

Electronic transmissions – History and discussions in the Council for Trade in Services (CTS)

Work Programme on Electronic Commerce
Structured discussion
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- Work Programme
- CTS mandate and discussions
 - Phase 1 (1998-1999) Intense activity (Secretariat Background Note, subsequent discussion, adoption of CTS Progress Report to the GC)
 - 2. Phase 2 (2000-2010) Slowdown and hiatus
 - 3. Phase 3 (2011 onwards) Resumption

Work Programme (September 1998, WT/L/274)



- Established as per the May 1998 Declaration on Global Electronic Commerce (<u>wt/MIN(98)/DEC/2</u>)
- Definition of "electronic commerce"
- General Council to consider, inter alia, issues of a cross-cutting nature, and examine all aspects "concerning the imposition of customs duties on electronic transmission"
- Four bodies (CTS; CTG; Council for TRIPs; CTD)
 instructed to explore the relationship between
 existing WTO Agreements and e-commerce



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CTS mandate and discussions



- The WP mandated the CTS to "examine and report on the treatment of electronic commerce in the GATS legal framework"
- Non-exhaustive list of issues to be examined, including:
 - Customs duties
 - Classification issues
- Three phases to the discussion:
 - 1. Intense activity (1998-1999)
 - 2. Slowdown and hiatus in discussions (2000-2010)
 - 3. Resumption of discussions (2011 onwards)



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Phase 1 – Secretariat Background Note (Nov. 1998)

"Customs duties" (<u>S/C/W/68</u> - paras 34-35)



- Very uncommonly applied to services, but no reason in principle why they should not be applied to services, however supplied
- Measures affecting trade in services, relevant to modes 1 and 2
- Moratorium does <u>not</u> cover internal taxation
- Under the GATS "what really matters is whether or not a Member has made a National Treatment commitment ruling out recourse to discriminatory taxes"

YES

All <u>discriminatory</u> taxes (incl. customs duties) are in any case **prohibited**

NO

Freedom to impose discriminatory internal taxes

Moratorium would not preclude recourse to discriminatory measures with effect identical to customs duties

Phase 1 – Secretariat Background Note (Nov. 1998)





- All services are covered by the GATS, irrespective of means of delivery
- However, there were classification questions regarding certain products that can be delivered both in electronic and physical form
- Classification issue **cannot** be decided by reference to:
 - Definition no comprehensive definition of services/goods
 - Classification no classification would allow to conclude that all electronically delivered products are services
- In WTO system, legal regime applying to transactions is determined by the **nature of the product** being traded, not the means of delivery

November 1998 to July 1999

Members' submissions, numerous meetings, Interim Report to the GC (S/C/8, March 1999), further meetings

→ July 1999 - CTS adopted a Progress Report to the General Council ,

Phase 1 – CTS Progress Report (July 1999)

"Customs duties" (S/L/74 - paras 22-23)



- Members' various views on customs duties:
 - Customs duties could affect e-commerce and the electronic supply of services
 - Concept alien to the GATS and relevant only if it were accepted that a category of electronically delivered goods exists
 - Could apply to services, but **implications** of applying customs duties to electronic transactions needed to be **clarified**
- Various positions on the Moratorium:
 - Permanent and binding
 - Permanent and binding, but without prejudice to position on classification
 - Extension only on current basis
 - Unless classification issue was solved, could not consider extension
 - Not convinced of the case for extension

Phase 1 – CTS Progress Report

"Classification issues" (S/L/74 - paras 24-25)



- "Members endorsed the view that all services, whether supplied electronically or otherwise, are covered by the GATS, and that the GATS makes not distinction between services provided electronically or by any other means. It was also observed that the vast majority of all products delivered electronically are services."
- Various views on classification:
 - All electronic deliveries are services
 - Still to be clarified whether a number of electronically delivered products should be classified as goods (>> GATT).
 Question also raised if these products, even if classified as services, should be subject to full MFN, NT and prohibition of quantitative restrictions.
 - In some cases, a downloaded product may be regarded as neither a good nor a service. However, no suggestion was made that any product would fall outside the scope of WTO agreements
 - + It was agreed that further consideration should be given to the classification issue, including the consideration of concrete examples



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Phase 2 (2000-2010) - Slowdown and hiatus in the discussions wto ome

2000-2001

- In response to GC invitation to pick up work and identify possible cross-sectoral issues, CTS:
 - Progress Report was still accurate
 - Different views of whether customs duties and classification were cross-cutting issues
 - One call for examples of electronic deliveries that may not be classified as services

2002-2010

No discussion

Phase 3 (2011 onwards) – Resumption of discussions



- Numerous issues discussed in the CTS under the Work Programme, but issues pertinent to electronic transmissions include:
 - Calls to define the terms used, including "electronic transmissions",
 and the scope of the Moratorium
 - Calls to clarify the classification of e-commerce transactions (i.e. services vs. goods)
 - Requests to discuss the fiscal and other implications of the Moratorium
 - Calls for the **Moratorium** to be re-examined/extended/made permanent
- Locus of the discussion
- Calls to update the 1998 Secretariat Background Note (<u>s/c/w/68</u>)



THANK YOU

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