

GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

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RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORTS FROM HUNGARY

Notifications by Contracting Parties

In airgram GATT/AIR/1133 of 14 January 1975, contracting parties were invited to notify, by 15 February 1975, in accordance with paragraph 4(c) of the Protocol for the Accession of Hungary, discriminatory prohibitions and quantitative restrictions applied to imports from Hungary on 1 January 1975.

Notifications have been received from the following countries:

Austria	New Zealand
Cuba	Poland
Cyprus	Singapore
Czechoslovakia	South Africa
Finland	Spain
India	Switzerland
Japan	Tunisia
Kenya	United States
Malawi	

These notifications are reproduced hereunder.

Contracting parties which have not yet submitted notifications are invited to do so without delay. Further notifications will be reproduced in addenda to this document.

AUSTRIA

Austria has eliminated by the end of 1974 the discriminatory prohibitions and quantitative restrictions applied at that time to imports from Hungary.

CUBA

The Republic of Cuba does not apply any discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions of any kind on imports from Hungary.

CYPRUS

The Republic of Cyprus does not apply discriminatory prohibitions and quantitative restrictions to imports from Hungary.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Czechoslovakia does not maintain any restrictions on imports from Hungary.

FINLAND

Finland does not apply any discriminatory restrictions to imports from Hungary. The quantitative restrictions notified before have been removed as from 1 January 1975 in accordance with the agreement on the reciprocal removal of obstacles to trade, notified to the GATT on 5 December 1974.

INDIA

Trade between Hungary and India is governed by the Trade and Payments Agreement concluded between the two countries in March 1971. India does not maintain any discriminatory import restrictions against Hungary. India does not also maintain any separate customs tariff for imports from Hungary and no discrimination against Hungary exists in the application of the Indian Customs Tariff.

JAPAN

Japan does not maintain any discriminatory restrictions on imports from Hungary.

KENYA

Kenya maintains no discriminatory prohibitions and/or quantitative restrictions on imports from Hungary.

MALAWI

Malawi maintains no discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions on imports from Hungary.

NEW ZEALAND

New Zealand applies no discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions on imports from Hungary.

POLAND

Poland does not apply any restrictions to imports from Hungary.

SINGAPORE

Imports into Singapore from Hungary are not subject to any discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions.

SOUTH AFRICA

South Africa did not maintain on 1 January 1975 any discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions on imports from Hungary.

SPAIN

Spain does not apply any discriminatory restrictions on imports from Hungary.

SWITZERLAND

1. Industrial products

Taking into account the arrangements made to facilitate mutual trade, imports into Switzerland of industrial products (finished, semi-finished and primary products) from Hungary are not subject to any quantitative restrictions.

2. Agricultural products

Imports of agricultural products from Hungary are subject to the same régime as imports from all other countries.

The special regulation existing in respect of eggs in the shell, which was applicable during the first-half of the calendar year and was equivalent to a global quota, has been suspended, on a trial basis, as from 1 January 1975. Imports of eggs are accordingly unrestricted throughout the year.

TUNISIA

Tunisia does not apply any discriminatory quantitative restrictions in its trade with all contracting parties, including Hungary.

UNITED STATES

The United States maintains no discriminatory prohibitions or quantitative restrictions directed toward imports of Hungarian goods.