

GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

COT/W/114

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Special Distribution

COTTON TEXTILES COMMITTEE

Seventh Annual Review of the Operation of the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles

Note by the Secretariat

1. This note has been drawn up by the secretariat to assist the Committee in the seventh annual review of the operation of the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles pursuant to the provisions of Article 8(c) of the Arrangement. It deals with participation and action taken or contemplated under Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the Arrangement as notified by participating countries¹ as well as summarizing other notifications received in connexion with trade in cotton textiles. For detailed information on specific points, reference should be made to the documents quoted.

I. Participation²

2. At the beginning of the seventh year of the Arrangement, i.e. 1 October 1968, the following countries were party to the Arrangement: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Colombia, Denmark, Finland, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, India, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Luxemburg, Mexico, the Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Portugal, the Republic of China, The Republic of Korea, Spain, Sweden, Turkey, the United Arab Republic, the United Kingdom (also in respect of Hong Kong) and the United States. Portugal accepted the Arrangement and the Protocol extending it on behalf of its Customs Territory of Macao on 21 October 1967. Poland accepted the Arrangement and the Protocol extending it on 30 October 1967. The Kingdom of the Netherlands extended to the Netherlands Antilles the application of the Arrangement as extended by the Protocol of 1 May 1967.

II. Action taken or contemplated under Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the Arrangement

3. The following paragraphs summarize the provisions of Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6(b) and (c) of the Arrangement, including the notification procedures contained in these Articles, and give references to documents describing the action taken or contemplated under each of these Articles as notified by participating countries during the seventh year of the Arrangement (1 October 1968-30 September 1969).

¹Further notifications, if any, will be circulated as an addendum to this document.

²For details of acceptances and accessions see documents L/1811 and addenda, COT/2 and addenda, COT/42 and addenda and COT/60 and addenda, COT/70, COT/77/Add.1, COT/82, COT/83, COT/84, COT/85 and COT/117.

4. Notifications under Article 2.

4. Article 2, paragraph 1, of the Arrangement provides that "those participating countries still maintaining restrictions inconsistent with the provisions of the GATT on imports of cotton textiles from other participating countries agree to relax those restrictions progressively each year with a view to their elimination as soon as possible". Paragraph 3 of this Article and Annex A as amended contain detailed provisions designed to expand access for cotton textiles subject to import restrictions while paragraph 7 lays down that "the participating countries shall notify the Cotton Textiles Committee as early as possible and in any case not less than one month before the beginning of the licensing period of the details of any quota or import restriction referred to in this Article".

5. Notifications under Article 2, paragraph 7, received from Austria, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and from the Commission of the European Communities, as well as notifications received from Australia, Canada, Finland and the United States are reproduced in COT/140.

- (a) Austria notified details of the quotas effective as of 1 October 1969 on imports from Japan, the Republic of Korea and Mexico (see attached Table A). On 1 October 1967, Austria concluded arrangements under Article 4 with India, Israel, Pakistan, the United Arab Republic in lieu of the quotas on imports from these countries.¹
- (b) Denmark notified that the bilateral arrangement with Japan (COT/25) has expired without being replaced by a new arrangement. Furthermore, imports of cotton textiles from Colombia and the United Arab Republic have been liberalized as from 1 January 1969 and 1 July 1969 respectively. Thus the quota fixed for imports of cotton yarn from the United Arab Republic has been abrogated. Imports of cotton textiles from the Republic of China are subject to import licensing. Imports of grey cloth from the Republic of Korea are subject to free licensing while imports of other cotton textiles from this country are limited to a quota of DKr 0.45 million. With the exception of these quotas, imports from the two countries have in practice so far not been restricted.
- (c) Norway notified restrictions and quotas on imports of certain types of cotton textiles from Japan and the Republic of Korea during the seventh year of the Arrangement as well as items which have been liberalized during the same year. Changes in restrictions for imports from Japan during the remainder of the Arrangement are agreed upon in the annual trade negotiations which will take place in October/November 1969 (see attached Table B).

¹See page 9.

- (d) Sweden notified that Japan is the only participating country with respect to which Sweden maintains import restrictions; a quota of SKr 3.5 million for cotton textiles imports from Japan is at present maintained and no change in this quota has taken place.
- (e) The Commission of the European Communities transmitted information on the quotas opened in the period from 1962 to 1969 for each member State for imports of cotton textiles subject to restrictions from Hong Kong, India, Japan, Pakistan, the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and the United Arab Republic. In 1968 the quotas for India and Pakistan have been replaced by bilateral agreements concluded in accordance with Article 4.¹ Negotiations with Japan are continuing for concluding bilateral agreements under Article 4. The Commission has also transmitted information regarding changes in quotas envisaged for the remainder of the Arrangement (see attached Table C).

6. Australia notified that it has no quotas or import restrictions to which Article 2 applies. Canada does not maintain restrictions under Article 2. Finland informed the secretariat that the global quotas and other restrictions on cotton textiles maintained for balance-of-payments reasons were abolished on 1 January 1968. The United States notified that it does not maintain any restrictions under Article 2.

B. Notifications under Articles 3 and 6(b) and (c)

7. Article 3, paragraph 1, provides that "if imports from a participating country or countries into another participating country of certain cotton textile products not subject to import restrictions should cause or threaten to cause disruption in the market of the importing country, that country may request the participating country or countries whose exports of such products are, in the judgment of the importing country, causing or threatening to cause market disruption to consult with a view to removing or avoiding such disruption. In its request the importing country, will, at its discretion, indicate the specific level at which it considers that exports of such products should be restrained, a level which shall not be lower than the one indicated in Annex B. The request shall be accompanied by a detailed factual statement of the reasons and justifications for the request; the requesting country shall communicate the same information to the Cotton Textiles Committee at the same time". Paragraph 6 lays down that "A participating country having recourse to the provisions of Article 3 ... will report from time to time and in any case once a year, to the Cotton Textiles Committee on the progress made in the relaxation or elimination of such measures."

8. Article 6(b) lays down that "it is not the intention of the participating countries to broaden the scope of this Arrangement beyond cotton textiles but, when there exists a situation of threat of market disruption in an importing country in terms of Article 3, to prevent the circumvention of this Arrangement

¹See pages 10-12.

by the deliberate substitution for cotton of directly competitive fibres. Accordingly, if the importing participating country concerned has reason to believe that imports of products in which this substitution has taken place have increased abnormally, that is, that this substitution has taken place solely in order to circumvent the provisions of this Arrangement, that country may request the exporting country concerned to investigate the matter and to consult with it with a view to reaching agreement upon measures designed to prevent such circumvention".

9. Article 6(c) provides that "participating countries agree that, if it proves necessary to resort to the measures envisaged in Article 3 above, the participating importing country or countries concerned shall take steps to ensure that the participating country's exports against which such measures are taken shall not be restrained more severely than the exports of any country not participating in this Arrangement which are causing, or threatening to cause, market disruption".

10. During the seventh year of the Arrangement, the Governments of Australia, Canada, Italy, Sweden and the United States took actions pursuant to Articles 3 and 6(b) and (c). These actions consisted of renewal of previous restraints, imposition of new restraints, and removal of restraints; these are summarized below on a country-by-country basis. Further details on the items restrained during the seventh year of the Arrangement are given in the attached Tables D to H.

11. In view of the fact that some of the restraint actions which were transmitted to the Committee during the sixth year are still in force, for part or whole of the seventh year, they are included in the following analysis in order to provide the Committee with as complete a picture as possible.

AUSTRALIA

Hong Kong

The Government of Australia requested the Government of Hong Kong to enter into consultation with a view to limiting exports of cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans. Following consultations, the Government of Hong Kong agreed to restrain exports of cotton drills (other than grey) for the twelve-month period beginning 1 July 1969. The Australian Government decided not to pursue at this stage its request for restraint on the other items (COT/104/Add.1-3).

CANADA

(a) Colombia

The Government of Colombia agreed to limit exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the period 1 November 1967 to 31 December 1968 (COT/86).

(b) Greece

Following consultations between the Governments of Greece and Canada, the Government of Greece agreed to ensure that exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the period 1 January 1969 to 30 September 1970 will not exceed specific levels. These levels included an increase over the preceding year's levels (COT/96/Add.1).

(c) Hong Kong

The Government of Hong Kong agreed to restrain exports to Canada of certain cotton textile products during the twelve-month period ending 30 September 1969 (COT/109 and Add.1).

(d) Israel

The Government of Israel agreed to restrain exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the calendar years 1969 and 1970. The level of restraint for 1970 included an increase over the preceding year's level (COT/37/Add.8).

(e) Portugal

In COT/54/Add.3 Canada transmitted the information that Portugal had agreed to restrain its exports of cotton yarn to Canada in the calendar years 1968 and 1969. The level for each year was subject to adjustments set out in the agreement.

(f) Malaysia¹

Following consultations between the Governments of Canada and Malaysia, in accordance with the provisions of Article 6, the Government of Malaysia agreed to limit exports of cotton and polyester/cotton shirts and trousers to Canada during the three-year period beginning 1 September 1968 (COT/127).

(g) Republic of China

The two-year arrangement between the Governments of Canada and the Republic of China concerning limits to be applied on exports to Canada of certain cotton textiles items was renewed in July 1968 to continue in force through 30 June 1969. Following further consultations between both Governments pursuant to Articles 3 and 6(b), the Government of the Republic of China agreed to apply restraint on exports of certain polyester/cotton garments to Canada during the three-year period beginning 10 October 1968 (COT/111).

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

(h) Republic of Korea

The Government of the Republic of Korea agreed to restrain exports of certain items of cotton textiles to Canada during the calendar year 1968. The 1968 levels generally provided for an increase over the 1967 levels (COT/64/Add.2).

(i) Singapore¹

Following consultations between the Governments of Canada and Singapore, pursuant to Articles 3 and 6(b), the Government of Singapore agreed to restrain exports of cotton and polyester/cotton shirts and trousers to Canada during the three-year period ending 31 December 1970 (COT/110).

(j) Spain

COT/139 reproduced the request addressed by the Canadian Government on 28 February 1969 to the Government of Spain to restrain exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the calendar year 1969. A statement in justification of the restraint action was provided.

ITALY(a) Republic of China

As a result of consultations held between the Governments of Italy and the Republic of China, it was agreed to renew for the year 1969, the validity of the 1968 agreement on exports of grey and bleached cotton fabrics from the Republic of China to Italy. In accordance with this agreement the Government of the Republic of China undertook, among others, to reduce significantly their exports and to maintain export prices not at undue variance with those of other exporting countries (COT/87/Add.1 and 2).

(b) The United Arab Republic

On 30 October 1968, the Governments of Italy and the United Arab Republic, concluded an arrangement on trade in cotton textiles. Under this arrangement the Government of the United Arab Republic agreed to limit exports of cotton fabrics, grey, bleached and printed to a specific level during the calendar year 1969 (COT/94/Add.2).

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

SWEDEN

(a) Hong Kong

In COT/100, the Government of Sweden notified a restraint on exports of certain cotton garments from Hong Kong for the twelve-month period ending 31 May 1969.

(b) Japan

In response to GATT/AIR/733, Sweden notified that after the request addressed on 8 July 1966 to the Japanese Government to restrain its exports of industrial sewing cotton to a level of 34 tons (COT/67), it has been agreed to increase the quota in accordance with Annex B of the Arrangement.

UNITED STATES

(a) Argentina¹

In COT/107/Add.1 the United States Government transmitted the information that the existing restraint on Argentine exports of category 9² was renewed for a further twelve-month period beginning 19 July 1969. The new level included 5 per cent growth over the previous year's level.

(b) Brazil¹

In COT/137 the United States Government notified a restraint on exports of categories 31 and 64 from Brazil for the twelve-month period beginning 27 March 1969. In addition the restraint on Brazilian exports of sub-category 26 (duck only) was renewed for the twelve-month period beginning 9 June 1969. The present level is 5 per cent above the level for the previous year. The restraint on category 22 which expired 8 June 1969 was, however, not renewed. COT/131 reproduced the restraint imposed on cotton yarns (categories 1-4) imported from Brazil for the twelve-month period beginning 14 December 1967. This restraint was renewed for a further twelve-month period with a growth factor of 5 per cent over the previous year's level. In response to GATT/AIR/733, the United States notified that the restraint on category 9 (sheeting) expired on 27 October 1968.

(c) Honduras¹

The United States Government placed imports from Honduras in category 61 under restraint for the twelve-month period beginning 31 October 1968 (COT/133).

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

²A list of United States categories is annexed to this document.

(d) Hungary¹

Following consultations between the Governments of the United States and Hungary, it has been agreed that Hungary will limit its exports of category 19 for the twelve-month period beginning 1 April 1969 (COT/135).

(e) Malaysia¹

On 28 February 1969, the United States Government requested consultations with the Government of Malaysia on exports in categories 49 (coats) and 55 (dressing-gowns). Since no alternative solution was mutually agreed upon, the United States imposed restraints on both categories for the twelve-month period beginning 28 February 1969. The United States also renewed the restraint on category 22 for the twelve-month period ending 23 May 1970 with an increase of 5 per cent in the restraint level (COT/136). Imports into the United States from Malaysia in categories 9, 45, 46, 50 and 51 were previously restrained and renewed under terms expiring during the seventh year of the Arrangement (COT/102 and 108). In COT/130 the United States notified that the restraints on categories 19, 26 (ducks), 31 and 60 were also renewed for a further twelve-month period beginning 27 December 1968. The new restraint level provided for a 5 per cent growth over the previous year. In response to GATT/AIR/733, the United States notified that restraints on categories 9, 46 and 51 expired on 27 April 1969, 22 February 1969, 20 March 1969 respectively.

(f) Romania¹

On 23 November 1967 the United States Government requested the Government of Romania to enter into consultation with a view to limiting exports in category 55. This restraint was discontinued on 20 November 1968 (COT/128). Existing restraints on categories 34 and 49 were both renewed for a further twelve-month period (ending 13 August 1969 and 8 January 1970 respectively) with an increase of 5 per cent in the level (COT/106 and COT/98/Add.1)

(g) Trinidad and Tobago¹

In COT/134 the United States transmitted the information that imports from Trinidad and Tobago of category 52 were limited during the year beginning 24 December 1968 to a specific level.

(h) Tunisia¹

Through an exchange of notes between the Governments of the United States and Tunisia, it was agreed that exports of cotton ducks from the latter should not exceed a specific level for the calendar year 1968. This restraint was, however, not renewed for the calendar year 1969 (COT/132).

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

C. Notifications of Action under Article 4

12. Article 4 provides that "nothing in this Arrangement shall prevent the application of mutually acceptable arrangements on other terms not inconsistent with the basic objectives of this Arrangement. The participating countries shall keep the Cotton Textiles Committee fully informed of such arrangements, or the parts thereof, which have a bearing on the operation of this Arrangement".

13. During the seventh year of the Arrangement the Governments of the Benelux countries, Canada, Norway and the United States concluded bilateral agreements with a number of exporting countries. These agreements have been notified in accordance with Article 4 and are summarized on a country-by-country basis hereunder. The bilateral agreements which were concluded during previous years by the Governments of Austria, the member States of the European Economic Community and the United States, and which continued in force during the seventh year, are also dealt with in the summary. In response to GATT/AIR/733, the Commission of the European Economic Community has notified that negotiations are continuing with a view to concluding bilateral agreements between member States and Japan. Further details are given in Tables I to M.

AUSTRIA

(a) India

Under the bilateral agreement concluded with India, which is to continue in force from 1 October 1967 to 30 September 1970, India limited exports of grey goods, terry towels and towelling, cotton yarn, finished fabrics and miscellaneous for the year beginning 1 October 1967 to an aggregate limit of 275 tons. This was to be increased to 300 tons in the second year and 325 tons in the third year (COT/114 and Add.1).

(b) Israel

In accordance with the bilateral agreement concluded with Israel, exports of cotton textiles to Austria are limited to 12 tons for the twelve-month period beginning 1 October 1967. The levels for the second and third year of this agreement are 13 and 14 tons respectively (COT/114 and Add.1).

(c) Pakistan

In the bilateral agreement concluded with Pakistan, which is to continue in force for a period of three years commencing on 1 October 1967, exports of cotton textiles to Austria are fixed at 100 tons for each twelve-month period (COT/114 and Add.1).

(d) United Arab Republic

Under the bilateral agreement concluded with the United Arab Republic which is to continue in force from 1 October 1967 to 30 September 1970, exports of cotton textiles to Austria are fixed at 50 tons for each twelve-month period (COT/114 and Add.1).

CANADA

(a) Japan

Under the bilateral arrangement concluded between the Governments of Canada and Japan, restraint levels on exports of eight items of cotton textiles during the calendar year 1967 were to be applied by Japan. Some of the items which had been under restraint during the previous years were deleted. The 1968 levels provided for an increase over the preceding year's level (COT/51/Add.3).

(b) United Arab Republic

In accordance with a bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of Canada and the United Arab Republic, the latter agreed to ensure that its exports of cotton yarn to Canada during the twelve-month period ending 30 June 1969 will not exceed 1,200,000 pounds (COT/88/Add.1).

MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

The Benelux countries, Italy, the Federal Republic of Germany and France have concluded bilateral agreements, based on a model agreement drawn up by the EEC, with the Governments of India and Pakistan. These agreements apply to cotton textiles; no limitation shall be applied to transactions concerning handloom cotton fabrics if these are certified by the exporting country and recognized by the importing country. The total quantity for imports into each of the member States is sub-divided into two main groups of categories; within these two groups specific ceilings are to be applied. These agreements provide for an annual carry-over of 10 per cent and advance deliveries within a limit of 5 per cent of each of the ceilings established for the following twelve-month period. No transfer may be made between the quantity fixed for the two main groups, but within the ceilings by groups the unused portions of the specific ceilings may be used for the other categories of the group which are not covered by specific ceilings.

The levels and the periods during which these agreements are in force are given below on a country-by-country basis:

BENELUX

(a) India

The bilateral agreement between the Benelux countries and India was concluded on 15 February 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 January 1968 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into the Benelux countries from India agreed upon for each year is 1,300 metric tons (COT/121).

(b) Pakistan

The bilateral agreement between the Benelux countries and Pakistan was concluded on 3 May 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 October 1967 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into the Benelux countries from Pakistan agreed upon for each year is 500 metric tons (COT/122).

(c) Hong Kong

The Governments of the Benelux countries and Hong Kong have concluded a bilateral agreement to replace the limitation under Article 3 on exports of certain cotton textiles products from Hong Kong to the Benelux countries. The new bilateral agreement is to continue in force from 1 July 1968 to 30 September 1969. It provides for the restraint by Hong Kong of a number of cotton textiles items. The total amount agreed upon for the period of this agreement is 3,153 metric tons. Within this aggregate two group ceilings are to be applied and specific ceilings are to be agreed upon. The unused portions of the specific ceilings may be used for the other categories of the group not covered by specific ceilings (COT/129).

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY(a) India

The bilateral agreement between the Federal Republic of Germany and India was concluded on 13 June 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 January 1968 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into the Federal Republic of Germany from India agreed upon for each year is 2,725 metric tons (COT/123).

(b) Pakistan

The bilateral agreement between the Federal Republic of Germany and Pakistan was concluded on 2 August 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 January 1968 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into the Federal Republic of Germany from Pakistan agreed upon for each year is 500 metric tons (COT/124).

(c) Hong Kong

A bilateral agreement has been concluded between the Governments of the Federal Republic of Germany and Hong Kong. Under this agreement, which is to continue from 1 November 1966 to 31 December 1969, Hong Kong is to limit its exports of seven cotton textile items to 77 million square yards for the period from 11 November 1966 to 31 December 1967. For the calendar years 1968 and 1969, the levels are fixed at 66.65 and 67.65 million square yards respectively. The agreement provides for the transfer of unutilized quotas (COT/125).

FRANCE(a) India

The bilateral agreement between France and India was concluded on 24 April 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 October 1967 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into France from India agreed upon for each year is 3,125 metric tons (COT/119).

(b) Pakistan

The bilateral agreement between France and Pakistan was concluded on 8 August 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 October 1967 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into France from Pakistan agreed upon for each year is 600 metric tons (COT/120).

ITALY

(a) India

The bilateral agreement between Italy and India was concluded on 30 April 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 January 1968 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into Italy from India agreed upon for each year is 650 metric tons (COT/112).

(b) Pakistan

The bilateral agreement between Italy and Pakistan was concluded on 24 May 1968, with retroactive effect as from 1 October 1967 for a period of three years. The total quantity for imports into Italy from Pakistan agreed upon for each year is 1,100 metric tons (COT/113).

NORWAY

Hong Kong

The Governments of Norway and Hong Kong have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the 1967 agreement. In accordance with the new agreement which is to continue in force from 1 October 1968 to 30 September 1970, Hong Kong is to limit its exports of certain cotton garments to an aggregate of 143,000 dozens during the first agreement year. The level for the second year will be increased by 4 per cent. During each period, exports may exceed the limits for any category by 10 per cent, provided that corresponding reductions are applied in other categories. Any short-falls occurring in the first period may be used in the second period in a specific amount and manner provided in this agreement (COT/115/Add.1).

UNITED STATES

(a) Colombia

The Governments of the United States and Colombia have concluded a new bilateral agreement, to replace the 1965 agreement, as amended. (COT/50/Add.2). The new agreement is to continue in force from 1 July 1968 through 30 June 1971. During the term of this agreement Colombia limits its exports of cotton textiles to aggregate, group and specific limits. The aggregate limit for the first twelve-month period is 32.5 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding twelve-month periods, the level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limits for two groups may be exceeded by 5 per cent and for the other by the amount by which imports in the two groups are less than the sum of the limitation applicable (COT/126).

(b) Greece

The 1964 agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and Greece, as amended, was further amended as of 1 September 1966. This agreement shall continue in force through 31 December 1970. In accordance with the new amendment exports of cotton textiles from Greece are to be limited for the sixteen-month period beginning 1 September 1966 and extending through 31 December 1967 (first year) and for the twelve-month period beginning 1 January 1968 (second year). The aggregate levels for the second year are 1,420,125 pounds of yarn, 1,157,625 square yards equivalent of fabric and made-up goods and 231,525 square yards of apparel. In succeeding years an increase of

5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year shall be applied. After 31 August 1966, the annual limitation on yarn may be exceeded by the amount of shortfalls in other cotton textiles for the year in question. Within the ceiling for fabrics and made-up goods specific ceilings are to be maintained. The United States will annually accede to requests by Greece for permission to raise the yarn ceiling for any agreement year after 31 December 1967 to 2,000,000 pounds without growth factor for the succeeding year. The amended agreement provides specific amounts and manner in accordance with which shortfalls may be carried over (COT/33/Add.2).

(c) Hong Kong

COT/73/Add.1 set out an amendment to the bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and Hong Kong. The new agreement is to continue from 1 October 1965 through 30 September 1970. During the third year beginning 1 October 1967 the aggregate limit is 371,306,250 square yards equivalent. For the fourth and fifth years the level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level of the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, limits for four groups and specific ceilings within the groups are to be applied; the limits for three groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall Hong Kong may permit exports to exceed the limits applicable in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the aggregate and other applicable group limits, any shortfalls in exports in categories which are not subject to specific limits may be used in categories which are not subject to specific limits.

(d) India

A new bilateral agreement (COT/92) has been concluded between the Governments of the United States and India to replace previous agreements. The term of this agreement is from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. In accordance with this agreement, India is to limit its exports of cotton textiles to an aggregate limit. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into two major groups; specific ceilings are to be applied within the group limits. The aggregate limit for the second agreement year constituting the twelve-month period beginning 1 October 1967 is 88.2 million square yards equivalent. The level for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, a limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. India, following a year of shortfall, may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, groups and specific limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

(e) Israel

The Governments of the United States and Israel have concluded a new bilateral agreement (COT/75/Add.1) to replace previous agreements. The term of this agreement is from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. Under this agreement annual exports of cotton textiles from Israel are to be limited in the

first year to an aggregate level of 23 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, limits for two groups and specific ceilings within these groups are to be applied; the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of a shortfall, Israel may permit exports to exceed the limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

(f) Italy

The Governments of the United States and Italy have concluded a new bilateral agreement (COT/76), to replace the Cotton Velveteen Fabrics Agreement, effective retroactively to 1 January 1966 and shall continue in force through 31 December 1970. For the first year of this agreement, constituting the twelve-month period beginning 1 January 1966, exports of cotton velveteen fabrics from Italy are to be limited to 1,703,363 square yards. In succeeding years, the level is to be increased by 5 per cent over the level for the preceding year.

(g) Jamaica

The Governments of the United States and Jamaica have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the 1963 agreement as amended. The new agreement is to continue in force from 1 October 1966 through 30 September 1970. During the term of this agreement annual exports of cotton textiles from Jamaica are to be limited to aggregate and specific limits. For the first year the aggregate is 21,416,063 square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years, the levels are to be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding twelve-month period. Within the aggregate limit, specific limits may be exceeded by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall, Jamaica may permit exports to exceed these limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit (COT/5/Add.2).

(h) Japan

The Governments of the United States and Japan have concluded a new bilateral arrangement (COT/95) concerning trade in cotton textiles. This arrangement is to be applied by the two Governments for the period of three years beginning 1 January 1968, taking the place of the 1963 arrangement. Under this arrangement, Japan maintains aggregate limit for exports of cotton textiles in 1968 of 373,077,000 equivalent square yards. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into four major groups. Within these major groups, ceilings for specific products are to be applied. Within the annual aggregate limit, the limits for three groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. The aggregate limit for the year 1969 and for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. This increase shall be applied to the major groups

and the ceilings within the groups. Following a year of shortfall, Japan may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, groups and ceilings by carry-over in a specific amount and manner provided in this agreement. Exports of uniquely Japanese products called "Japan items" are not to be included in this agreement.

(i) Korea, the Republic of

The Governments of the United States and the Republic of Korea concluded a new bilateral agreement (COT/93) which supersedes the 1965 agreement. This agreement is to continue in force from 1 January 1967 through 31 December 1970. During the term of this agreement, the Republic of Korea limits exports of cotton textiles in 1967 to aggregate limit of 32,216,250 square yards equivalent; for 1968 the limit is 35,070,000 square yards equivalent. The limit for each subsequent year shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year. This aggregate limit is sub-divided into two major groups; specific ceilings are to be applied within the groups. Within the aggregate limit, the limits for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Specific limits within the group may be exceeded by 5 per cent. The shortfall occurring in exports in categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. For any agreement year immediately following a year of shortfall, the Republic of Korea may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement.

(j) Malta¹

On 14 June 1967, the United States and Malta concluded a bilateral agreement concerning trade in cotton textiles. This agreement runs from 1 January 1967 through 31 December 1970. During its term, Malta is to limit annual exports to aggregate, three groups and specific limits. For the year 1967, the aggregate limit is 12.7 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding years this limit is to be increased by 5 per cent over the previous year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the third group (apparel) by 5 per cent. Any shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of shortfall, Malta may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement (COT/80).

(k) Mexico

In accordance with a bilateral agreement (COT/78) concluded between the Governments of the United States and Mexico, annual exports of cotton textiles from Mexico are to be limited for the first agreement year beginning 1 May 1967 to an aggregate level of 75 million square yards equivalent. This agreement is

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

to continue in force through 30 April 1971. Within this aggregate limit, three group limits and specific limits within the groups are to be applied; the limits for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent. In the second and succeeding year, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent over the level for the preceding twelve-month period. Following a year of a shortfall, Mexico may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the group limits any shortfalls occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

(1) Pakistan

The Governments of the United States and Pakistan have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the 1966 agreement. The term of this agreement is from 1 July 1966 through 30 June 1970. During this period annual exports of cotton textiles from Pakistan are to be limited to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. For the first agreement year, the aggregate limit is 57.5 million square yards equivalent and for the second year it is 68.25 million square yards equivalent. In succeeding years, the levels shall be increased by 5 per cent of the corresponding level for the preceding twelve-month period. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other group by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls in exports in categories with specific limits may be used in those categories which are not subject to specific limits. For any agreement year immediately following a year of shortfall, Pakistan may permit exports to exceed the aggregate, group and specific limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement (COT/89).

(m) Philippines, the Republic of¹

The Governments of the United States and the Philippines have further amended the bilateral agreement of 24 February 1964 (COT/23/Add.2) to cover the period from 1 January 1968 to 31 December 1970. During the calendar year 1968, exports of all categories of cotton textiles, with the exception of the traditional items produced by the Philippines cottage industry, are to be limited to an aggregate limit of 22.3 million square yards. In the second and third agreement year the limitation on exports and the levels of traditional trade categories shall be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, two group limits and specific limits within the groups are to be applied; the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Following a year of shortfall in non-traditional categories, the Philippines may permit exports to exceed the limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement. Within the group limits, any shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

(n) Poland

In accordance with a new bilateral agreement (COT/91) concluded between the Governments of the United States and Poland, the annual exports of cotton textiles from Poland are to be limited to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. This agreement replaced as of 1 March 1967 the previous agreement and is to continue in force through 28 February 1970. The aggregate limit for the first year beginning 1 March 1967 is fixed at 5 million square yards equivalent. In the second and succeeding twelve-month periods this level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the preceding year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent; the shortfall occurring in exports in the categories given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit.

(o) Portugal

The Governments of the United States and Portugal have concluded a new bilateral agreement to replace the interim agreement of 19 December 1966, (COT/24/Add.3). In accordance with this agreement, Portugal is to maintain, for the period of four years beginning 1 January 1967, an annual aggregate limit for exports of cotton textiles, and annual limits for three groups and categories. The aggregate limit, at 102,300,000 square yards equivalent for 1967, is to be increased in each succeeding year by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding twelve-month period. Within the aggregate limit, the limits for two groups may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for one group by 5 per cent; within the groups, specific ceilings may be exceeded by 5 per cent. Any shortfall in the categories given specific limits may be used in those categories which are not subject to specific limits. COT/24/Add.4 sets out an amendment to this bilateral agreement in accordance with which the aggregate limits for the years 1967 and 1968 are fixed at 103,425,000 and 108,990,000 square yards equivalent respectively. All specific limits on yarn categories are deleted. The amendments also provide that Portugal, following a year of shortfall, may permit exports to exceed these limits by carry-over in specific amounts and manner.

(p) Singapore¹

On 30 August 1966, the Governments of the United States and Singapore concluded an arrangement to be effective as of 1 April 1966 and to continue in force through 31 March 1969. Under this arrangement the Singapore cotton textile industry voluntarily restrains its exports to the United States in accordance with Restraint Schedule. For the first year the aggregate limit is fixed at 30 million square yards. In each succeeding year this limit is to be increased by 5 per cent over the corresponding level for the preceding year. Within the aggregate limit, two group limits and specific limits are to be applied, and may be exceeded by 5 per cent. The aggregate and the group limits on non-apparel categories may be exceeded by certain amounts specified in this agreement (COT/74).

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

(q) Spain

The 1963 United States/Spain bilateral agreement, as amended, was replaced as of 1 January 1967 by a new agreement which is to continue in force through 31 December 1970. During the term of this agreement, Spain limits its annual exports of cotton textiles to aggregate, two major groups and specific limits. For the first year the aggregate limit is fixed at 37,911,000 square yards equivalent, for the second year the level is 40,341,000. In succeeding years, the level shall be increased by 5 per cent over the previous year's level. Within the aggregate limit, the limit for one group may be exceeded by 10 per cent and for the other by 5 per cent. Any shortfalls occurring in exports in categories not given specific limits may be used in any category not given a specific limit. Following a year of shortfall, Spain may permit exports to exceed these limits in specific amounts and manner provided in this agreement (COT/90).

(r) Turkey

Effective as of 1 July 1964, the original agreement between the United States and Turkey was amended on 30 June 1967 to continue in force through 30 June 1970 instead of 30 June 1967. Under the original agreement exports from Turkey during the first year are limited to a level of 2,750,000 square yards equivalent for apparel. These levels are to be increased in each subsequent year by 5 per cent over the levels of the immediately preceding twelve-month period (COT/32 and Add.1).

(s) United Arab Republic

The 1963 bilateral agreement concluded between the Governments of the United States and the United Arab Republic has an expiration date of 30 September 1967. After that date it has been extended four times to cover the periods: 1 October to 31 December 1967, 1 January to 31 March 1968, 1 April to 30 June 1968, 1 July to 31 December 1968. On 6 November 1968 this agreement was further extended to cover the period 1 October 1968 through 30 September 1969; the new extension supercedes the preceding one in regard to the regulation of trade for the period 1 October 1968 through 31 December 1968. These extensions provide for the continued regulation of trade in cotton textiles in accordance with the terms applicable to the corresponding quarters of the last year (51,000,000 square yards equivalent for the last year beginning 1 October 1966) of the 1963 agreement (COT/20/Add.1-5).

III. Other notifications

In response to GATT/AIR/733, the following notifications have been received from Australia, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Norway and the United States:

Australia notified that it maintains no restrictions on trade in cotton textiles not already notified under the various requirements and procedures of the GATT.

Canada notified that it maintains no other restrictions on trade in cotton textiles.

Denmark notified that under the existing trade arrangement between Denmark and Poland a quota to an amount of DKr 15,375,000 has been fixed for the year 1969 covering imports from Poland of various textile products, which may consist fully or partly of cotton fibres.

Finland notified that imports from Poland are covered by the bilateral import treatment. Imports of certain cotton textiles from the Republic of Korea are subject to individual licensing.

Norway notified that quotas for import of textiles have been established for the following countries:

Country	Quotas for various textile goods in 1969 in NKr '000
Bulgaria	190
Czechoslovakia	9,180 + 35 tons of towels
Eastern Germany	2,950 + 20 tons of towels and 70 tons of floor cloths
Hungary	3,415 + 10 tons of towels
Poland	6,600
Romania	560

The import quotas which Norway maintains in her trade agreements with State-trading countries, comprise also other textiles than cotton products.

Imports of cotton textiles from the following countries are subject to licensing:

Albania	Mongolia
The People's Republic of China	North Korea
Republic of China	North Viet-Nam
Macao	Soviet Union

The United States notified that it maintains no restrictions on trade in cotton textiles outside the provisions of the Arrangement not already notified under the various GATT requirements and procedures.

The United Kingdom notified a summary of the arrangements as at 25 July 1969 for the control of exports of cotton spun, or woven textile goods for retention in the United Kingdom, during 1969 (COT/138). This information is given below in a summarized form. The United Kingdom Government intends to replace their existing general quota system at the end of 1971 and to introduce a tariff on cotton textiles from Commonwealth countries as from 1 January 1972. The abolition of quota control will not, however, apply to Eastern European countries and Mainland China.

(a) Hong Kong

Exports of cotton textiles from Hong Kong to the United Kingdom will be limited to the following amounts:

Yarn (lb.)	6.5 million
Cloth and made-ups (sq.yds.)	193.0 million

(b) India

Exports of cotton textiles from India to the United Kingdom will be limited to the following amounts:

Yarn (lb.)	11.8 million
Cloth and made-ups (sq.yds.)	200.9 million

(c) Japan

Under the present arrangements, imports from Japan are restricted to:

Cotton yarn (lb.)	102,010
Textile secondary products wholly or mainly of cotton (sq.yds.)	820,000
Woven cotton fabrics (sq.yds.)	7,926,177
Industrial goods of cotton (sq.yds.)	606,000
Outergarments (including gloves), underwear, handkerchiefs, shawls, scarves, mufflers of woven cotton fabric	£392,500 (subject to negotiation)

(d) Eastern area countries and the Peoples' Republic of China

The United Kingdom limit imports of cotton yarn, piece-goods and made-up goods from the USSR¹, Poland, Hungary¹, Romania¹, Bulgaria¹, Eastern Germany¹, Czechoslovakia¹ and the Peoples' Republic of China¹ to annual quotas, the total of which amount to about £2½ million.

¹Not party to the Long-Term Arrangement.

(e) The following countries have been allocated country quotas and special country quotas: Algeria¹, Brazil¹, British Honduras¹, Ceylon¹, Colombia, Cyprus¹, Gibraltar¹, Greece, Iran¹, Israel, Jamaica, Kenya¹, Lebanon¹, Macao, Malaysia¹, Malta¹, Mexico, Morocco¹, Nigeria¹, Pakistan, Senegal¹, Singapore¹, South Africa¹, Spain, Surinam, Syria¹, the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea, Thailand¹, Trinidad and Tobago¹, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yugoslavia.¹ Details are given in Table N.

(f) In addition to the preceding individual country quotas and special country quotas, all countries, with the exception of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Federal Republic of Germany, Iceland¹, Italy, Liechtenstein¹, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand¹, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland¹, United States, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Portugal, the Republic of Ireland¹, and the Eastern area countries¹ may participate in a global quota of:

Yarn	4,389,598 lb.
Grey cloth	54,163,954 sq.yds.
Finished and piece-	
goods	5,107,717 sq.yds.
Made-up goods	8,708,104 sq.yds. equivalent

Within these group totals certain category limits will apply.

¹Not party to the Long-Term Arrangement.

Table A

AUSTRIA

Quotas

Exporting country	Category	Twelve-month period beginning		
		1.10.67	1.10.68	1.10.69
India	Grey goods	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
	Terry towels and towelling	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
	Cotton yarns, finished fabrics, etc.	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
Israel	Cotton textiles	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
Japan	Cotton yarn (ex Chapter 55)	80 tons	88 tons	96 tons
	Grey cotton fabrics (ex Chapter 55)	209 tons	228 tons	247 tons
	Finished cotton fabrics in the piece (ex Chapters 55, 58, 59)	66 tons	72 tons	78 tons
	Knitted goods of cotton (ex Chapter 60)	US\$49,500	US\$54,600	US\$59,700
	Clothing and other made-up articles of cotton (ex Chapters 58, 59, 61, 62)	US\$71,500	US\$77,000	US\$82,500
Mexico	Cotton fabrics	10 tons	11 tons	12 tons
Pakistan	Cotton fabrics	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
Rep. of Korea	Cotton textiles (Chapters, 55, 58, 59, 60)	23.5 tons	27 tons	30.5 tons
	Made-up cotton textiles (Chapters 61, 62)	US\$10,500	US\$12,000	US\$13,500
United Arab Republic	Cotton yarn	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
	Cotton fabrics	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>

1/ Arrangement under Article 4.

Table B

NORWAY

Quotas

(US\$'000)

Exporting country	Category	Twelve-month period beginning	
		1.10.68	1.10.69
Japan	Yarn, woven fabrics and various other articles n.e.s.	1,149.5	1,178
	Garments (including knitted and crocheted goods)	121	124
		1.1.68	1.1.69
Republic of Korea	Woven fabrics	100	103

Table C

MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

(tons)

I. Quotas Effective During 1968 and 1969						
		France	Italy	Germany, F.R.	Benelux	Total
Hong Kong	1968	375	-	-	-	375
	1969	400	-	-	Art. 4	400
India	1968	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4
	1969	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4
Japan	1968	2,343	1,790	2,783	1,263	8,179
	1969	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>
Pakistan	1968	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4
	1969	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4	Art. 4
Rep. of China (Taiwan)	1968			114		114
	1969			132		132
Rep. of Korea	1968	80		354		434
	1969	90		377		467
United Arab Republic	1968	160		141		301
	1969	185		160		345
II. Changes Envisaged During the Remainder of the Arrangement						
Hong Kong	1970	425				
Japan	1970	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	<u>1/</u>	
Rep. of China (Taiwan)	1970			150		
Rep. of Korea	1970	100		400		
United Arab Republic	1970	210		180		

^{1/} Negotiations are continuing for concluding bilateral agreements under Article 4.

Table D

AUSTRALIA: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Seventh Year 1 October 1968-30 September 1969

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Hong Kong	Cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans	Q	-	-	-	104/Add.1 and 2
	Cotton drills other than grey	N	sq. yds	950,000	1.7.69-30.6.70	104/Add.3
	Grey cotton drills, denims, dungarees and jeans	The Australian Government decided not to pursue at this stage its request for restraints on these items				

Q = Request for restraint.

N = New restraint.

Table E
CANADA: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLES 3.6
Seventh Year (1 October 1968-30 September 1969)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Colombia	Cotton yarn	N	lb.	1,750,000	1.11.67-31.12.68	86
Greece	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,092,000	1.1.69-30.9.69)	96/Add.1
	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,529,000	1.10.69-30.9.70)	
	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,529,000	1.10.69-30.9.70)	
Hong Kong	Cotton woven shirts	R	Dozen	142,000	Year ending 30.9.69)	109 and Add.1
	Cotton woven blouses	R	Dozen	82,000	Year ending 30.9.69)	
	Cotton woven night-dresses	R	Dozen	96,820	Year ending 30.9.69)	
	Cotton woven trousers, slacks and shorts - children's	R	Dozen	139,000	Year ending 30.9.69)	
	Cotton woven trousers, slacks and shorts - men's and women's	R	Dozen	137,000	Year ending 30.9.69)	
Israel	Cotton woven towels	N	lb.	1,350,000	Year ending 30.9.69)	37/Add.8
	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,735,000	Year ending 31.12.69)	
	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,935,000	Year ending 31.12.70)	
Portugal	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	2,185,000) Effective level)	Calendar year 1968	54/Add.3
	Cotton yarn	R	lb.	1,271,000) Effective level)	Calendar year 1969	54/Add.3

Table E (suite)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. CO ⁿ /
Korea	Broad-woven fabrics	R	sq. yds.	2,884,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(a) other than grey may not exceed	R	sq. yds.	430,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(b) corduroy may not exceed	R	sq. yds.	107,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	Yarn and sewing thread	R	lb.	200,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	Pillowcases	R	Dozen	32,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	Sheets	R	Unit	42,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	Garments of which	R	Dozen	128,750	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(a) woven shirts may not exceed	R	Dozen	36,800	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(b) blouses may not exceed	R	Dozen	20,000	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(c) knitted shirts may not exceed	R	Dozen	20,200	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
Malaysia	(d) sleepwear may not exceed	R	Dozen	21,500	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	(e) trousers, slacks and shorts may not exceed	R	Dozen	51,500	Calendar year 1968	64/Add.2
	Shirts	N	Dozen	20,867	1.9.68-31.8.69	127
			Dozen	21,493	1.9.69-31.8.70	127
			Dozen	22,138	1.9.70-31.8.71	127
			Dozen	18,926	1.9.68-31.8.69	127
			Dozen	19,494	1.9.69-31.8.70	127
	Trousers	N	Dozen	20,079	1.9.70-31.8.71	127

Table E (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Republic of China	Cotton fabrics - of which:	R	sq. yds.	641,300	Year ending 30.6.69	111
	Corduroy not to exceed		sq. yds.	58,300	Year ending 30.6.69	111
	Woven cotton shirts	R	Dozen	69,960	Year ending 30.6.69	111
	Cotton sleepwear	R	Dozen	75,557	Year ending 30.6.69	111
	Knitted cotton shirts (including sweat-shirts)	R	Dozen	49,014	Year ending 30.6.69	111
	Trousers, slacks and shorts of cotton or rayon of which cotton not to exceed	R	Dozen	22,000	Year ending 30.6.69	111
Singapore	Woven polyester/cotton shirts	N	Dozen	30,088	Year beginning 10.10.68	111
			Dozen	30,991	Year beginning 10.10.69	111
			Dozen	31,921	Year beginning 10.10.70	111
	Woven polyester/cotton trousers	N	Dozen	12,618	Year beginning 10.10.68	111
			Dozen	12,996	Year beginning 10.10.69	111
			Dozen	13,386	Year beginning 10.10.70	111
Spain	Shirts	N	Dozen	22,000	Calendar years 1968, 1969 and 1970	110
	Trousers	N	Dozen	60,000	Calendar years 1968, 1969 and 1970	110
	Cotton yarn	Q	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	139

N = New restraint; R = Renewal of restraint; Q = Request for restraint.

Table F

ITALY: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Seventh Year (1 October 1968-30 September 1969)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Republic of China	Cotton fabrics bleached and unbleached	R	Unspecified	Significantly less	1969	87/Add.2
United Arab Republic	Cotton fabrics grey, bleached and printed	R	Tons	1,500	Calendar year 1969	94/Add.2

R = Renewal of restraint.

Table C

SWEDEN: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLE 3

Seventh Year 1 October 1968-30 September 1969

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Hong Kong	Shirts, knitted or crocheted	N	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Undergarments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, women's and girls' wear	N	1,000 pieces)	1,800	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Anoraks and similar jackets, not knitted or crocheted, men's and boys' wear	N	1,000 pieces	140	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Slacks, jeans and trousers, not knitted or crocheted, men's and boys' wear	N	1,000 pieces	1,300	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Coats, not knitted or crocheted, men's and boys' wear, of impregnated fabric	N	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Raincoats, not rubberized, men's and boys' wear, of impregnated fabric	N	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Car coats, not rubberized, men's and boys' wear, of impregnated fabric	N	1,000 pieces)	130	1.6.68-31.5.69	100
	Outer garments of rubberized fabric, of oiled and similar impermeable materials, men's and boys' wear	N	1,000 pieces)		1.6.68-31.5.69	100

Table H

UNITED STATES: ACTIONS UNDER ARTICLES 3 AND 6(c)

Seventh Year 1 October 1968-30 September 1969

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Argentina	9	R	sq. yds.	638,141	19.7.69-18.7.70	107/Add.1
Brazil	26 (duck only)	R	sq. yds.	1,736,433	9.6.69-8.6.70	137
	22	W	sq. yds.	1,575,000	9.6.67-8.6.68	137
	31	N	Units	1,500,000	27.3.69-26.3.70	137
	64	N	Pound	80,000	27.3.69-26.3.70	137
	1-4	N	Pound	6,300,000	14.12.67-13.12.68	131
	1-4	R	Pound	6,615,000	14.12.68-13.12.69	131
Honduras	61	N	Dozen	30,000	31.10.68-30.10.69	COT/133
Hungary	19	N	sq. yds.	500,000	1.4.69-31.3.70	COT/135

R = Renewal of restraint; W = Not renewed; N = New restraint.

Table H (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Malaysia	49 (coats)	N	Dozen	1,700	28.2.69-27.2.70	136
	55 (dressing gowns)	N	Dozen	16,500	28.2.69-27.2.70	136
	22	R	sq. yds.	242,500	24.5.69-23.5.70	136
	19	R	sq. yds.	2,468,498	27.12.68-26.12.69	130
	26 (duck)	R	sq. yds.	1,587,915	27.12.68-26.12.69	130
	31	R	Pieces	3,472,875	27.12.68-26.12.69	130
	60	R	Dozen	25,799	27.12.68-26.12.69	130
	45	R	Dozen	83,973	30.8.68-29.8.69	108
	9*	R	sq. yds.	420,000	28.4.68-27.4.69	102
	46*	R	Dozen	18,900	23.2.68-22.2.69	102
	50	R	Dozen	5,250	20.3.68-9.3.69	102
	51*	R	Dozen	9,240	20.3.68-9.3.69	102

N = New restraint; R = Renewal of restraint.

*These restraints expired without being renewed.

Table H (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Kind of action	Unit	Level	Period	Ref. COT/
Romania	55	W	-	-		128
	34	R	Pieces	147,000	14.8.68-13.8.69	106
	49	R	Dozen	10,500	9.1.69-8.1.70	98/Add.1
Trinidad and Tobago	52	N	Dozen	20,000	24.12.68-23.12.69	COT/134
Tunisia	26 (duck)	N	sq. yds.	320,000	1.1.68-31.12.69	COT/132
	26 (duck)	W	sq. yds.	320,000	1.1.69-31.12.70	COT/132

W = Not renewed; R = Renewal of restraint; N = New restraint.

Table I

AUSTRIA: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
India	Grey goods	Tons	220	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	Second year 240 tons	114 and Add.1
						Third year 260 tons	
	Terry towels and towelling	Tons	20	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	Second year 22 tons	114 and Add.1
						Third year 24 tons	
Israel	Cotton yarn, finished fabrics, miscellaneous	Tons	35	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	Second year 38 tons	114 and Add.1
						Third year 41 tons	
Israel	Cotton textiles	Tons	12	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	Second year 13 tons	114 and Add.1
						Third year 14 tons	
Pakistan	Cotton textiles	Tons	100	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	-	114 and Add.1
United Arab Republic	Cotton textiles	Tons	50	1.10.67-30.9.68	Three years	-	114 and Add.1

Table J

CANADA: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Ref. COT/
Japan	Pillow-cases	Dozen	221,450	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Sheets	Pieces	789,000	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Fabrics	Sq. yds.	31,714,000	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Blouses	Dozen	212,100	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Sport shirts	Dozen	208,060	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Dress and work shirts	Dozen	70,700	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Trousers and outer shorts	Dozen	124,630	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
	Outerwear	Dozen	245,500	Calendar year 1968	Calendar year 1968	51/Add.3
United Arab Republic	Cotton yarn	Lb.	1,230,000	1.7.68-30.6.69	1.7.68-30.6.69	88/Add.1

Table K

MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Importing country	Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Ref. CCT/
Benelux	India	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	1,300	1. 1.68-31.12.68	Three years	121
	Pakistan	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	500	1.10.67-30. 9.68	Three years	122
	Hong Kong	Cotton fabrics, grey or bleached whether or not mercerized except pile and chenille fabrics (other than terry fabrics)	Metric tons	600))))))	1. 7.68-30. 9.69	1.7.68-30.9.69	129
		Other cotton fabrics, made-up articles and miscellaneous articles of cotton	Metric tons	2,553)))			
Germany, F.R.	India	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	2,725	1. 1.68-31.12.68	Three years	123
	Pakistan	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	500	1. 1.68-31.12.68	Three years	124
	Hong Kong	Grey fabrics, outerwear, overalls and slacks, shirts, nightwear (including infants'), handkerchiefs and towels	Million sq. yds. Million sq. yds. sq. yds.	77 66.65 67.65	11.11.66-31.12.67 1. 1.68-31.12.68 1. 1.69-31.12.69	Three years	125
France	India	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	3,125	1.10.67-30. 9.68	Three years	119
	Pakistan	Cotton textiles (except handloom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	600	1.10.67-30. 9.68	Three years	120

Table K (cont'd)

Importing country	Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of agreement	Ref. COT/
Italy	India	Cotton textiles (except hand-loom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	650	1.1.63- 31.12.68	Three years	112
	Pakistan	Cotton textiles (except hand-loom cotton fabrics)	Metric tons	1,100	1.10.67-	Three years	113

Table L
NORWAY: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effectiv,	Duration of agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Hong Kong	Undergarments and night garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, wholly or mainly of cotton, infants' wear	Dozen	12,000	1.10.68-30.9.70	Two years	4% for the second year	115/Add.1
	Slacks, shorts, jeans and trousers, not knitted or crocheted, wholly or mainly of cotton, men's and boys' wear	Dozen	69,000				
	Shirts, dresses, frocks, gowns and housecoats, not knitted or crocheted, wholly or mainly of cotton, women's and girls' wear	Dozen	37,000				
	Night garments, not knitted or crocheted, wholly or mainly of cotton, men's and boys' wear	Dozen)					
	Night garments, not knitted or crocheted, wholly or mainly of cotton, women's and girls' wear	Dozen)	25,000				

Table M
UNITED STATES: BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Colombia	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	32,500,000	1.7.68-30.6.71	To 30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	126
Greece	1-4	Lb.	2,000,000	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	33/Add.2
		Lb.	1,420,125	1.1.68-31.12.68			
	5-38, 64	Sq. yds. equivalent	1,488,375	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	33/Add.2
			1,157,625	1.1.68-31.12.68			
	39-63	Sq. yds. equivalent	297,675	1.9.66-31.12.67	1.9.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	33/Add.2
			231,525	1.1.68-31.12.68			
Hong Kong	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	371,306,250	1.10.67-30.9.68	1.10.65-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	73/Add.1
India	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	88,200,000	1.10.67-30.9.68	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	92
Israel	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	23,000,000	1.10.66-30.9.67	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	75/Add.1
Italy	Cotton velveteen fabrics	Sq. yds.	1,703,363	1.1.66-31.12.66	1.1.66-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	76
Jamaica	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	21,416,063	1.10.66-30.9.67	1.10.66-30.9.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	5/Add.2
Japan	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	373,077,000	1.1.68-31.12.68	Three years	+5% cumulative yearly increase	95

Table M (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Malta ¹	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	12,700,000	1.1.67- 31.12.67	1.1.67- 31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	80
Mexico	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	75,000,000	1.5.67- 30.4.68	1.5.67- 30.4.71	+5% cumulative yearly increase	78
Pakistan	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	68,250,000	1.7.67- 30.6.68	1.7.66- 30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	89
Poland	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	5,000,000	1.3.67- 28.2.68	1.3.67- 28.2.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	91
Portugal	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	103,425,000	Calendar year 1967	Four years beginning 1.1.67	+5% cumulative yearly increase	24/Add.3 and 4
Republic of the Philippines	52	Dozen	25,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68	Three years to 31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	23/Add.2
	53	Dozen	475,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			
	54	Dozen	105,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			
	59	Dozen	75,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			
	62	Dozen	100,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			
	63	Dozen	1,020,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			
	All other cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	22,300,000	1.1.68- 31.12.68			

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

Table M (cont'd)

Exporting country	Category	Unit	Level	Effective	Duration of Agreement	Growth factor	Ref. COT/
Republic of Korea	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	32,216,250	1.1.67-31.12.67	Four years	+5% cumulative yearly increase	93
Singapore ¹	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	30,000,000	1.4.66-31.3.67	1.4.66-31.3.69	+5% cumulative yearly increase	74
Spain	Cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	37,911,000	1.1.67-31.12.67	1.1.67-31.12.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	90
			40,341,000	1.1.68-31.12.68			
Turkey	9	Sq. yds. equivalent	1,000,000	1.7.64-30.6.65	1.7.64-30.6.70	+5% cumulative yearly increase	92 and Add.1
	1-8, 10-38, 6A, 39-63	Sq. yds. equivalent	1,450,000 300,000	1.7.64-30.6.65 1.7.64-30.5.65			
United Arab Republic	All cotton textiles	Sq. yds. equivalent	51,000,000	1.10.66-30.9.67	Expired on 30.9.67 and extended to cover the periods 1.10.67-31.12.67 1.1.68-31.3.68 1.4.68-30.6.68 1.7.68-31.12.68 1.10.68-30.9.69		20 20/Add.1 20/Add.2 20/Add.3 20/Add.4 20/Add.5

¹Not party to the Cotton Textiles Arrangement.

Table N

II. The countries listed below have been allocated the following country quotas and special country quotas:

Country	Yarn	Grey cloth	Finished cloth	Made-ups	Special country quota
	'000 lbs.	'000 sq.yds.	'000 sq.yds.	'000sq.yds.	'000 sq.yds.
Algeria	2	-	-	-	-
Brazil	-	3,306	-	-	91
British Honduras	-	-	-	-	79
Ceylon	8	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	472	-	-	-
Cyprus	-	14	-	-	110
Formosa	-	2,232	-	-	343
Gibraltar	-	-	-	-	386
Greece	278	55	-	-	64
Iran	-	-	-	-	10
Israel	707	10	155	135	515
Jamaica	-	337	-	381	515
Kenya	-	-	-	-	10
Lebanon	3	-	-	-	-
Macao	-	-	-	1,455	515
Malaysia	-	2,658	82	26	515
Malta	146	26	-	210	433
Mexico	-	484	-	-	-
Morocco	-	-	-	-	31
Nigeria	-	-	-	-	64
Pakistan	292	21,601	625	259	515
Senegal	-	-	-	-	10
Singapore	-	400	430	2,579	515
South Africa	-	-	-	364	515
South Korea	-	5,173	-	-	205
Spain	2,559	4,667	1,725	2,711	515
Surinam	-	30	-	-	-
Syria	4	-	-	-	Nil
Thailand	-	-	-	-	21
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	-	-	43
Turkey	-	2,406	-	-	10
United Arab Republic	375	1,700	256	-	515
Yugoslavia	-	2,992	889	109	515

Annex
UNITED STATES COTTON TEXTILE CATEGORIES

Category number	Description
1	Cotton yarn, carded, singles, not ornamented, etc.
2	Cotton yarn, plied, carded, not ornamented, etc.
3	Cotton yarn, singles, combed, not ornamented, etc.
4	Cotton yarn, plied, combed, not ornamented, etc.
5	Ginghams, carded yarn
6	Ginghams, combed yarn
7	Velvetceens
8	Corduroy
9	Sheeting, carded yarn
10	Sheeting, combed yarn
11	Lawns, carded yarn
12	Lawns, combed yarn
13	Voiles, carded yarn
14	Voiles, combed yarn
15	Poplin and broadcloth, carded yarn
16	Poplin and broadcloth, combed yarn
17	Typewriter ribbon cloth
18	Print cloth type shirting, 80 x 80 type, carded yarn
19	Print cloth type shirting, other than 80 x 80 type, carded yarn
20	Shirting, carded yarn
21	Shirting, combed yarn
22	Twill and sateen, carded yarn
23	Twill and sateen, combed yarn
24	Yarn-dyed fabrics, except ginghams, carded yarn
25	Yarn-dyed fabrics, except ginghams, combed yarn
26	Fabrics, n.e.s., carded yarn
27	Fabrics, n.e.s., combed yarn
28	Pillowcases, plain, carded yarn
29	Pillowcases, plain, combed yarn
30	Dish towels
31	Towels, other than dish towels
32	Handkerchiefs
33	Table damasks and manufactures of
34	Sheets, carded yarn
35	Sheets, combed yarn
36	Bedspreads
37	Braided and woven elastics
38	Fishing nets

Annex (cont'd)

Category number	Description
39	Gloves and mittens
40	Hose and half hose
41	Men's and boys' all white T. shirts, knit or crocheted
42	Other T. shirts
43	Knit shirts other than T. shirts and sweatshirts (including infants')
44	Sweaters and cardigans
45	Men's and boys' shirts, dress, not knit or crocheted
46	Men's and boys' shirts, sport, not knit or crocheted
47	Men's and boys' shirts, work, not knit or crocheted
48	Raincoats, 3/4 length or over
49	All other coats
50	Men's and boys' trousers, slacks and shorts (outer), not knit or crocheted
51	Women's, misses' and children's trousers, slacks and shorts (outer), not knit or crocheted
52	Blouses, and blouses combined with skirts, trousers, or shorts
53	Women's, misses', children's and infants' dresses (including nurses' and other uniform dresses) not knit or crocheted
54	Playsuits, sunsuits, washsuits, creepers, rompers, etc. (except blouse and shorts, blouse and trouser, or blouse, shorts and skirt sets)
55	Dressing gowns, including bathrobes and beachrobes, lounging gowns, dusters and housecoats, not knit or crocheted
56	Men's and boys' undershirts, (not T. shirts)
57	Men's and boys' briefs and undershorts
58	Drawers, shorts and briefs (except men's and boys' briefs), knit or crocheted
59	All other underwear, not knit or crocheted
60	Nightwear and pyjamas
61	Brassieres and other body supporting garments
62	Other knitted or crocheted clothing
63	Other clothing, not knit or crocheted
64	All other cotton textile items