# GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

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#### COTTON TEXTILES COMMITTEE

#### Sixth Annual Review of the Operation of the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles

#### Note by the Secretariat

1. This note has been drawn up by the secretariat to assist the Committee in the sixth annual review of the operation of the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles pursuant to the provisions of Article 8(c) of the Arrangement. It deals with participation and action taken or contemplated under Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the Arrangement as notified by participating countries as well as summarizing other notificat one received in connexion with trade in cotton textiles. For detailed information on specific points, reference should be made to the documents quoted.

# I. Participation 2

2.—At the beginning of the sixth year of the Arrangement, i.e. 1 October 1967; the following countries were party to the Arrangement: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Celombia, Denmark, Finland, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Greeze, India, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Luxemburg, Mexico, the Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Portugal, the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, the United Arab Republic, the United Kingdom (also in respect of Hong Kong) and the United States. Portugal accepted the Arrangement and the Protocol extending it on behalf of its Customs Territory of Macao on 21 October 1967. Poland accepted the Arrangement and the Protocol extending it on 30 October 1967. The Kingdom of the Netherlands extended to the Netherlands Antilles the application of the Arrangement as extended by the Protocol of 1 May 1967.

<sup>1</sup> The first annual review under the extended Arrangement.

For details of acceptances and accessions see documents L/1811 and addenda, COT/2 and addenda, COT/42 and addenda and COT/60 and addenda, COT/70, COT/77/Add.1, COT/82, COT/83, COT/84, COT/85 and COT/117.

#### II. Action taken or contemplated under Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the Arrangement

3. The following paragraphs summarize the provisions of Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6(b) and (c) of the Arrangement, including the notification procedures contained in these Articles, and give references to documents describing the action taken or contemplated under each of these Articles as notified by participating countries during the sixth year of the Arrangement (1-October 1967-30 September 1968).

#### A. Notifications under Article 2

- 4. Article 2, paragraph 1, of the Arrangement provides that "those participating countries still maintaining restrictions inconsistent with the provisions of the GATT on imports of cotton textiles from other participating countries agree to relax those restrictions progressively each year with a view to their elimination as soon as possible". Paragraph 3 of this Article and Annex A as amended contain detailed provisions designed to expand access for cotton textiles subject to import restrictions while paragraph 7 lays down that "the participating countries shall notify the Cotton Textiles Committee as early as possible and in any case not less than one month before the beginning of the licensing period of the details of any quota or import restriction referred to in this Article".
- 5. Notifications under Article 2, paragraph 7, received from Austria, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and from the Commission of the European Communities, as well as notifications received from Australia, Finland and the United States are reproduced in COT/116.
  - (a) Austria notified details of the quotas effective as of 1 October 1968 on imports from Japan, the Republic of Korea and Mexico (see attached Table A); percentage changes in quotas applied to the sixth year of the Arrangement and those envisaged for the year beginning 1 October 1969. On 1 October 1967, Austria concluded Arrangements under Article 4 with India, Israel, Pakistan, the United Arab Republic in lieu of the quotas on imports from these countries.
  - (b) Denmark notified that no changes have taken place or are envisaged in the quota fixed in the bilateral arrangement between Denmark and Japan (COT/25). The quota for imports of cotton yarn from the United Arab Republic is increased yearly by 3 per cent. Imports of cotton textiles from the United Arab Republic, Colombia, the Republic of Korea, and the Republic of China are subject to Danish import licensing. Furthermore, a quota was established in 1968 for imports of grey cloth and other cotton textiles from the Republic of Korea (see attached Table B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See page 9.

- (c) Norway notified restrictions and quotas on imports of certain types of cotton textiles from Japan during the sixth year of the Arrangement as well as items which have been liberalized during the six years; negotiations for changes during the remainder of the Arrangement will take place in October 1968. Norway has also transmitted information on the size of the quota opened for the Republic of Korea during the period from 1 October 1966 to 31 December 1968 (see attached Table C).
- (d) <u>Sweden</u> notified that Japan is the only participating country with respect to which Sweden maintains import restrictions; a quota of SKr 3.5 million for cotton textiles imports from Japan is at present maintained and no change in this quota has taken place.
- (e) The Commission of the European Communities transmitted information on the quotas opened in the period from 1962 to 1968 for each member State for imports of cotton textiles subject to restrictions from Hong Kong, India, Japan, Pakistan, the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and the United Arab Republic. The quotas in 1968 for India and Pakistan have been replaced by bilateral agreements concluded in accordance with Article 4. The Commission has also transmitted information regarding changes in quotas envisaged for the remainder of the Arrangement (see attached Table D).
- 6. <u>Australia</u> notified that it has no quantitative restrictions that are being applied contrary to the GATT in respect of cotton textiles. <u>Finland</u> informed the secretariat that the global quotas and other restrictions on cotton textiles maintained for balance-of-payments reasons were abolished on 1 January 1968. The <u>United States</u> notified the secretariat that it does not maintain any restrictions under Article 2.

#### B. Notifications under Articles 3 and 6(b) and (c)

Article 3, paragraph 1, provides that "if imports from a participating country or countries into another participating country of certain cotton textile products not subject to import restrictions should cause or threaten to cause disruption in the market of the importing country, that country may request the participating country or countries whose exports of such products are, in the judgment of the importing country, causing or threatening to cause market disruption to consult with a view to removing or avoiding such disruption. In its request the importing country will, at its discretion, indicate the specific level at which it considers that exports of such products should be restrained, a level which shall not be lower than the one indicated in Annex B. The request shall be accompanied by a detailed factual statement of the reasons and justifications for the request; the requesting country shall communicate the same information to the Cotton Textiles Committee at the same time". Paragraph 6 lays down that "A participating country having recourse to the provisions of Article 3 ... will report from time to time and in any case once a year, to the Cotton Textiles Committee on the progress made in the relaxation or elimination of such measures".

- 8. Article 6(b) lays doen that "it is not the intention of the participating countries to broaden the scope of this Arrangement beyond cotton textiles but, when there exists a situation of threat of market disruption in an importing country in terms of Article 3, to prevent the circumvention of this Arrangement by the deliberate substitution for cotton of directly competitive fibres. Accordingly, if the importing participating country concerned has reason to believe that imports of products in which this substitution has taken place have increased abnormally, that is, that this substitution has taken place solely in order to circumvent the provisions of this Arrangement, that country may request the exporting country concerned to investigate the matter and to consult with it with a view to reaching agreement upon measures designed to prevent such circumvention".
- 9. Article 6(c) provides that "participating countries agree that, if it proves necessary to resort to the measures envisaged in Article 3 above, the participatin importing country or countries concerned shall take steps to ensure that the participating country's exports against which such measures are taken shall not be restrained more severely than the exports of any country not participating in this Arrangement which are causing, or threatening to cause, market disruption".
- 10. During the sixth year of the Arrangement, the Governments of Australia, the Benelux countries, Canada, Italy, Sweden, and the United States took actions pursuant to Articles 3 and 6(b) and (c). These actions consisted of renewal of previous restraints, imposition of new restraints, and removal of restraints; these are summarized below on a country-by-country basis. Further details on the items restrained during the sixth year of the Arrangement are given in the attached Tables E to J.
- 11. In view of the fact that some of the restraint actions which were transmitted to the Committee during the fifth year are still in force, for part or whole of the sixth year, they are included in the following analysis in order to provide the Committee with as complete a picture as possible.

#### <u>AUSTRALIA</u>

#### (a) Hong Kong

The Government of Australia requested the Government of Hong Kong to hold consultations with a view to limiting exports of cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans. Following consultations it has been agreed that no limitation should be applied by Hong Kong at present, but consultations may be resumed if circumstances so warrant (COT/97 and COT/104).

#### (b) Japan

COT/99 reproduced the request addressed by the Australian Government to the Government of Japan to consult with a view to removing a threat of disruption to the Australian market for cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans. In COT/99/Add.1, Australia notified that it was not now proposed to invoke the restraint provisions of the Arrangement.

#### BENELUX

#### Hong Kong

Following consultations between the Governments of the Benelux countries and the Government of Hong Kong on textile problems from 5 to 14 July 1967, the Hong Kong Government agreed to limit exports of certain cotton woven textiles to the Benelux countries from 18 July 1967 to 30 September 1968 (COT/81 and Add.1). In response to GATT/AIR/670, the Commission of the EFC notified that this restraint was replaced by a bilateral agreement under Article 4. The Commission also notified that the restraint on exports of certain cotton textile items from Hong Kong to the Federal Republic of Germany is to continue in force through 31 December 1969.1

#### CANADA

#### (a) Colombia

At the request of the Canadian Government, the Government of Colombia agreed to limit exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the period 1 November 1967 to 31 December 1968 (COT/61 and COT/86).

#### (b) Greece

In COT/96, Canada notified that the authorities of Greece agreed to ensure that exports of cotton yarn to Canada in the calendar year 1968 will not exceed a specific limit.

#### (c) Hong Kong

Following consultations between the Governments of Canada and Hong Kong, the Hong Kong Government agreed to restrain exports to Canada of certain cotton fabrics during the period 1 October 1966 to 30 September 1969. On 22 August 1967, both Governments signed a Memorandum of Understanding setting out arrangements regarding further limits to be applied by Hong Kong to exports of certain cotton apparel to Canada for the period of 1 October 1967 to 30 September 1968 (COT/37/Adds.5 and 6).

#### (d) <u>Israel</u>

The Government of Israel agreed to restrain for the calendar year 1967 exports to Canada of cotton yarn. An increase over the restraint level for 1966 was applied (COT/37/Add.7).

#### (e) Portugal

In COT/54/Add.2, Canada transmitted the information that Portugal had agreed to restrain its exports of cotton yarn to Canada in 1967. An increase over the restraint level for 1966 is to be applied.

<sup>1</sup> This information has not yet been transmitted to the secretariat.

#### (f) Republic of China

In accordance with a two-year arrangement between the Governments of Canada and the Republic of China concerning limits to be applied by the Republic of China on exports of certain cotton textiles items, restraint on these items is to continue during the year ending 30 June 1968 (COT/37/Add.4). This restraint was renewed for a further twelve-month period ending 30 June 1969 (COT/111, pages 1-3).

#### (g) Republic of Korea

At the request of the Canadian Government, the Covernment of the Republic of Korea agreed to restrain exports of certain items of cotton textiles during the calendar year 1967. (COT/64 and Add.1).

# (h) Singapore 1

Following consultations between the Governments of Canada and Singapore, pursuant to Articles 3 and 6(b), the Government of Singapore agreed to restrain exports of certain cotton and polyester/cotton products during the three twelvementh periods ending 31 December 1963, 31 December 1969 and 31 December 1970. (COT/110).

#### ITALY

#### (a) Republic of China

COT/87 reproduced the request addressed by the Italian Government to the Taiwan authorities to restrain exports of grey and bleached cotton fabrics to Italy as a result of exceptionally high imports at abnormally low prices. Following consultations between both Governments from 14 to 30 December 1967, the Government of the Republic of China undertook, among others, to reduce significantly their exports in 1968 and to maintain export prices not at undue variance with those of other exporting countries. (COT/87 and Add.1).

#### (b) The United Arab Republic

A similar request to that mentioned under (a) was addressed to the Government of the United Arab Republic. Following the consultations which took place from 21 to 29 March 1968 between both Governments, the United Arab Republic agreed to restrain its exports of grey and bleached cotton fabrics during the period from 15 April to 31 December 1968. (COT/94 and Add.1).

Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

#### SWEDEN

#### Hong Kong

Following consultations between the Governments of Hong Kong and Sweden, the Government of Hong Kong agreed to limit exports to Sweden of certain cotton garments, for importation into Sweden, during the twelve-month period ending 31 May 1969. (COT/100).

#### Japan

In response to GATT/AIR/670, Sweden notified that after the request addressed on 8 July 1966 to the Japanese Government to restrain its exports of industrial sewing cotton to a level of 34 tons (COT/67), it has been agreed to increase the quota in accordance with Annex B of the Arrangement.

#### UNITED STATES

# (a) Argentinal

In COT/107 the Government of the United States notified a restraint on exports of category 92 from Argentina for the twelve-month period beginning 19 July 1968.

# (b) Brazill

The Government of the United States requested the Government of Brazil to restrain its experts of category 15 for the twelve-month period beginning 30 June 1967. The request was accompanied by a factual statement describing domestic market conditions and the effect of imports on the market for the product in question. (COT/79). This restraint was not renewed (COT/103). Brazil was also 1. quested to restrain exports in categories 22, 26 (duck) and 26 (other than duck) for the twelve-month period commencing on 9 June 1967. The restraints on the former two categories were renewed for a further twelve-month period ending 8 June 1969 with an increase of 5 per cent in the restraint level (COT/103).

In response to GATT/AIR/670, the United States notified that the restraint on category 19 (COT/37/Add.1) was dropped.

<sup>1</sup> Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A list of United States categories is annexed to this document.

## (c) Hungary

The United States Government requested consultation with the Government of the Hungarian People's Republic concerning exports of category 26 from Hungary. In the absence of an agreement the United States established a restraint on this category for the twelve-month period beginning 25 March 1968. (COT/101).

# (d) Malaysia 1

On 28 April 1967, the United States Government requested consultations with the Government of Malaysia on exports in category 9. In the absence of a reply the United States imposed restraint on imports of this category for the twelvementh period beginning 28 April 1957. This restraint was renewed for a further twelve-month period effective 28 April 1968 with a growth factor of 5 per cent over the previous year's restraint level. Similar requests for consultations were made for restraints on categories 22, 46, 50 and 51, and restraints were imposed on imports of these categories for a twelve-month period and were renewed for a further year (COT/102). Imports into the United States from Malaysia in category 45 were also restrained and renewed under terms expiring on 29 August 1968. This restraint was further renewed for the twelve-month period beginning 30 August 1968 with an increase of 5 per cent in the level (COT/108).

In response to GATT/AIR/670, the United States notified that previous restraints on imports from Malaysia in categories 18 and 19 were dropped.

# (e) Rumania L

The United States Government requested the Government of Rumania to enter into consultations concerning exports of category 49. Since no solution has been mutually agreed upon, the United States established a restraint on this category for the twelve-month period beginning 9 January 1968 and extending through 8 January 1969 (COT/98). Imports into the United States from Rumania of category 34 were also restrained for the twelve-month period ending 13 August 1968. This restraint was renewed for a further twelve-month period. The new level included 5 per cent growth over the previous year's level (COT/106).

#### C. Notifications of Action under Article 4

12. Article 4 provides that "nothing in this Arrangement shall prevent the application of mutually acceptable arrangements on other terms not inconsistent with the basic objectives of this Arrangement. The participating countries shall keep the Cotton Textiles Committee fully informed of such arrangements, or the parts thereof, which have a bearing on the operation of this Arrangement".

<sup>1</sup> Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

13. During the sixth year of the Arrangement the Governments of Austria, Canada, Italy, Norway and the United States concluded bilateral agreements with a number of exporting countries. These agreements have been notified in accordance with Article 4 and are summarized on a country-by-country basis hereunder. Further details are given in Tables K to 0. In response to GATT/AIR/670, the Commission of the EEC notified that in the course of 1967 other member States, namely the Benelux countries, Federal Republic of Germany and France have concluded bilateral agreements with the Governments of India and Pakistan.

#### AUSTRIA

### (a) · India

Under the bilateral agreement concluded with India, which is to continue in force from 1 October 1967 to 30 September 1970, India limited exports of grey goods, terry towels and towelling, cotton yarn, finished fabrics and miscellaneous for the year beginning 1 October 1967 to an aggregate limit of 275 tons. This was to be increased to 300 tons in the second year and 325 tons in the third year (COT/114).

#### (b) Israel

In accordance with the bilateral agreement concluded with Israel, exports of cotton textiles to justify are limited to 12 tons for the twelve-month period beginning 1 October 1967. The levels for the second and third year of this agreement are 13 and 14 tons respectively (COT/114).

#### (c) Pakistan

In the bilateral agreement concluded with Pakistan, which is to continue in force for a period of three years commencing on 1 October 1967, experts of cotton textiles to Austria are fixed at 100 tons for each twelve-month period (COT/114).

#### (d) United Arab Republic

Under the bilateral agreement concluded with the United Arab Republic which is to continue in force from 1 October 1967 to 30 September 1970, exports of cotton textiles to Austria are fixed at 50 tons for each twelve-month period (COT/114).

#### C.N.D.

#### (a) Japan

Under the bilateral arrangement concluded between the Governments of Canada and Japan, restraint levels on exports of eight items of cotton textiles during the calendar year 1967 were to be applied by Japan. Some of the items which had been under restraint during previous years were deleted. The 1967 levels generally provided for an increase over the preceding year's level (COT/51/Ldd.2).

<sup>1</sup> These bilaterals have not yet been notified to the secretariat.

#### (b) <u>United Arab Republic</u>

In accordance with a bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of Canada and the United Arab Republic, the latter agreed to ensure that its exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the twelve-month period ending 30 June 1968 will not exceed 1,200,000 pounds (COT/88).

#### ITALY

#### (a) India

The Government of Italy concluded a bilateral agreement with the Government of India on 30 April 1968 with retroactive effect as from 1 January 1968. This agreement applies to cotton textiles; no limitation shall be applied to transactions concerning handloom cotton fabrics if these are certified by India and recognized by Italy. It shall remain in force for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into Italy from India agreed upon for each year is 650 metric tons, sub-divided into two main groups of categories. Within these two groups specific ceilings are to be applied. This agreement provides for an annual carry-over of 10 per cent and advance deliveries within a limit of 5 per cent of each of the ceilings established for the following twelve-month period. No transfer may be made between the quantity fixed for the two main groups, but within the ceilings by groups the unused portions of the specific ceilings may be used for the other categories of the group which are not covered by specific ceilings (COT/112).

#### (b) Pakistan

The Government of Italy concluded bilateral agreement with the Government of Pakistan on 24 May 1968 with retroactive effect as from 1 October 1967. This agreement shall remain in force for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into Italy from Pakistan agreed upon for each year is 1,100 metric tons. The terms concerning the scope of this agreement, ceilings, transfers, carry-over, advance deliveries and other terms are the same as those in the agreement concluded with India (COT/113).

#### NORWAY

#### Hong Kong

A new bilateral agreement has been concluded between the Governments of Hong Kong and Norway. Under this agreement which is to continue from 1 October 1967 through 30 September 1970, Hong Kong is to limit its exports of woven cotton nightwear to 24,000 dozen for the first year. For the second and third years, the limitations are to be increased to 25,000 and 26,000 dozen respectively (COT/115).

#### UNITED STATES

#### (a) Colombia

United tates and Colombia in 1965 and amended in 1966 was further amended on 20 February 1968. In accordance with this amendment the Government of the United States will accede to annual requests by Colombia for permission to export an additional 7 million square yards of cotton fabric during any agreement year after 30 June 1967 without being charged against the limitations provided in the original agreement. This agreement is to continue in force from 1 July 1966 through 30 June 1970. (COT/50/Add.2).

#### (b) Greece

The 1964 agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and Greece, as amended, was further amended as of 1 September 1966. This agreement shall continue in force through 31 December 1970. In accordance with the new amendment exports of cotton textiles from Greece are to be limited for the sixteen-month period beginning 1 September 1966 and extending through 31 December 1967 (first year) and for the twelve-month period beginning 1 January 1968 (second year). The aggregate levels for the second year are 1.420.125 pounds of yarn, 1.157.625 square yards equivalent of fabric and made-up goods and 231,525 square yards of apparel. In succeeding years an increase of 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year shall be applied. After 31 August 1966, the annual limitation on yarn may be exceeded by the amount of shortfalls in other cotton textiles for the year in question. Within the ceiling for fabrics and made-up goods specific ceilings are to be maintained. The United States will annually accode to requests by Greece for permission to raise the yarn ceiling for any agreement year after 31 December 1967 to 2,000,000 pounds without growth factor for the succeeding year. The amended agreement provides specific amounts and manner in accordance with which shortfalls may be carried over. (COT/33/Add.2).

#### (c) Hong Kong

COT/73/Add.1 set out an amendment to the bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and Hong Kong. The new agreement is to continue from 1 October 1965 through 30 September 1970. During the third year beginning 1 October 1967 the aggregate limit is 371,306,250 square yards equivalent. For the fourth and fifth years the level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level of the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, limits for four groups and specific ceilings within the groups are to be applied; the limits for three groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall Hong Kong may permit exports to exceed the limits applicable in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the aggregate and other applicable group limits, any shortfalls in exports in categories which are not subject to specific limits.

#### (d) India

A new bilateral agreement (COT/92) has been concluded between the Governments of the United States and India to replace previous agreements. The term of this agreement is from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. In accordance with this agreement, India is to limit its exports of cotton textiles to an aggregate limit. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into two major groups; specific ceilings are to be applied within the group limits. The aggregate limit for the second agreement year constituting the twelve-month period beginning 1 October 1967 is 83.2 million square yards equivalent. The level for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, a limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. India, following a year of shortfall, may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, groups and specific limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

#### (e) Israel

The Governments of the United States and Israel have concluded a new bilateral agreement (COT/75/Add.1) to replace previous agreements. The term of this agreement is from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. Under this agreement annual exports of cotton textiles from Israel are to be limited in the first year to an aggregate level of 23 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, limits for two groups and specific ceilings within these groups are to be applied; the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of a shortfall, Israel may permit exports to exceed the limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

#### (f) Italy

The Governments of the United States and Italy have concluded a new bilateral agreement (COT/76), to replace the Cotton Velveteen Fabrics Agreement, effective retroactively to 1 January 1966 and shall continue in force through 31 December 1970. For the first year of this agreement, constituting the twelvementh period beginning 1 January 1966, exports of cotton velveteen fabrics from Italy are to be limited to 1,703,363 square yards. In succeeding years, the level is to be increased by 5 per cent over the level for the preceding year.

#### (g) Jamaica

The Governments of the United States and Jamaica have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the 1963 agreement as amended. The new agreement is to continue in force from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. During the term of this agreement annual exports of cotton textiles from Jamaica are to be

limited to aggregate and specific limits. For the first year the aggregate is 21,416,063 square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years, the levels are to be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding twelve-month period. Within the aggregate limit, specific limits may be exceeded by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall, Jamaica may permit exports to exceed these limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. (COT/5/idd.2).

#### (h) Japan

The Governments of the United States and Japan have concluded a new bilateral arrangement (COT/95) concerning trade in cotton textiles. This arrangement is to be applied by the two Governments for the period of three years beginning 1 January 1968, taking the place of the 1963 arrangement. Under this arrangement, Japan maintains aggregate limit for exports of cotton textiles in 1968 of 373,077,000 equivalent square yards. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into four major groups. Within these major groups, ceilings for specific products are to be applied. Within the annual aggregate limit, the limits for three groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. The aggregate limit for the year 1969 and for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. This increase shall be applied to the major groups and the ceilings within the groups. Following a year of shortfall, Japan may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, groups and ceilings by carry-over in a specific amount and manner provided in this agreement. Exports of uniquely Japanese products called "Japan items" are not to be included in this agreement.

#### (i) Kores, the Republic of

The Governments of the United States and the Republic of Korea concluded a new bilateral agreement (COI/93) which supersedes the 1965 agreement. This agreement is to continue in force from 1 January 1967 through 31 December 1970. During the term of this agreement, the Republic of Koroa limits exports of cotton textiles in 1967 to aggregate limit of 32,216,250 square yards equivalent; for 1968 the limit is 35,070,000 square yards equivalent. The limit for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into two major groups; specific ceilings are to be applied within the groups. Within the aggregate limit, the limits for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Specific limits within the group may be exceeded by 5 per cent. The shortfall occurring in exports in categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. For any agreement year immediately following a year of shortfall, the Republic of Koron may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

# (j) Maltal

On 14 June 1967, the United States and Malta concluded a bilateral agreement concerning trade in cotton textiles. This agreement runs from 1 January 1967 through 31 December 1970. During its term, Malta is to limit annual exports to aggregate, three groups and specific limits. For the year 1967, the aggregate limit is 12.7 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years this limit is to be increased by 5 per cent over the previous year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the third group (apparel) by 5 per cent. Any shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of shortfall, Malta may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. (COT/80).

#### (k) Mexico

In accordance with a bilateral agreement (COT/78) concluded between the Governments of the United States and Mexico, annual exports of cotton textiles from Mexico are to be limited for the first agreement year beginning 1 May 1967 to an aggregate level of 75 million square yerds equivalent. This agreement is to continue in force through 30 April 1971. Within this aggregate limit, three group limits and specific limits within the groups are to be applied; the limits for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. In the second and succeeding year, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent over the level for the preceding twelve-month period. Following a year of a shortfall, Mexico may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the group limits any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

#### (1) Pakistan

The Governments of the United States and Pakistan have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the 1966 agreement. The term of this agreement is from 1 July 1966 through 30 June 1970. During this period annual exports of cotton textiles from Pakistan are to be limited to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. For the first agreement year, the aggregate limit is 57.5 million square yards equivalent and for the second year it is 68.25 million square yards equivalent. In succeeding years, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent of the corresponding level for the preceding twelvementh period. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other group by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls in exports in categories with specific limits may be used in those categories which are not subject to specific limits. For any agreement year immediately following a year of shortfall, Pakistan may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. (COT/89).

Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

# (m) Philippines, the Republic of

The Governments of the United States and the Philippines have further amended the bilateral agreement of 24 February 1964 (COT/23/Add.2) to cover the period from 1 January 1968 to 31 December 1970. During the calendar year 1968, exports of all categories of cotton textiles, with the exception of the traditional items produced by the Philippines cottage industry, are to be limited to an aggregate limit of 22.3 million square yards. In the second and third agreement year the limitation on exports and the levels of tradional trade categories shall be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, two group limits and specific limits within the groups are to be applied; the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall in non-traditional categories, the Philippines may permit exports to exceed the limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the group limits, any shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

#### (n) Poland

In accordance with a new bilateral agreement (COT/91) concluded between the Governments of the United States and Poland, the annual exports of cotton textiles from Poland are to be limited to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. This agreement replaced as of 1 March 1967 the previous agreement and is to continue in force through 28 February 1970. The aggregate limit for the first year beginning 1 March 1967 is fixed at 5 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding twelve-month periods this level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent; the shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

#### (o) Portugal

The Governments of the United States and Portugal have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the interim agreement of 19 December 1966, (COT/24/Add.3). In accordance with this agreement, Portugal is to maintain, for the period of four years beginning 1 January 1967, an annual aggregate limit for exports of cotton textiles, and annual limits for three groups and categories. The aggregate limit, at 102,300,000 square yards equivalent for 1967, is to be increased in each succeeding year by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding twelve-month period. Within the aggregate limit, the limits for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent; within the groups, specific ceilings may be exceeded by 5 per cent. Any shortfall in the categories given specific limits may be used in those categories which are not subject to specific limits. COT/24/Add.4 sets out an amendment to

<sup>1</sup> Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

this bilateral agreement in accordance with which the aggregate limits for the years 1967 and 1968 are fixed at 103,425,000 and 108,990,000 square yards equivalent respectively. All specific limits on yarn categories are deleted. The amendments also provide that Portugal, following a year of shortfall, may permit exports to exceed these limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner.

# (p) Singapore

On 30 August 1966, the Governments of the United States and Singapore concluded an arrangement to be effective as of 1 April 1966 and to continue in force through 31 March 1969. Under this arrangement the Singapore cotton textile industry voluntarily restrains its exports to the United States in accordance with Restraint Schedule. For the first year the aggregate limit is fixed at 30 million square yards. In each succeeding year this limit is to be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, two group limits and specific limits are to be applied, and may be exceeded by 5 per cent. The aggregate and the group limits on non-apparel categories may be exceeded by certain amounts specified in this agreement. (COT/74).

#### (q) <u>Spain</u>

The 1963 United States/Spain bilateral agreement, as amended, was replaced as of 1 January 1967 by a new agreement which is to continue in force through 31 December 1970. During the term of this agreement, Spain limits its annual exports of cotton textiles to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. For the first year the aggregate limit is fixed at 37,911,000 square yards equivalent, for the second year the level is 40,341,000. In succeeding years, the level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the previous year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in categories not given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of shortfall, Spain may permit exports to exceed these limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. (COT/90).

#### (r) Turkey

Effective as of 1 July 1964, the original agreement between the United States and Turkey was amended on 30 June 1967 to continue in force through 30 June 1970 instead of 30 June 1967. Under the original agreement exports from Turkey during the first year are limited to a level of 2,750,000 square yards equivalent for apparel. These levels are to be increased in each subsequent year by 5 per cent over the levels of the immediately preceding twelve-month period. (COT/32 and Add.1).

<sup>1</sup> Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

#### (s) United Arab Republic

The 1963 bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and the United Arab Republic has an expiration date of 30 September 1967. After that date it has been extended four times to cover the periods: 1 October to 31 December 1967, 1 January to 31 March 1968, 1 April to 30 June 1968, 1 July to 31 December 1968. These extensions provide for the continued regulation of trade in cotton textiles in accordance with the terms applicable to the corresponding quarters of the last year (51,000,000 square yards equivalent for the last year beginning 1 October 1966) of the 1963 agreement. (COT/20/Add.1-4).

#### III. Other notifications

In response to GATT/AIR/670, the following notifications have been received from Australia, Belgium, Finland, Italy, Norway and the United States:

Australia notified that it maintains no restrictions on trade in cotton textiles not already notified under the various requirements and procedures of the GATT.

<u>Finland</u> notified that imports from Poland are covered by the bilateral import treatment. Imports of certain cotton textiles from the Republic of Korea are subject to individual licensing.

Italy notified that the following manufactures of cotton or other fibres are subject to ministerial licence for import from all sources:

```
58.08 Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain
```

58.09 A Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured

#### B.II. Lace, mechanically-made

```
ex 61.03 )
ex 61.04 )
ex 61.05 )
ex 61.06 )
ex 61.07 )
ex 61.08 ) Made-up articles of tulle and other net fabrics (but not ex 61.09 ) including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured, ex 61.10 )
ex 62.01 )
ex 62.02 )
ex 62.05 )
```

Norway notified that imports of cotton textiles from the following countries are subject to licensing:

Country	Quotas for various textile goods in 1967 in NKr '000	Imports of cotton textiles in 1967 listed under these quotas in NKr '000
Albania Bulgaria Poland Rumania Czechoslovakia Hungary Eastern Germany USSR Mainland China Macao Republic of China Mongolia North Korea North Viet-Nam	560 4,000 560 6,300 + 35 tons of towels 2,145 + 10 tons of towels 2,950 + 20 tons of towels  70 tons of floor cloth)	108 3,429 134 4,012 2,120 936

The import quotas which Norway maintains in its trade agreements with State-trading countries, comprise also other textiles than cotton products.

The United States notified that it maintains no restrictions on trade in cotton textiles outside the provisions of the Arrangement not already notified under the various GATT requirements and procedures.

Table A

AUSTRIA

Quotas

Francisco		T'r roll aromo	nth period b	eginning
Exporting country	Category	1.10.67		1.10.69
India	Grey goods Terry towels and towelling	<u>1</u> /	1/	1/1
	Cotton yarns, finished fabrics, etc.	1/	1/	1/
Israel	Cotton textiles	<u>1</u> /	1/	1/
Japan	Cotton yarn (ex Chapter 55) Grey cotton fabrics	80 tons	88 tons	96 tens
	(ex Chapter 55) Finished cotton fabrics in the	209 tons	228 tons	247 tons
	piece (ex Chapters 55, 58, 59) Knitted goods of cotton	66 tons	72 tons	78 tons
	(ex Chapter 60)	US\$49,500	us\$54,600	บร\$59,700
	Clothing and other made-up articles of cotton (ex Chapters 55, 59, 61, 62)	US\$71,500	us\$77,000	us\$82,500
Mexico	Cotton fabrics	10 tons	ll tons	12 tons
Pakistan	Cotton fabrics	1/	<u>1</u> /	1/
Rep. of Korea	Cotton textiles (Chapters 55, 58, 59, 60) Made-up cotton textiles	23.5 tons	27 tons	30.5 tons
	(Chapters 61, 62)	US 10,500	US 12,000	US\$13,500
United Arab Republic	Cotton yarn Cotton fabrics	<u>1</u> / <u>1</u> /	1/1/	1/1/

<sup>1/</sup>Arrangement under Article 4.

Table B
DENMARK
Quotas

Exporting country	Category	1966	1967
Japan	Cotton fabrics (except knitted fabrics and velvet and corduroy fabrics)	5,883,360 (sq.yds.)	6,040,950 (sq.yds.)
	Knitted underwear and pyjamas	108,439 (US\$)	111,343 (US\$)
	Sports shirts, dress	100,457 (00ψ)	2229 (0047)
	shirts and work shirts	26,764 (dozen)	27,481 (dozen)
	Blouses	16,151 (dozen)	16,583 (dozen)
	Household textiles (tablecloths, nap- kins, sheets, quilt covers, pillowcases, bedspreads, towels, wash flannels and		
	dish cloths)	238,796 (US\$)	245,192 (US\$)
United Arab Republic	Cotton yarn	The quota, the size of the import of the sai United Arab Republic (DKr 9.4 million) is 3 per cent in accorded the Arrangement. In amounts to DKr 12.5 m	d product from the in 1962 increased yearly by mcc with Annex A to 1968 the quota
Republic of Korea	Grey cloth	A quota of DKr 0.7 mi	
TOT CO.	Other cotton textiles	A quota of DKr 0.4 mi	llion in 1968

In addition, Denmark maintains import licensing of cotton textiles from the United Arab Republic, the Republic of Korea, the Republic of China, and Colombia, but - apart from the above-mentioned quota for cotton yarn, imports have, in practice, so far been restricted.

Table C

NORWAY

Quotas

(US\$)

Exporting country	Category	Twelve-month period beginning 1.10.67
Japan	Yarn, woven fabrics and various other articles n.e.s.	1,092,500
	Garments (including knitted and crocheted goods)	115,000
Republic of Korea	Woven fabrics	100,000

Until 1 October 1965 all imports from the Republic of Korea were regulated. From that date the same import arrangement is established for imports from this country as that formerly established for Japan. In 1966, a quota for woven fabrics which was set at \$14,000, was increased by 3 per cent. When South Korea became a Member of GATT, the two Governments agreed on an increase in the quota for woven fabrics. The quota for 1968 was fixed at \$100,000.

<u>Table-D</u>

MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE EUROPELN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

(tons)

	بعثيت يستعديه	-				
I.	Quota	s Effective	During 19	67 and 1968		
	an anna sao s	France	Italy	Germany, F.R.	Benelux	Total
Hong Kong	1967 1968	350 375	<u>1</u> / 1/	<u>1/</u> 1/	1/1/	350 - 375
India	1967 1968	2,155 Article 4	<u>1</u> / <u>1</u> /	l,263 Article 4	<u>1</u> / 1/	3,418 Article 4
Japan	1967 1968	2,225 2,343	1,700 1,790	2,642 2,783	1,200 1,263	7,767 8,179
Pakistan	1967 1968	370 Article 4	1/ 1/	195 Article 4	<u>1</u> / <u>1</u> /	565 Article 4
Total	1967 1968	5,100 2,718	1,700 1,790	4,100 2,783	1,200 1,263	12,100 8,554
Rep. of China (Taiwan)	1967 1968			96 114		
Rep. of Korea	1967 1968	<b>7</b> 0 80		330 354		
United Arab Republic	1967 1968	135 160		122 141		
II. Changes I	Envi sag	ed During t	the Remain	ler of the Arr	angement	
Hong Kong	1969 1970	400 425	1/ 1/	1/1/	1/1/	
Japan	1969 1970	2,461 2,579	1,880 1,970	2,925 3,067	1,326 1,389	
Rep. of China (Taiwan)	1969 1970	<b>d</b>		132 150		
Rep. of Korea	1969 1970	90 100		377 400		
United Arab Republic	1969 1970	185 210		160 180		

Liberalized.

Table E

AUSTRALIA: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1963

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COI/
Japan	Cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans	C'	Unspecified	Unspecified Unspecified 99	Unspecified	66
Japan	Cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans	Withdrawal of request	1	1	ı	99/Add.1
Hong Kong	Cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans	O	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	26
Hong Kong	Cotton drills, denims, dungarecs and jeans	Withdrawal of request	ı	ę	1	104

Q = Request for restraint.

Table F

BENELUX: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1968

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COI/
Hong Kong	Woven nightwear for men and boys	Z	Equivalent sq. yds. 1,567,477 1.10.67-30.9.63 81/Add.1	1,567,477	1,10,67-30,9,63	81/Add.1
	Woven nightwear for women, girls and infants	N	Equivalent sq. yds. 1,368,263 1.10.67-30.9.68 81/Add.1	1,368,263	1,10,67-30,9,68	Cl/Add.l
	Handkerchiefs	N	Equivalent sq. yds.	536,130	536,180 1.10.67-30.9.68	81/Add.1
	Bedlinen	M	Equivalent sq. yds.	1,540,665	1,540,665 1.10.67-30.9.68	\$1/Add.1
	Household linen, of terry cloth	Z	Equivalent sq. yds.	813,246	813,246 1.10.67-30.9.68	31/Add.1
	Noven shirts	ei,	Equivalent sq. yds. 2,410,555 1.10.67-30.9.68 31/Add.1	2,410,555	1,10,67-30,9,68	31/Add.1

N = New restraint; R = Renewal of restraint.

Table G

# CINIDA: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLES 3, 6(b)

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1968

Exporting country	y Category	Kind of action	Unit	Leve1	Period	Ref. COI/
Hong Kong	Cotton woven shirts of which not more than 56,000 dozen may be	H	Dozen	142,000	1,10,67-30,9,68	31/hdd.6
	Cotton woven blouses of which not more than 20,500 dozen may be	æ	nezon	82,000	1.10.67-30.9.68	31/idd.6
	children's Cotton woven nightwear Cotton woven trousers,	##	Dozen	94,000	1.10.67-30.9.68	37/14d.6 37/14d.6
	children's Cotton woven trousers, slacks and shorts -	æ	Dozen	137,000	1.10.67-30.9.68	3.7/idd.6
	men's and women's of which not more than 90,000 dozen may be either men's or	æ				
	(Group limit) Broad woven cotton		sq. yds.	sq. yds. 11,090,000	1.10.67-30.9.69	37/idd.5
	indites (Specific limits) Corduroy, other than grey Twills, sateens, drills,	##	sq. yds. sq. yds.	600,000	1.10.67-30.9.69	37/14d.5 37/14d.5
	jeans, other than grey Poplin and broadcloth, other than grey, and	H	sq. yds.	1,000,000	1.10.67-30.9.69	37/idd.5
	poplin and broadcloth grey					

Table G (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Hong Kong (cont'd)	Hong Kong (cont'd) Yarn-dyed fabrics, other then groy, and yern-dyed fabrics, grey Fabrics, other than grey, n.e.s. except flannelette, other than grey	લ લ	sq. yds.	600,000	1.10.67-30.9.69	37/1.dd.5 37/1.dd.5
Republic of China	Cotton fabric of which  Cordunoy not to exceed Woven cotton shirts Cotton sleepwear Knitted cotton shirts (including sweatshirts) Trousers, slacks and shorts of cotton or rayon of which cotton or not to exceed	压压 医阻抗原抗抗 机负抗抗	sq. yds. sq. yds. sq. yds. sq. yds. bozen	641,300 53,300 58,300 69,960 69,960 75,557 77,557 47,586 49,014 70,000 22,000	Year ording 30.6.68 Year ending 30.6.69 Year ending 30.6.69 Year ending 30.6.68 Year ending 30.6.69 Year ending 30.6.69 Year ending 30.6.68	37/1.dd.4 111 37/1.dd.4 111 37/1.dd.4 111 37/1.dd.4 111 37/1.dd.4 111
Israel	Cotton yern	<b>라</b>	115.	2,185,000		37/Add.7
Portugal Colombia	Cotton yarn Cotton yarn Cotton yarn	S N N	lb. lb. Unspecified	2,185,000 1,750,000 Unspecified	Calendar year 1967 1.11.67-31.12.68 Unspecified	54/14dd•2 86 61
Greece	Cotton yarn	æ	1b.	1,387,000	Calendar year 1968	96

Table G (cont'd)

Ref. COI/	110	79	79 79	64/14d.1 64/add.1	64/hdd.1	64/1dd.1	64/1dd.1 64/1dd.1	64/Add.1	64/fdd.1	64/idd.1	64/hdd.1	r cr2/17
Period	Calendar years 1968, 1969 and 1970 Calendar years 1968, 1969 and 1970	Unspecified	Unspecified Unspecified	Calender year 1967 6. Calendar year 1967 6.	Calendar year 1967 6	Calendar year 1967 6	year 1967 year 1967 year 1967	Calendar year 1967 64	Calendar year 1967 64	Calendar year 1967 64	Calendar year 1967 64	א מאסר בייינים בייקריט
Level.	22,000	Unspecified Unspecified	Unspecified Unspecified	2,800,000 400,000	100,000	200,000	40,000 125,000	35,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	000
Unit	Dozen	Inspecified	Unspecified Unspecified	sq. yds. sq. yds.	sq. yds.	1b.	Unit Dozen	Dozen	Dozen	Dozen	Dozen	
Kind of action	z z	· · · ·	00	Z		22	SZZ					
Category	Cotton and polyester/ cotton shirts (including slacks, shorts and jeans) Cotton and polyester/ cotton trousers (including slacks, shorts and jeans)	Broad-woven cotton	Cotton woven shirts Cotton trousers, slacks	Broad-woven fabrics (a) other than gray	(b) corduroy may not	exceed  Yarn and sewing throad	rillowcuscs Sheets Garments of which	(a) woven shirts may not exceed				(a) trousers, stacks and shorts may not
Exporting country	Singapore	Republic of Korea										

R = Renowal of restraint; Q = Request for restraint; N = New restraint.

Table H

ITALY: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1968

Exporting. country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref.COT/
United Arab Republic	Cotton fabrics bleached and umbloached	ඊ	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	7/6
	Cotton fabrics bleached and unbleached	Z	Tons	915	15.4.68- 31.12.68	94/Add.1
Republic of China	Cotton fabrics bleached and unbleached	. C	Unspecificd	Unspecificd	Unspecified	87
	Cotton fabrics bleached and unbleached	N.	Unspecified	Signifi- cantly less	1968	87/Add.1

Q = Request for restraint; N = New restraint.

Table I

SWEDEN: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1968

4.5		Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref.COT/
Shirts, knitted or crocheted Undergarments, knitted or crocheted, not clastic	r itted or clastic	N	1,000 picces)	1,800	1.c.68-31.5.69	100
nor rubberized, women's and girls' wear Anoraks and similar jackets, not knitted or	rized, women's 'wear similar not knitted or	N	1,000 pieces)	:	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
crocheted, men's and boys' wear Slacks, jeans and trousers,	and trousers,	N	1,000 pieces	140	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
not knitted or croch men's and boys' wear Coats, not knitted or crochoted, men's and	cear or and	R	1,000 pieces	1,300	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
boys' Wear, or Impreg- nated fabric Raincoats, not rubberized,	orege orized,	z	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
imprognated fabric Car coats, not rubberized,	rized,	N	1,000 pieccs)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
men's and boys' wear, or impregnated fabric Outergarments of rubberized fabric, of oiled and	ar, or berized nd		1,000 pleces (	130	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
sinitar imperimente meterials, men's and boys' wear	ng pu	Z	1,000 pieces	·	1.6.68-31.5.69	100

Table I (cont'd)

				-		
Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Lovel.	. Poriod	Ref.COI/
Hong Kong	Shirts (other than dress		. •			
75 71	or crocheted	Z	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	700
	Dress shirts, not knitted or crocheted	Z	1,000 pleces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Night-garments, not		~	(		
	_	z	1,000 pteces)	2,000	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Night_garments, not knitted or crocheted,					
	women's and girls'	1			1	Ç
	wear	2	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	00 <b>T</b>
				The second second	March Control of the	

N = New restraint.

Table J

UNITED STATES: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLES 3 AND 6(c)

Sixth Year 1 October 1967-30 September 1968

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COI/
Malaysia	45 9 22 22 46 50 51	azazzzzzz *	Dozen Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Dozen Dozen Dozen Dozen Dozen Dozen	83,973 400,000 420,000 220,000 231,000 18,900 5,000 5,250 8,800 9,240 3,045,000)	30.8.68-29.8.69 28.4.67-27.4.68 28.4.68-27.4.69 24.5.67-23.5.69 24.5.68-23.5.69 23.2.67-22.2.68 23.2.68-22.2.69 20.3.67- 9.3.68 20.3.67- 9.3.69 20.3.67- 9.3.69 20.3.68- 9.3.69	108 102 102 102 102 102 102 103
Braz11	22 26 (duck) 15 15	ದ ದ್ರತ	Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	3,197,250) 1,575,000) 1,653,750) 635,000 635,000	9.6.68- 8.6.69 9.6.67- 8.6.68 9.6.68- 8.6.69 30.6.67-29.6.68	103 103 103 79 103
Runania	67 34 46	zzz	Pieces Pieces Dozen	140,000 147,000 10,000	14.8.68-13.8.69 14.8.68-13.8.69 9.1.68- 8.1.69	106 106 98
Hungary Argentina	26 9	C Z	Sq. yds. Sq. yds.	320,000	25.3.68-24.3.69	101

N = New restraint. Q = Request for restraint; R = Renewal of restraint; W = Not renewed;

Table K

	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref.COI/
India	Grey goods	Tons	220	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	Second year 240 tons	114
					•	Third year 260 tons	
Te	Terry towels and towelling	Tons	8	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	Second year 22 tons	114
						Third year 24 tons	
ි යි	Cotton yarn, finished fab-	Tons	35	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	Second year 38 tons	114
	rics, miscel- laneous					Third year 41 tons	
Israel Co	Cotton textiles	Tons	12	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	Second year 13 tons	114
		•				Third year 14 tons	
Pakistan Co	Cotton textiles	Tons	100	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	1	114.
United Arab Republic Go	Cotton textiles	Tons	53	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	ŧ	7177

Table L
CANADA: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting Category country United Arab Republic Cotton yarn Japan Fillowcases	Category	Unit	,	(	Duration of	
A Arab			телет	9v1.05	Agreement	Ref.COT/
· · ·		.dJ	1,200,000	1.7.67-30.6.68	1.7.67-30.6.68	88
	cases	Dozen	215,000	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/idd.2
Sheets		Pieces	266,000	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/Add.2
Fabrics		Sq. yds.	31,400,000	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/Add.2
Blouses		Dozen	210,000	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/Add.2
Sport shirts	shirts	Dozen	206,000	Celendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/4dd.2
Dress and shirts	Dress and work shirts	Dozen	70,000	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/Add.2
Trousers and outer-shor	ousers and outer-shorts	Dozen	121,000	Calendar year 1967	Calender year 1967	51/Add.2
Outwear	Outwear and inner-					
Outwo	Outwear may not exceed	Dozen	238,350	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/4dd.2
Inner	Innerwear may not excecd	Dozon	73,500	Calendar year 1967	Calendar year 1967	51/ádd.2

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effectivo	Duration of Agreement	Ref. CCI/
India	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	650 (for each year)	1.1.68-1.1.69	3 years	.112.
Pakistan	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Motric tons	1,100 (for each year)	1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	113

Table N

HORWAY: BILATEPAL AGREDMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Unît	Leve.l	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Hong Kong	Woven cotton nightwear for men, women and children		24,000	Dozen 24,000 1.10.67-30.9.68	3 years	+ 1,000 dozen y carly increase	115

Table 0

UNITED STATES: BITATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Mit	[ave]	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Colombia	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	24,000,000	1.7.65-30.6.66	то 30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	50 and Add.1
	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	Add1t1ona1 7,000,000	From 1.7.67			50/Add.2
Greece	1-4	ĽÞ.	2,000,000	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly	33/Add.2
		Ľb.	1,420,125	1,1,68-31,12,68		Increase	
	5-38, 64	Sq. yds.	1,488,375	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly	33/Add.2
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		anaraa raba	1,157,625	1.1.68-31.12.63		ıncrease	
The same and send	39-63	Sq. yds.	297,675	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly	33/Add.2
		eduratent	231,525	1.1.68-31.12.68		increase	
Hong Kong	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	371,306,250	1.10.67-30.9.68	1.10.65-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	73/Add.1
India	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	88,200,000	1.10.67-30.9.68	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	95
[Srae]	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	23,000,000	1.10.66-30.9.67	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	75/Add.1
Italy	Cotton velveteen fabrics	Sq. yds.	1,703,363	1,1.66-31,12,66	1.1.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	9,
Jamaica	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	21,416,063	1.10.66-30.9.67	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	5/Add.2
Japan	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	373,077,000	1.1.68-31.12.68	3 years	+5% cumulative yearly increase	95
Maltal	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds.	12,700,000	1.1.67-31.12.67	1,1.67-31,12.70	+5% cumulative yearly inorease	80
Mexico	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	75,000,000	1.5.67-30.4.68	1.5.67-30.4.71	+5% cumulative yearly increase	78
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Table 0 (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Pakistan	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	68,250,000	1.7.67-30.6.68	1.7.66-30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	95
Poland	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	5,000,000	1.3.67-28.2.68	1.3.67-28.2.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	91
Portugal	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	103,425,000	Calendar year 1967 Calendar year 1968	4 years beginning 1.1.67	+5% cumulative yearly increase	24/Add.3 and 4
Republic of	55	Dozen	25,000	1.1.68-31.12.68	3 years to	+5% cumulative yearly	23/Add.2
Philippines 1		Dozen	475,000	1.1.68-31.12.68	0/.52.10	Increase	
	54	Dozen	105,000	1.1.68-51.12.68		elen el	
	29	Dozen	100,000	1.1,68-31,12,68			
	63	Dozen	1,020,000	1.1.68-31.12.68			
	All other cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	22,300,000	1.1.68-31.12.68			
Republic of Korea	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	32,216,250	1.1.67-31.12.67	4 years	+5% cumulative yearly increase	93
Singapore <sup>1</sup>	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	30,000,000	1.4.66-31.3.67	1.4.66-31.3.69	+5% cumulative yearly increase	<i>1,4</i>
Spain	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	37,911,000 40,341,000	1.1.67-31.12.67	1.1.67-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	06
Turkey	6	Sq. yds.	1,000,000	1.7.64-30.6.65	1.7.64-30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly	32 and
	1-8, 10-38, 64 39-63	Sq. yds. equivalent	1,450,000	1.7.64-30.6.65		דוכרפססס	7. nau
United Arab Republic	All cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	51,000,000	1.10.66-30.9.67	Expired on 30.9.67 and extended to		20
					cover the periods 1.10 67-31.12.67 1.1.68-31.3.68		20/Add.1 20/Add.2
					1.7.68-31.12.68		20/Add.4

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# ANNEX

#### United States Cotton Textile Categories

Category number	Description
1	Cotton yarn, carded, singles, not ornamented etc.
2	Cotton yarn, plied, carded, not ornamented, etc.
3	Cotton yarn, singles, combed, not ornamented, etc.
4	Cotton yarn, singles, combed, not ornamented, etc.
4 5	Ginghams, carded yarn
5 6	Ginghams, combed yarn
7	Velveteens
ģ	Corduroy
9	Sheeting, carded yarn
ıó	Sheeting, combed yarn
11	Lawns, carded yarn
12	Lawns, combed yarn
13	Voiles, carded yarn
14	Voiles, combed yarn
15	Poplin and broadcloth, carded yarn
16	Poplin and broadcloth, combed yarn
17	Typewriter ribbon cloth
18	Print cloth type shirting, 80 x 80 type, carded yarn
19	Print cloth type shirting, other than 80 x 80 type, carded yarn
20	Shirting, carded yarn
21	Shirting, combed yarn
22	Twill and sateen, carded yarn
23	Twill and sateen, combed yarn
24	Yarn-dyed fabrics, except ginghams, carded yarn
25	Yarn-dyed fabrics, except ginghams, combed yarn
26	Fabrics, n.e.s., carded yarn
27	Fabrics, n.e.s., combed yarn
28	Pillowcases, plain, carded yarn
29	Pillowcases, plain, combed yarn
30	Dish towels
31	Towels, other than dish towels
32	Handkerchiefs
33	Table damasks and manufactures of
34	Sheets, carded yarn
35	Sheets, combed yarn
36	Bedspreads
37	Braided and woven elastics
38	Fishing nets

Category number	Description
39	Gloves and mittens
40	Hose and half hose
41	Men's and boys' all white T. shirts, knit or crocheted
42	Other T. shirts
43	<pre>Knit shirts other than T. shirts and sweatshirts (including infants')</pre>
44	Sweaters and cardigans
45	Men's and boys' shirts, dress, not knit or crocheted
46	Men's and boys' shirts, sport, not knit or crocheted
47	Men's and boys' shirts, work, not knit or crocheted
48	Raincoats, 3/4 length or over
49	All other coats
50	Men's and boys' trousers, slacks and shorts (outer), not knit or crocheted
51	Women's, misses' and children's trousers, slacks and shorts (outer), not knit or crocheted
52	Blouses, and blouses combined with skirts, trousers, or shorts
53	Women's, misses', children's and infants' dresses (including nurses' and other uniform dresses) not knit or crocheted
54	Playsuits, sunsuits, washsuits, creepers, rompers, etc. (except blouse and shorts, blouse and trouser, or blouse, shorts and skirt sets)
55	Dressing gowns, including bathrobes and beachrobes, lounging gowns, dusters and housecoats, not knit or crocheted
56	Men's and boys' undershirts, (not T. shirts)
57	Men's and boys' briefs and undershorts
58	Drawers, shorts and briefs (except men's and boys' briefs), knit or crocheted
59	All other underwear, not knit or crocheted
60	Nightwear and pyjamas
61	Brassieres and other body supporting garments
62	Other knitted or crocheted clothing
63	Other clothing, not knit or crocheted
64	All other cotton textile items

