan	430	15	118	21	13	2960	17	4	15	18			
Bhutan	350	23	38	41	36	320	11	65	-6	-17			
Somalia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maldives	225	13	19	-10	39	927	16	36	16	24			
Sierra Leone	216	60	50	14	36	389	17	-6	20	13			
Liberia	181	-9	-5	26	38	444	-7	98	-8	43			
Rwanda	138	18	57	26	10	501	16	10	41	24			
Solomon Islands	120	10	31	6	16	200	14	29	52	8			
Central African Republic	120	-5	-2	2	-6	240	13	25	16	40			
Guinea-Bissau	75	3	17	30	-24	110	11	28	43	-8			
Burundi	59	3	24	21	3	431	20	13	52	61			
Djibouti	50	8	2	4	27	346	9	10	6	25			
Vanuatu	50	12	41	3	28	140	8	22	9	0			
Cape Verde	21	11	18	17	19	542	15	10	13	24			
Comoros	11	-4	-30	-26	-20	110	17	23	10	16			
Samoa	11	-4	-28	11	-10	219	13	19	15	17			
Gambia	10	-7	25	-20	25	255	5	46	4	8			
Eritrea	10	-20	36	11	0	540	2	11	3	9			
Kiribati	6	10	-15	45	76	63	8	15	25	-14			
Sao Tome and Principe	4	4	-46	-4	13	71	15	2	20	42			
Tuvalu	2	135	41	-54	2687	19	25	-27	13	47			
Timor Leste	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Memorandum item:													
World a	12083000	11	21	14	15	12413000	11	22	13	14			

a Includes significant re-exports or imports for re-export.

Note: Data for 2006 are largely estimated.

Table I.26

Imports of agricultural products, fuels and manufactures of the European Union (25), Asia and North America from least-developed countries, 2006

(Million dollars and percentage)

	European Union (25)			Asia a			North America				
	Value	Annual percentage change		Value	Annual percentage change		Value	Annual percentage change			
		2006	2005		2005	2004		2006	2005		
A. Agricultural products											
Total LDCs	3617	12	2	Total LDCs	3646	20	16	Total LDCs	748	-8	10
Tanzania	353	17	2	Myanmar	1105	8	26	Bangladesh	211	-17	34
Uganda	338	23	-5	Tanzania	268	13	19	Liberia	151	13	41
Madagascar	304	-29	14	Burkina Faso	204	152	17	Ethiopia	66	42	8
Senegal	303	-3	0	Benin	201	37	4	Malawi	51	144	-49
Ethiopia	292	42	9	Solomon Islands	169	26	26	Madagascar	42	-71	-7
Bangladesh	279	7	12	Ethiopia	166	52	73	Cambodia	24	-38	-17
Malawi	194	8	-8	Mauritania	133	35	11	Haiti	24	17	14
Mozambique	180	27	17	Bangladesh	128	14	42	Tanzania	23	25	15
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	151	41	29	Nepal	127	5	63	Chad	21	129	31
Togo	137	106	1	Mali	111	84	-22	Sudan	21	32	-16
Mauritania	124	4	4	Mozambique	110	14	12	Senegal	20	0	...
Others (39)	962	13	-6	Others (39)	924	13	2	Others (39)	94	-5	1
B. Fuels and mining products											
Total LDCs	7512	70	4	Total LDCs	19865	68	34	Total LDCs	17418	80	32
Angola	2310	155	-14	Angola	7620	78	26	Angola	12650	90	40
Equatorial Guinea	2007	107	9	Sudan	4565	56	44	Chad	1992	91	28
Mozambique	1414	20	28	Yemen	3593	-10	66	Equatorial Guinea	1930	39	-1
Mauritania	528	43	20	Equatorial Guinea	2079	346	26	Yemen	470	415	52
Zambia	380	-9	222	Zambia	624	172	20	Guinea	121	11	32
Guinea	320	27	-15	Chad	304	...	37	Niger	112	144	84
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	246	33	-18	Congo, Dem. Rep. of	193	294	58	Mauritania	53	...	...
Yemen	98	311	26	Guinea	177	12	17	Sierra Leone	35	...	...
Others (42)	209	-34	-19	Others (42)	710	190	-19	Others (42)	55	3	-69
C. Manufactures											
Total LDCs	10431	0	7	Total LDCs	2037	24	25	Total LDCs	7969	14	14
Bangladesh	6318	-4	30	Bangladesh	518	15	7	Bangladesh	3820	18	21
Cambodia	828	-12	27	Senegal	284	19	74	Cambodia	2449	18	25
Liberia	657	-15	-39	Nepal	260	28	-2	Haiti	497	21	9
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	399	-3	-18	Myanmar	210	22	8	Lesotho	437	-14	1
Angola	389	277	-29	Cambodia	191	11	8	Madagascar	271	-14	-12
Madagascar	336	13	21	Liberia	186	...	178	Nepal	120	-22	-8
Myanmar	300	-45	11	Angola	95	-93	...	Equatorial Guinea	96	57	-41
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	169	4	2	Bhutan	69	38	35	Congo, Dem. Rep. of	76	445	-37
Niger	163	5	13	Vanuatu	50	56	19	Angola	51	76	-12
Equatorial Guinea	145	21	-15	Zambia	25	44	9	Guinea	20	100	43
Sierra Leone	113	4	-14	Ethiopia	18	133	29	Malawi	19	-20	-21
Nepal	109	-5	0	Madagascar	18	11	80	Lao People's Dem. Rep.	14	11	40
Lesotho	79	124	22	Tanzania	15	-36	-29	Tanzania	14	31	-18
Others (37)	426	37	-49	Others (37)	98	43	-14	Others (37)	85	-41	-17

a Australia, China, Hong Kong, China; India, Indonesia, Japan, Korea Rep. of, Malaysia, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore and Taipei Chinese.

Table I.27

Exports of commercial services of least-developed countries by category, 2005

(Million dollars and percentage)

	Value	Share in commercial services					
		Commercial services		Transportation services		Travel	
		2005	2000	2005	2000	2005	2005
Least developed countries	10000	20	23	47	54	33	24
Afghanistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Angola	177	6	10	...	50	94	40
Bangladesh	474	32	24	18	15	50	61
Benin	179	14	18	61	58	25	24
Bhutan	46	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burkina Faso	210	13	...	67	...	20	...
Burundi	7	43	26	37	22	20	52
Cambodia	1052	17	12	72	80	11	8
Cape Verde	252	44	42	40	48	16	9
Central African Republic	10	4	...	51	...	45	...
Chad	64	2	...	65	...	33	...
Comoros	39	13	12	81	61	6	27
Congo, Dem. Rep. of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Djibouti	95	76	79	12	7	12	13
Equatorial Guinea	51	3	...	50	...	47	...
Eritrea	...	18	...	64	...	18	...
Ethiopia	789	56	59	15	21	30	20
Gambia	80	...	19	76	71	...	10
Guinea	...	58	...	7	...	34	...
Guinea-Bissau	5	12	10	...	36	...	54
Haiti	112	...	...	81	98	...	2
Kiribati	...	12	...	8	...	81	...
Lao People's Dem. Rep.	192	15	...	85	...	0	...
Lesotho	47	2	1	67	65	31	34
Liberia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madagascar	420	16	28	39	44	45	28
Malawi	43	26	40	74	56	0	4
Maldives	317	6	7	93	90	1	3
Mali	253	36	14	44	59	20	28
Mauritania	...	1	...	20	...	79	...
Mozambique	316	30	28	23	41	47	31
Myanmar	...	17	...	35	...	48	...
Nepal	271	15	12	38	48	47	40
Niger	84	24	10	64	51	12	39
Rwanda	83	34	36	57	59	8	5
Samoa	111	...	5	...	69	...	27
Sao Tome and Principe	18	2	...	76	77	22	...
Senegal	687	10	18	44	35	47	46
Sierra Leone	78	46	15	27	82	27	3
Solomon Islands	41	2	19	8	4	90	77
Somalia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sudan	101	63	3	22	89	15	8
Tanzania	1181	10	17	65	70	25	13
Timor Leste	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Togo	145	23	39	18	14	59	47
Tuvalu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Uganda	495	15	2	81	77	4	21
Vanuatu	104	24	24	47	53	28	23
Yemen	285	12	16	42	63	46	21
Zambia	...	37	...	58	...	5	...
Memorandum item:							
World	2458800	23	23	32	28	45	49

Note: Data are estimated for most countries. The improvement of the quality of data in recent years may have resulted in changes relating to the breakdown of exports of commercial services by category of services. See the Metadata, Section II.2.

7. Foreign affiliates trade in services

Table I.28

Sales by foreign affiliates of resident companies - affiliates located abroad primarily engaged in services activities (outward FATS), 2003 and 2004

(Billion dollars and percentage)

	Value		Annual percentage change	
	2003	2004	2000-03	2004
Australia a	22.6	...	...	...
<i>Austria b</i>	9.1	9.4	28	4
Belgium b	31.7	41.8	31	32
<i>Canada c</i>	70.6	77.3	-6	10
Czech Republic d	0.3	...	-3	...
Finland e	4.4	...	-22	...
France b, f	159.0	...	-9	...
Germany	220.3	264.4	...	20
Greece	5.0	...	...	...
<i>Japan g</i>	40.3	...	...	...
Portugal b	5.6	7.1	1	27
<i>United States</i>	521.8	571.8	6	10

Excluding wholesale and retail trade and repair activities. Economies shown in *italics* exclude most or a large part of financial intermediation activities.

a Refers to fiscal year 2002-03 (July-June).

b Only includes affiliates directly owned.

c Branches are excluded.

d Only the first level of indirect ownership is covered.

e Community, social and personal services are not covered.

f Refers to 2002 value and annual percentage change for 2000-02.

g Real estate activities are also not covered.

Note: Given the recent development of this statistical framework, comparability and coverage of data may not always be complete. The data presented in this table refer to total sales of affiliates primarily engaged in services activities. Data presented in the highlights for Australia (\$ 18 billion for fiscal year 2002-03) and the United States (\$ 490 billion in 2004) refer to sales of services of all affiliates, i.e. whether or not classified as affiliates primarily engaged in services activities. See the Metadata, Section II.2.

Table I.29

Sales by affiliates of foreign companies - resident affiliates primarily engaged in services activities (inward FATS), 2003 and 2004

(Billion dollars and percentage)

	Value		Annual percentage change	
	2003	2004	2000-03	2004
Austria	24.9	...	...	...
Belgium	25.0	28.2	...	12
Bulgaria <i>a</i>	...	2.5	...	...
Cyprus <i>a, b</i>	...	0.9	...	...
Czech Republic	18.6	23.0	66	23
Denmark <i>a, c, d</i>	4.9	...	29	...
Estonia	...	1.6	...	...
Finland <i>e</i>	5.2	...	8	...
France	102.6	128.8	...	26
Germany	124.0	139.1	...	12
Greece <i>c</i>	4.5	...	...	...
Hong Kong, China <i>a, f</i>	...	83.1	...	...
Hungary	9.5	16.7	9	75
Israel	3.8	...	...	...
Italy <i>a, c</i>	46.7	...	...	...
Japan <i>g</i>	14.8	...	-7	...
Latvia <i>a</i>	0.9	1.3	...	52
Lithuania <i>a</i>	...	1.9	...	...
Netherlands <i>a, c, g</i>	29.2	...	32	...
New Zealand <i>h</i>	11.9	...	...	...
Poland	6.9	9.0	...	31
Portugal <i>c</i>	7.5	...	12	...
Romania <i>a, b</i>	2.6	5.4	...	108
Slovakia <i>a</i>	...	3.6	...	...
Spain	40.6	49.7	...	22
Sweden	36.4	43.5	25	19
Trinidad and Tobago <i>c</i>	0.2	...	29	...
United Kingdom	174.8	222.1	...	27
United States	416.0	427.1	...	3

Excluding wholesale and retail trade as well as repair activities. For economies shown in italics data exclude all or a large part of financial intermediation activities.

a Some or all community, social and personal services activities are not covered.*b* Data for Cyprus do not cover hotels and restaurants activities and for Romania excludes restaurants.*c* Refers to 2002 value and annual percentage change for 2000-02.*d* Transport, storage and communications activities are not covered.*e* Refers to 2001 value and annual percentage change for 2000-01.*f* Includes other income.*g* Real estate activities are not covered.*h* Preliminary results based on 53 per cent of foreign affiliates.

Note: Given the recent development of this statistical framework, comparability and coverage of data may not always be complete. See the Metadata, Section II.2.