Note: All Members submitting semi-annual reports of anti-dumping actions are listed individually. Where listed Members take action on a customs-union-wide basis, the figures on numbers of actions are shown for the WTO Member in which the investigating authority is physically located. To avoid multiple-counting, the numbers for the other reporting customs union members are reported with asterisks. See footnotes for details.

1_Armenia
To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks. Armenia became a member State of the Eurasian Economic Union on 2 January 2015. As of this date, anti-dumping actions are the same as those identified in respect of the Russian Federation, and operate at the level of the Eurasian Economic Union.

2_Bahrain, Kingdom of; Kuwait, the State of; Oman; Qatar; United Arab Emirates
To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks, as the anti-dumping actions that it notified are the same as those identified in respect of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and operate at the level of the Gulf Cooperation Council.

3_Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Namibia
To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks, as the anti-dumping actions that it notified are the same as those identified in respect of South Africa and operate at the level of the Southern African Customs Union.

4_Czech Republic, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland
Czech Republic, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland became EU member States on 1 May 2004. As of this date, previously taken national actions ceased to apply, and were replaced by EU-wide actions. Because EU notifies actions on behalf of all of its member States, the numbers for the EU are not additionally reported in this row.

5_European Union
All anti-dumping actions notified by the European Union operate EU-wide, i.e., in respect of all EU member States, which do not notify individually.

6_Kazakhstan
To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks. The Kyrgyz Republic became a member State of the Eurasian Economic Union on 12 August 2015. As of this date, anti-dumping actions are the same as those identified in respect of the Russian Federation, and operate at the level of the Eurasian Economic Union.

7_Qyrgyz Republic
To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks. The Kyrgyz Republic became a member State of the Eurasian Economic Union on 12 August 2015. As of this date, anti-dumping actions are the same as those identified in respect of the Russian Federation, and operate at the level of the Eurasian Economic Union.

8_Russian Federation
All anti-dumping actions identified in respect of the Russian Federation (which became a WTO Member on 22 August 2012) for 2011-2014 operated at the level of the Customs Union of the Eurasian Economic Community, i.e., also in respect of Belarus (non-WTO Member), and Kazakhstan (then non-WTO Member). All actions identified in respect of the Russian Federation for 2015 and thereafter operate at the level of the Eurasian Economic Union, i.e., also in respect of Armenia, Kyrgyz Republic, Kazakhstan (which became a WTO Member on 30 November 2015), and Belarus.

9_Saudi Arabia, Kingdom of
All anti-dumping actions identified in respect of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia operate at the level of the Gulf Cooperation Council, i.e., also in respect of the Kingdom of Bahrain, the State of Kuwait, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates.

10_South Africa
All anti-dumping actions notified by South Africa operate at the level of the Southern African Customs Union, i.e., also in respect of Botswana, Eswatini, Lesotho, Namibia.