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L/4008
14 March 1974
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# GENERAL AGREEMENT ON <br> TARIFFS AND TRADE 

Original: English

## UNITED STATES IMPORTS OF AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS

Seventh Annual Report by the United States
The following repcrt on the operation of the Decision of 20 December 1965 has been trensmitted by the Government of the United States.

The Decision of the CONTRACTING PiRTIES of 20 December 1965 (BISD, Fourteenth Supplement, pages 37-42) authorized a waiver of United States cbligations under paragraph 1 of irticle I of the General igreement to perait the United States to accord duty-iree treatment to certain automotive products imported from Canada under the United States-Canada -utomotive Products Greenent. In accordance with the provisions of that decision and the procedures adopted by the CONTR:CTING P.inTIES on 1 Noveaber 1956, the following report covering 1972 is subinitted to the CONTRSTING PRTIES.

## I. Sumary

Production in the United States and Cenadien automotive industries has now been largely integrated. uutcinotive products trade between the United States and Cenada increased by 17 per cent in 1972, reaching a level or $\% 9.1$ billion for the year, compared with $\$ 7.8$ billion in 1971 and $\$ 715$ million in 19641 .

The United States has no evidence that expanded autometive trade with Canada has damaged the interests of cur trading partners. In fact, united States autcinctive imports from cuuntries other than Cenade increased by 20 per cent over 1971 to $\$ 3,965$ million in 1972. No requests have been received for consultation under paragraph 2 of the Decision of 20 December 1965.

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II. Production in the motor vehicle industry, United States and Canada

Combined United States-Canadian motor vehicle production emounted to 12.8 million units in 1972, an increase of 6.3 per cent over 1971. Motor vehicle production in Canada totalled 1.5 million units in 1972, an increase of 9 per cent over 1971. United States production totalled 11.3 million units in 1971, an increase of 6 per cent over 1971.

## A. Trade in motor vehicies and parts between ths United States ond Canada

Total automotive products trade between the United States and Canada increased by 17 per cent to $\$ 9.1$ billion in 1972, compared with $\% 7.8$ billion in 1971 . The 1972 total was 2173 per cent higher than that for 1964, the year prior to the implementation of the Agreement. United States automotive exports to Canada were $\$ 4,496$ million in 1972 , and imports were $\$ 4,595$ million.

The Automotive Agreement has also influenced production and trade of products closely allied to the automotive industry but not covered by the Agreement and thus not reflected in the statistics for automotive products. It is not possible to identify statistically the extent to which trade in such related products as tyres and tubes, raw and semi-rinished material, and machinery and equipment has been stimulated by the Agreement.

## B. Trade statistics

As noted in the fifith Annuai seport ( $I / 3686$ ), the export trade of each country is measured by the import data from the other country to present a more accurate measure of total automctive trade. This is desirable because the export parts classifications of both countries are not as deteiled as are the import classifications, and significant exports of automotive parts are not identified as automotive in export statistics.

Also, the United States import stetistics for vehicles are overstated in value because the United States Gustoms Bureau by law assesses value for customs purposes as the wholesale market value in the country of origin. In actual practice, intracompany transfers under the Agreement occur at prices approximately 15 per cent lower than the wholesale market value. Therefore, in the Seventh Annual keport, actual transaction values have again been used in order to obtain a more accurate measure of trade under the Agreement.

The following table encompasses all automotive trade between the two countries, including both duty-free trade under the provisions of the Agreement and dutiable as well as duty-free automotive products such as replacement parts and special purpose vehicles not covered in the Agreement.

## UNITED STATES-CANADA:TRADE IN AUTOMOTIUE PRODUCTS, 1964-72 (United States Importsi-Canadian Imports) <br> (Millions of United States Dollars)

 tooling charges in million of United States dollars as follows: 1966-\$29;


NOTE: Data exclude United states-Canadian trade in materials for use in the manufacture of automotive parts. Data are adjusted to reflect transaction values for vehicles.
$\$ 1.00$ Canadian $=30.925$ United Strtes, 1964-69; \$0.958 United States, 1970; $\$ 0.990$ United itates, 1971; \$1.009 United States, 1972.

SOURCE: United states Depariment of Commerce.

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C. United States automotive trade with countries other than Canada

Imports of automotive products from third countries amounted to $\$ 3,965$ million in 1972, an increase of 20 per cent over 1971. United States automotive exports to countries other than Canada were $\$ 1 ; 359$ million in 1972 , a 3 per cent increase from 1971.

The largest non-Canadian suppliers of automotive imports to the United States diuring 1972 were Japan, the Federal Rapublic of Garmany; and the United Kingdom. Imports from these countries during 1972 were $\$ 1.6$ billion, $\$ 1.6$ billion, and $\$ 213$ million, respectively.


[^0]:    1 These and other statistics in this report are drewn fron data prepared for the Presideat's Seventh innual Report to the Congress on the Operation of the Automotive Products Trade ict of 1965, the statute which pormitted United States implomentation of the grement.

