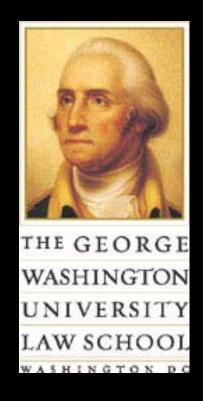
Implementing GPACompliant Domestic
Review Procedures:
Insights from International
Experience
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#### **Domestic Review Mechanisms:**

permit (both domestic and foreign) potential offerors (bidders) and disappointed offerors (unsuccessful competitors) the opportunity to seek correction of anomalies or inequities in the contractor selection process.

#### Reasons for a Challenge Regime

- Increase private-sector's trust in procurement system – increase competition
- Increase public trust in procurement system
   & government overall
- Improve state's image in international community; meet minimum standards for GPA
- Partial delegation of the oversight regime, by the government to contractor community (private sector)

#### **Aspirations**

- Provide a forum to hear complaints by, and grant relief to, interested parties
- Enhance accountability of procurement officials and government agencies
- Promote transparency into how the procurement system works
- Protect integrity of procurement system
- Avoid unnecessary cost and delay & disruption of procurements during process

## Consider: People, Culture, Norms

- Perception of Rule of Law
  - Commitment to due process
- Respect for Courts, Judges, Administrative Tribunals
- Willingness to Litigate
  - -avoid "bite the hand..." instinct
  - -difficult hurdle (public confidence)

### Capacity: Expertise and Independence

- The decision-makers must be knowledgeable, credible, respected, and, (most importantly) independent
  - This is true regardless of whether adjudicators are judges, attorneys, experts, or laymen
- Government representatives must be cooperative, knowledgeable, and credible
  - Government must respect the challenger (protestor) and the challenger's rights

#### Challenge Forum Decisions

- Where (within the government) to locate the forum?
- Breadth of the forum's jurisdiction?
- Who may bring a challenge?
- Strict or flexible time limits to commence a challenge?
- Type & source of evidence available to forum?
- Whether to stay (hold) procurements during challenges?
- How difficult is it for a disappointed offeror to win?
- Breadth (and enforcement) of meaningful relief?

#### What do protests challenge?

- Pre-award
  - Lack of notice of solicitation
  - Overly restrictive solicitation
  - Ambiguous specifications
  - Exclusion from competition (interim)
- Post-award
  - Did not receive contract
  - Improper application of evaluation criteria
  - Anything learned during debriefing(\*\*\*)

- award stay or suspension (standstill, freeze)
- re-solicit, re-compete
- issue new solicitation



- terminate awarded contract (T/C)
- direct award
- bid and proposal (B&P) costs
- attorney's fees
- re-open negotiations; re-evaluate offers
- refrain from exercising option
- lost profits?

#### Lessons from the US model?

- Imperfect regime, but informative:
  - Large, developed, complicated procurement regime
  - Broad industrial base
  - Generally open to foreign contractors
  - Fully evolved
    - Bureaucracy
    - Judicial regime
  - -(Relatively) litigious culture

#### U.S. Model?

- no exhaustion requirement
- no entry fee (or nominal fee)
- Election/Choice of Forum
  - Three (3) options
  - too many?
  - inefficient use of resources?

#### Agency (Ministry) Protests

- Long, unimpressive history
  - -Constant efforts to reform
  - -Generally ineffective
- Most "efficient" (inexpensive) forum
- Obvious problem = objectivity

#### **Judicial Option**

- U.S. Court of Federal Claims
  - Expensive
  - Difficult to stop procurement
    - High burden for temporary restraining order (TRO) or preliminary injunction (PI) versus automatic stay
    - Litigant must prove "likelihood of success on merits"
  - Low volume Not a forum of choice

## Administrative Protests - Government Accountability Office (GAO)

- Unique forum, legislative instrumentality
  - quasi judicial
- Resolution mandate:
  - independent, expeditious, inexpensive
- Decisions establish a uniform body of law
  - relied on by
  - Legislature
  - Courts
  - contracting agencies
  - public
- Familiar (public) rules

#### **GAO** traits, features

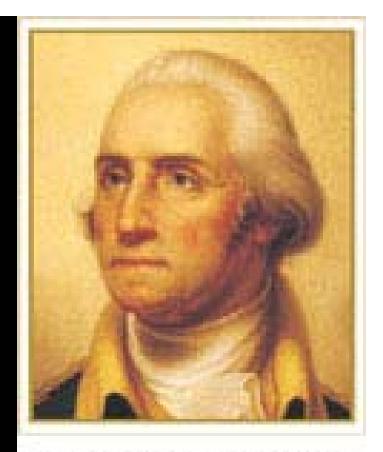
- Automatic Stay (cost = letter, plus price of a stamp)
- Expertise
  - -talented, respected career legal staff
- Agency Report
- Sufficient, but limited, process
  - -discovery
  - hearings (live witnesses)
  - -counsel = optional (but typical)

# Robust Domestic Review Mechanisms Support Successful Public Procurement Regimes

- Transparency
- Integrity
- Competition
- Uniformity
- Best Value
- Efficiency

#### Conclusion

- Questions?
- Comments?
- Suggestions?
- Ideas?



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