

GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

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Special Distribution

Textiles Surveillance Body

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French

ARRANGEMENT REGARDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TEXTILES

Article 4 Notification

Agreement between the EEC and Korea

The Textiles Surveillance Body has received a notification of a bilateral agreement which has been formally concluded under Article 4 of the Arrangement between the EEC and Korea concerning trade in textiles.

The TSB, pursuant to its procedure regarding bilateral agreements notified under Article 4¹, has examined the relevant documentation and is circulating the text of this agreement to participating countries for their information.

¹See COM.TEX/SB/35, Annex B.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 301/77
of 8 February 1977

**concluding the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the
Republic of Korea on trade in textiles**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement on trade in textiles negotiated between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Korea should be concluded;

Whereas the import arrangements for certain textile products originating in the Republic of Korea laid down by Regulation (EEC) No 2474/76 ⁽¹⁾ permit the application of the provisions of this Agreement,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Korea on trade in

textiles is hereby concluded on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall notify the other Contracting Party that as regards the Community, the procedures necessary for the entry into force of the Agreement have been completed ⁽²⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 February 1977.

For the Council

The President

Anthony CROSLAND

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 282, 13. 10. 1976, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ The date of entry into force of the Agreement will be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

AGREEMENT

**between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Korea on trade
in textiles**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part,

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA,

of the other part,

DESIRING to ensure the orderly and equitable development of trade in textiles between the European Economic Community (hereinafter referred to as 'the Community') and the Republic of Korea,

HAVING regard to the provisions of the Arrangement regarding international trade in textiles (hereinafter referred to as the 'Geneve Arrangement') and in particular Article 4 thereof,

HAVE DECIDED, in a spirit of mutual cooperation and in conformity with the Geneva Arrangement, to conclude this Agreement and to this end have designated as their Plenipotentiaries:

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA:

WHO HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. The parties recognize and confirm that the conduct of their mutual trade in textiles shall be governed by the provisions of this Agreement and the Geneva Arrangement.

2. This Agreement shall apply to trade in those categories of textile products, originating in and dispatched from the Republic of Korea, which are listed in Annexes I and II hereto.

3. The Republic of Korea agrees to establish and maintain quantitative limits on exports to the Community in accordance with the schedule set out in Annex I hereto.

4. Quantities of the quota shares set out in Annex I not taken up by a Member State of the Community may be re-allocated to another Member State in

accordance with the procedures in force in the Community. The Community undertakes to respond within four weeks of its receipt to any request made by the Republic of Korea for such re-allocation. It is understood that any re-allocation so effected would not need to be confined within any limits set in flexibility provisions established elsewhere in this Agreement.

Article 2

The Community undertakes, in respect of the categories of textile products to which this Agreement applies, and subject to the satisfactory operation of this Agreement, not to introduce new quantitative restrictions and to refrain from invoking the provisions of Article 3 of the Geneva Arrangement provided that exports to the Community of such textile products originating in and dispatched from Korea do not exceed the quantitative limits established under the provisions of this Agreement.

Article 3

1. Imports into the Community of those textile products to which this Agreement applies which are for immediate re-export or for inward processing and subsequent re-export outside the Community shall not be subject to quantitative limits established under this Agreement, provided they are entered as such under an administrative system of control in force for this purpose within the Community.

2. In any case where Community authorities ascertain that imports described in paragraph 1 above have been retained for consumption within the Community, the latter will notify the Government of the Republic of Korea on a quarterly basis of the amounts involved. The Republic of Korea shall in such cases and at the request of the Community, charge such amounts against the quantitative limit or limits in question for the current Agreement year or for the next following Agreement year.

3. In any case where the competent authorities within the Community ascertain under an administrative system of control in force that imports of textile products to which this Agreement applies have been charged against quantitative limits established under this Agreement but subsequently re-exported outside the Community, the competent authority concerned will inform the Korean authorities of the quantities involved and authorize imports of the same quantities which shall not be charged to the quantitative limits under the Agreement.

Article 4

1. Both parties agree to enter promptly into consultations with each other at the request of either and in conformity with the provisions of the Geneva Arrangement, on any matter concerning their mutual trade in textiles and in particular on any problems arising from the application of this Agreement. Consultations held under the provisions of this Article shall be approached by both Parties in a spirit of compromise and with a view to the conciliation of differences existing between them.

2. In view of the desire of the Community and Korea to avoid, on the one hand, real risks of market disruption in the Community and, on the other hand, disruption to the textile trade of Korea, and having full regard to the need for equitable treatment of participating countries in the Geneva Arrangement, the following specific consultation procedures shall apply to the products set out in Annex II to this Agreement.

3. In respect of the products set out in Annex II, Korea will issue export authorizations and provide monthly returns to the Commission, showing by product, and by Member State, the quantities covered by export authorizations issued to Korean exporters, in order to provide the Commission with advance information on the development of trade by product and by region of the Community.

4. The Community may request consultations with a view to reaching agreement on an appropriate level of restraint for any product set out in Annex II hereto, whenever, in the view of the Community, conditions in any of its markets are such that a limitation on further trade in any such product may be necessary to eliminate real risks of market disruption. The consultation procedure referred to in this paragraph will only be resorted to sparingly and in cases of substantial changes in Korea's exports to the Community and will be implemented in a manner consistent with the principles and objectives of the Geneva Arrangement.

5. The request for such a consultation shall be accompanied within a reasonable period of time (and in any case within 21 days), by a statement of the market conditions in the Community which, in the opinion of the Community, make necessary the request for consultations. The statement shall include data designed to demonstrate the existence of real risks of market disruption (as defined in Annex A to the Geneva Arrangement).

6. Until such time as a mutually satisfactory conclusion has been reached, Korea undertakes if so requested by the Community, to limit the issue of export licences from the date on which the Community requests consultations, in order to ensure that exports of the products in question to the region or regions of the Community indicated by the Community do not exceed, at an annual rate, the level of 107% of the exports recorded in the 12 months ended two months before the date on which the request for consultations was made.

7. The Community shall admit imports of goods which have been shipped from Korea before the date on which the request for consultations was made. In addition, the Community shall give full and sympathetic consideration to the treatment of goods for which export authorizations have been issued on the basis of *bona fide* contracts and letters of credit. Should, in the opinion of Korea, the application of these provisions give rise to difficulties causing hardship to the commercial interests involved, Korea may request consultations with the Community in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 above.

8. If an excessive product concentration of trade takes place in any category for which Community ceilings are provided under this Agreement, or to which this Article otherwise applies, which in the opinion of the Community creates real risk of market disruption in respect of that product, the Community may request consultations with Korea under the same conditions as those set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 above.

9. If, in the opinion of the Community, imports into the Community of products which, apart from their fibre composition, are like products to products covered by this Agreement, and are in direct competition with such like products, create risks of market disruption, the Community may request consultations with Korea under the same conditions as those specified in paragraphs 4 to 6 above.

10. Both parties shall consult as soon as possible within the 30 days following the communication of the statement referred to in paragraph 5 above and will make their best efforts to complete such consultations within 30 days of their commencement.

11. In the event that the parties are unable to reach agreement during the consultations provided for in this Article, either of the parties may, as a party to the Geneva Arrangement, refer the matter to the Textiles Surveillance Body in accordance with Article 11 (4) of the Geneva Arrangement. Either party choosing to adopt such a course of action shall immediately notify the other of its intention.

12. Consultations shall be held at the request of Korea in order to review the need for the maintenance or modification of any quantitative limit established under this Article, whenever market conditions which led to the establishment of such quantitative limits no longer prevail.

Article 5

If, having regard to the provisions of the Geneva Arrangement, either Party considers that it is being placed in an inequitable position in respect of trade in textiles as compared with a third country, that Party may seek consultations with the other with a view to taking appropriate remedial action.

Article 6

1. (a) Within any one Agreement year, unused portions of quantitative limits (ceilings) established under this Agreement may be transferred to another quantitative limit so established, under the conditions set out below.

(b) The ceiling for any specific category, as set out in Annex I hereto, may be increased, on a non-cumulative basis, by the transfer of unused portions of quantitative limits (ceilings) established for any other category or categories up to the levels set out below. The table of equivalences listed in Annex IV shall be applied with regard to such transfers. The maximum percentage (calculated by reference to the relevant recipient ceiling) by which any such ceiling may be exceeded shall be:

(i) 5 % of the ceiling in respect of categories 4, 5 and 9 where the transfer is effected by a corresponding reduction in any from among the categories 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8;

(ii) 7 % of the ceiling in respect of categories 4, 5 and 9 where the transfer is effected by a corresponding reduction in any from among the said categories 4, 5 and 9;

(iii) 7 % of the ceiling in respect of categories 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8, where the transfer is effected by a corresponding reduction in any from among the said categories 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8;

(iv) 10 % of the ceiling in respect of categories 1, 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8, where the transfer is effected by a corresponding reduction in any from among categories 4, 5 and 9.

2. Portions of any quantitative limit established under this Agreement which are not used during any Agreement year may be carried over and added to the corresponding quantitative limit in the following Agreement year, within a limit of 10% of the latter.

3. Within a limit of 10 % of each of the quantitative limits established under this Agreement, advance deliveries may be authorized from the corresponding quantitative limit established for the following Agreement year. Amounts delivered in advance shall be deducted from the quantitative limits for the products in question for the following Agreement year.

4. The preceding flexibility provisions shall not, in any given Agreement year, result in a quantitative limit for any category being exceeded by more than 15 % of the quantitative limit for that category for that Agreement year.

5. The flexibility provisions contained in this Article may be applied by the Republic of Korea only after written notification to the Community.

Article 7

Subject to agreed certification procedures, exports of the following items from the Republic of Korea to the Community will not be subject to the provisions of this Agreement:

- (a) taekwondo suits being hand-sewn specialist sportswear garments whose characteristics include looseness of fit and the absence of any other than tie fastenings;
- (b) fabrics, not exceeding 24 by 48 inches in size, containing hand-embroidered or hand-painted Korean scenes and used primarily as decorations or art objects; and
- (c) traditional Korean items, as defined in a Protocol hereto.

Article 8

The Republic of Korea shall endeavour to ensure that exports of all textile products for which quantitative limits may be established under this Agreement are spaced out as evenly as possible over each of the Agreement years, due account being taken, in particular, of seasonal factors.

Article 9

The two Parties agree to exchange all useful information concerning their mutual trade in textiles in order to ensure the successful implementation of this Agreement.

Article 10

1. The Parties agree that the quantitative limits established under this Agreement shall be managed under a system of control, the details of which are set out in Annex III to this Agreement.
2. Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 4 (3) of this Agreement, the Republic of Korea therefore agrees to furnish the Community with precise statistical information, on a quarterly basis, of all export licences issued by the authorities of the Republic of Korea for all categories of textile exports to the Community to which this Agreement applies.
3. The Community will likewise forward to the authorities of the Republic of Korea, on a quarterly

basis, precise statistical information of imports of such products into the Community.

Article 11

1. Both Parties shall take all possible measures to ensure that traditional channels and methods of trade between the Community and the Republic of Korea are maintained.
2. Should either of the Contracting Parties inform the other that the application of this Agreement has given rise to difficulties regarding the maintenance of existing commercial relations between importers in the Community and their suppliers in the Republic of Korea, the Parties agree to consult in accordance with the procedures set out in Article 4 (1) above.

Article 12

This Agreement shall apply to the territories where the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community applies, on the conditions established in the said Treaty, and to the Republic of Korea.

Article 13

1. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Contracting Parties have notified each other of the completion of the procedures necessary for the purpose. It shall remain in force until 31 December 1977.
2. This Agreement shall apply with effect from 1 January 1976.
3. Either Party may at any time propose modifications to this Agreement or denounce it provided that notice is given at least 120 days before the expiry of any 12-month period; in the latter event the Agreement will come to an end at the expiry of the said 12-month period.
4. Annexes and Protocols to this Agreement shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 14

This Agreement shall be drawn up in two copies in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Korean languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

ANNEX I

Products for which Korea will exercise restraint towards the whole Community from the entry into force of the Agreement

The Community hereby notifies Korea that the quantitative limits for the textile products listed below will be allocated between the Member States as follows:

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	Control unit	Community region	Quantitative limit	
					1976	1977
1	55.09	Woven fabrics of cotton	1 000 kg	D	1 968	2 205
	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres:		F	1 049	1 208
				I	1 791	1 821
				BNL	1 933	1 943
				UK	1 714 ⁽¹⁾	1 898 ⁽¹⁾
				IRL	45	52
				DK	497	500
				EEC	8 997	9 627
					Within the limits specified for category No 1, sub-limits as set out below are established for products falling within sub-category No 1 A	
	ex A	— Of synthetic textile fibres				
1 A	ex 55.09	Woven fabrics of cotton:	D	250	276	
			F	160	176	
			I	202	207	
			BNL	91	100	
	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres:	UK	253 ⁽¹⁾	265 ⁽¹⁾	
			IRL	25	25	
			DK	27	30	
			EEC	1 008	1 079	
ex A	— Of synthetic textile fibres:					
	— Other than unbleached or bleached					
2	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous):	1 000 kg	D	2 533	2 586
	ex A	— Of synthetic textile fibres		F	456	542
				I	288	344
				BNL	313	362
				UK	1 295	1 378
				IRL	55	58
				DK	604	607
				EEC	5 544	5 877
					<i>Nimex:</i> 56.05-12 to 37	
	3	ex 60.04		Undergarments, knitted or crocheted:	1 000 units	D
<i>Nimex:</i> 60.04 ex 11, 13, ex 24, ex 29, ex 35, 41, ex 45, ex 59, ex 70, ex 80		— Shirts, T-shirts, undervests, singlets and the like	F	2 466		2 535
			I	437		551
			BNL	1 511		1 554
			UK	1 708		1 995
			IRL	195		196
			DK	145		176
			EEC	9 300		10 044
4		ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted:	1 000 units		D
	<i>Nimex:</i> 60.05-01, 22 to 29 31 to 39	— Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers	F		740	858
			I		450	591
			BNL		7 434	7 471
			UK		11 860	11 919
			IRL		295	301
			DK		281	307
			EEC		26 300	27 090

⁽¹⁾ Within this limit a sub limit is established, in respect of the UK, for the subcategory 'fabrics of synthetic textile fibres', at a level of 20% of the limit for the whole of category 1 or 1A, respectively.

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	Control unit	Community region	Quantitative limit	
					1976	1977
5	ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments:	1 000 pieces	D	1 974	1 994
	<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.01 ex 11, ex 41, ex 45, 49	— Raincoats of the overcoat type		F	86	123
	ex 61.02	Women's girls' and infants' outer garments:		I	535	571
		<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.02 ex 11, ex 41, ex 43, 45, 47		— Raincoats of the overcoat type	BNL	635
6	ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments:	1 000 pieces	UK	850	908
	<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.01-61 to 69	— Trousers, jeans, breeches and the like		IRL	49	50
	ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments:		DK	22	26
		<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.02 ex 91 to 99		— Trousers, jeans, breeches and the like	EEC	4 151
7	ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments:	1 000 pieces ⁽¹⁾	D	2 997	3 014
	<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.01-51 to 59, 71 to 79	— Suits — Jackets, blazers and the like		F	168	252
				I	100	150
				BNL	821	873
8	ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments:	1 000 pieces	UK	875	1 137
	<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.02-83 to 89	— Shirts and blouses		IRL	20	28
				DK	299	301
				EEC	5 280	5 755
9	ex 61.03	Men's and boys' undergarments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs:	1 000 pieces	D	20 230	20 331
	<i>Nimexe:</i> 61.03-11 to 19	— Shirts		F	564	734
				I	570	737
				BNL	6 119	6 150
				UK	3 073	3 340
				IRL	121	131
				DK	323	352
				EEC	31 000	31 775

⁽¹⁾ One suit shall be reckoned as two pieces.

ANNEX II

Products subject to special consultation procedures under the provisions of Article 4

CCT heading No	Description
51.04 A	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous) including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02: Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: — Gloves impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials — Other: — Of synthetic textile fibres — Of cotton
ex 60.03	Stockings, other than women's stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized
ex 60.04	Undergarments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: — Other than falling within category 3 of Annex I
ex 60.05	Outer garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: — Other than falling within category 4 of Annex I
ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: — Other than falling within category 5, 6 or 7 of Annex I
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: — Other than falling within category 5, 6 or 8 of Annex I
ex 61.03	Men's and boys' undergarments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: — Other than shirts
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' undergarments
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic
62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles

ANNEX III

Agreed details of control system under the provisions of Article 10

As agreed between the Parties in Article 10 of this Agreement, the administration of exports from Korea and imports into the EEC of those textile products to which this Agreement applies will be based on a system of control applied by the Government of the Republic of Korea and the competent authorities of the Community. The details agreed between the Parties are set out below.

The competent authorities within the Community will, automatically and without delay, accept imports of the textile products referred to above on submission of the importer's application together with a certified copy of the export licence on the condition that each shipment of the products be accompanied by a certificate of export licences issued by the Government of the Republic of Korea.

These export licences will be issued up to the total amount of the agreed ceiling.

The export licences issued by the Government of the Republic of Korea in respect of products subject to restraint under this Agreement shall specify and contain:

1. destination,
2. serial number,
3. importer's name and address,
4. exporter's name and address,
5. quantity in the units as designated in the Agreement, and, where the quantity is expressed other than in weight, the equivalent weight calculated in accordance with the table of equivalences set out in Annex IV,
6. category and description of product,
7. certification by the Government of the Republic of Korea that the quantity has been debited against the agreed ceiling for exports to the Community or, where appropriate, is for immediate re-export or for inward processing and subsequent re-export outside the Community.

The competent authorities within the Community will not raise difficulties in the event of a discrepancy between the weight indicated in the export licence and the shipment or import weight provided it is within reasonable limits.

The competent authorities within the Community will deny entry to any shipment if any discrepancy exists between the actual category of the shipment and the category as indicated on the export licence.

In the event of total or partial withdrawal of an export licence, the authorities of the Republic of Korea will notify the authorities of the Member States of the Community and the Commission of such total or partial withdrawal. The competent authorities of the Community will take the appropriate measures in accordance with existing administrative provisions.

The Government of the Republic of Korea will supply the competent authorities within the Community, via the representatives of the Member States of the Community and directly to the Commission, with the periodic returns provided for in Article 10 of this Agreement, showing the details referred to in (1), (3), (4), (5) and (6) above, covered by the export licences issued against the quantitative limits for exports to the Community, as well as the allocation of these export licences amongst the Member States of the Community for all categories of textile exports to the Community or any of its Member States to which this Agreement applies.

ANNEX IV

Table of equivalences agreed for the purpose of the application of Article 6
of this Agreement

CCT heading No	Description	Equivalences
ex 60.04	Shirts, T-shirts and undervests, knitted or crocheted The ceiling is established in units whereby one shirt, one T-shirt and one undervest shall be reckoned as one unit, whereas one singlet shall be reckoned as a half of a unit	6.4 items/kg
ex 60.05	Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs and the like	5.18 items/kg
ex 61.01 ex 61.02	Raincoats of the overcoat type	1.29 items/kg
ex 61.01 ex 61.02	Trousers, breeches and the like	2.47 items/kg
ex 61.01	Suits, jackets, blazers and the like	1.40 Nos/kg
ex 61.02	Men's, boys', women's and girls' shirts	5.55 items/kg
ex 61.03	Women's, girls' and infants' shirts and blouses	4.60 items/kg
ex 60.02	Gloves	11.5 pairs/kg

PROTOCOL

to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Korea on trade in textiles

1. Pursuant to Article 4 of this Agreement, consultations have been held between the Parties regarding exports from the Republic of Korea to the Community of the textile products listed below.
2. As agreed in the consultations mentioned above, the Republic of Korea shall limit exports of the products listed below to the regions of the Community market and to the quantitative limits indicated.

CCT heading No	Description	Control unit	Community region	Quantitative limit	
				1976	1977
51.04 A	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous) including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02: — Of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 m ² tonnes	UK BNL	14 000 350	14 980 374
ex 60.02 (1975 Nimexe: 60.02-40, 60)	Gloves, mittens, mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: — Gloves impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials — Other: Of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pairs	F	2 750	2 819
ex 60.03 (1975 Nimexe: 60.03-25, 27)	Stockings, other than women's stockings, socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized	1 000 pairs	BNL D (*) F DK	12 000 43 164 1 500 175	12 300 44 243 1 605 187
ex 60.05 (1975 Nimexe: 60.05-02 to 19 60.05-41 to 98)	Outer garments, knitted or crocheted, other than jerseys, pullovers, slipovers, twinsets, cardigans, bed-jackets and jumpers	tonnes	UK	300	321
ex 61.04 (1975 Nimexe: 61.04-10)	Women's, girls' and infants' undergarments: — Of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pieces	IRL	60	64

(*) An additional quantity of 3 518 000 pairs is available for use in 1975/76.

PROTOCOL

to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Korea on trade in textiles

1. Pursuant to Article 7 of this Agreement and having regard to Article 12 (3) of the Geneva Arrangement, the Parties agree that the admission into the Community without quantitative limits of the products mentioned under (a) and (b) in Article 7 of the Agreement and those defined in paragraph 3 of this Protocol shall be subject to the presentation by the importer of a certificate issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Korea, Seoul, and which shall specify and contain:

- (a) name and address of manufacturer,
- (b) name and address of exporter,
- (c) name and address of importer within the Community,
- (d) description of goods (name),
- (e) quantity of goods (number of items),
- (f) name of ship or flight number,
- (g) port or airport of destination,
- (h) certification that the above shipment consists of hand-sewn traditional Korean garments (or art objects) of the description mentioned under (d) above.

2. The Parties agree that the competent authorities within the Community may withhold authorization of imports of products accompanied by a certificate as specified in paragraph 1 if, in their opinion, the products concerned do not correspond to a definition given in (a) or (b) of Article 7 of this Agreement or in paragraph 3 of this Protocol. If a further examination confirms that the goods do not correspond to a definition mentioned above, their importation will only be authorized on presentation by the importer of an export licence of the type provided for in Annex III, in which case the goods will be debited to the appropriate quantitative limits.

3. The Parties agree that the articles described hereinafter shall fall under the provisions of Article 7 (c) of the Agreement, provided that they are sewn by hand and made by a traditional handicraft industry:

Women's Jogori — A traditional Korean short blouse for women extending to just below the bust with a tight bodice and long loose sleeves whose width at the elbow is greater than at the armhole and at the wrist. It has a V-shaped neck with a white fixed collar about 1.5 to 2.5 cm wide and a full-length front opening from bottom of the V-shaped neck opening. The Jogori has no buttons, but sometimes has fixed ties for closure of front opening. The garment is lined.

Chima — A traditional Korean long skirt for everyday wear. It is loose fitting and extends from above the bust to the ground or ankle. It has a full-length side opening without buttons and extends above the bust without shoulder straps. It has a pleated breast band and two fixed fastening ties about 2 to 3 cm wide, made of the same fabric as the breast band and attached at either side of the vertical opening. The garment is lined. The Chima has no pockets.

Durumagi — A traditional Korean woman's dress for everyday wear. It is an ankle length, ample, formless garment with long and very wide sleeves which are wider at the elbow than at the armhole and at the wrist. It has a V-shaped neck with a fixed collar about 1.5 to 2.5 cm wide, made of a fabric different from the fabric of the dress itself and always white. The Durumagi has a full-length front opening, without buttons. For closure of the dress it has two ties about 5 to 7 cm wide and fixed to the outside just below the neck; on either side of the front opening. These ties are made of the same fabric as the dress and they are so long that they reach the bottom of the dress, one being slightly longer than the other. The Durumagi may have two inset side pockets at waist level. The dress is fully lined with a fabric different from the outside fabric.

Men's Jogori — This is a short traditional Korean man's jacket for everyday wear. It is loose fitting, has a central front opening and long, loose sleeves which are wider at the elbow than at the armhole and at the wrist. It has a V-shaped neck with a white collar about 1.5 to 2.5 cm wide and of a fabric different from that of the garment. It has two attached ties for fastening it. These are about 5 to 7 cm wide, made of the same material as the jacket and fixed on either side of the front opening just below the V-shaped collar. The Jogori has no pockets and is always fully lined with a fabric different from the outside fabric.

Bajee — Traditional Korean men's long trousers. They are very loose, the width of the legs being smallest at the ankle and gradually increasing upwards. The bajee have a waistband approximately 20 cm wide. They have no front or side openings and no pockets. The trousers are fully lined with a fabric different from the outside fabric. The space between the outer fabric and the lining may be filled with cotton. The bajee have no buttons.

Magoja — This is a traditional Korean man's jacket for elegant use. It is approximately waist length, loose fitting, has a V-shaped neck opening without a collar, a central front opening the entire length

of the jacket fastened by one or two buttons both placed immediately below the bottom of the V-shaped opening. It has no pockets, and no buttons, whether on the sleeves or elsewhere, other than those already mentioned. It is lined with a fabric different from the main fabric.

Joki — This is a traditional Korean man's waistcoat. It is sleeveless with a collarless V-shaped neck opening. The front opens from the neck to the bottom of the waistcoat. It has four to six buttons, and an outside front pocket on each side; these pockets have neither flaps nor buttons. It is lined with a fabric different from the outside fabric.
