

Digital Financial Services and Financial Inclusion

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ITU: International Telecommunication Union



- Founded in 1865; United Nations specialized agency for ICTs.
- 193 Member States, 567 Sector Members, 164 Associates, and 79 Academia.
- HQs in Switzerland, Geneva; and 4 Regional Offices & 7 Area Offices.

ITU-R

ITU's Radio-communication Sector globally manages radiofrequency spectrum and satellite orbits to ensure safety of life on land, at sea and in the skies. ITU-T

ITU's Telecommunication
Standardization Sector
enable global
communications by
ensuring that countries' ICT
networks and devices are
speaking the same
language.

ITU-D

ITU's Development Sector fosters international cooperation and solidarity in the delivery of technical assistance and in the creation, development and improvement of telecommunication/ICT equipment and networks in developing countries.





Study Group 13 Outcomes on financial transactions via mobile

 Recommendation ITU-T Y.2740 (01/2011) "Security requirements for mobile remote financial transactions in next generation networks"

http://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-Y.2740/en and

 Recommendation ITU-T Y.2774 (01/2011) "Architecture of secure mobile financial transactions in next generation networks"

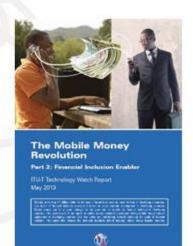
http://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-Y.2741/en

 Both available for free download in English, French, Spanish, Arabic, Chinese and Russian

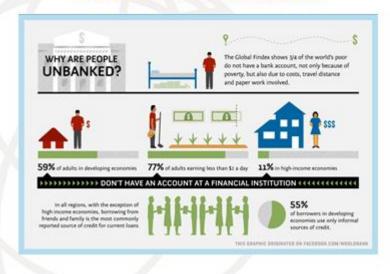
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ITU's TechWatch Reports on Mobile Money (2013)





Financial Inclusion



Financial Inclusion

- Low levels of financial inclusion represent a barrier to socio economic development in developing countries.
- Globally, more than 2.5 billion adults do not have a formal bank account, most of them in developing economies
- 59% of adults in the developing countries do not have a formal bank account
- But most of them have a mobile phone

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Cloud-based payments





NFC-based payments (Near Field Communications)

Business Models



Banks have sole control on the accounts offered to individuals which can be managed through other channels such as mobile phones.

Examples: CAIXA (Brazil), Barclays, Xac Bank (Mongolia) Banks offer accounts to individuals through non-bank (MNO) agents and/or technological platforms online.

Examples: EKO (for State Bank India (SBI)) and SMART (for 21 banks in the Philippines). Banks issue e-money which is purchased from bank and redistributed by non banks to customers.

Examples: Orange Money in West Africa (e.g. Senegal, Côte D'Ivoire, Mali and Niger). Non-bank issues emoney and keeps equivalent asset value in pooled accounts in regulated bank

Examples: Safaricom and M-PESA, GCash.

Bank Centric Model

MNO Centric

Digital Financial Services --- Key Issues ---

- Network interoperability
- Access to business critical technology
- Coordination between regulators from telecom and financial services
- Consumer protection against fraud

Analyze best practices to develop global standards

Focus Group on Digital Financial Services (FGDFS)

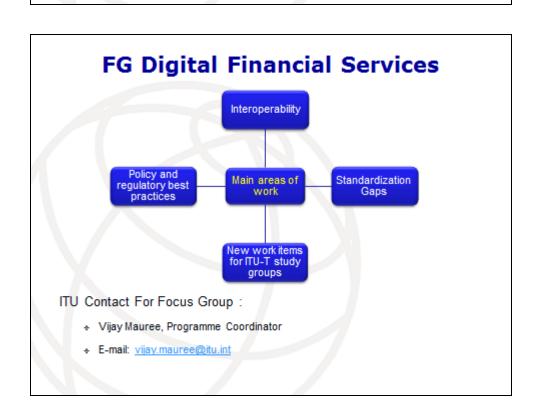
- Established during TSAG Meeting in June 2014
- Chaired by Sacha Polverini, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
- Web & Mailing List: http://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/focusgroups/dfs/
- · Terms of Reference
- First meeting: <u>5 December 2014, ITU, Geneva</u>
- Workshop on Digital Financial Services and Financial Inclusion: 4
 December 2014, Geneva
- Create a platform for dialogue between regulators and operators from telecom and financial services sectors.

FG Digital Financial Services

GOAL: Recommend a standardization roadmap for interoperable digital financial services for financial inclusion.

Objectives

- *Identify the technology trends in digital financial services over the coming years and how the role of various stakeholders in this ecosystem will evolve.
- Establish liaisons and relationships with other organizations.
- Describe the ecosystem for digital financial services.
- Suggest future ITU-T <u>study items</u> and related actions for various ITU-T study groups
- *Identify successful use cases for implementation of secure digital financial services including developing countries with a particular focus on the benefits for women.
- Study the <u>best practices</u> related to policies, regulatory frameworks, consumer and fraud protection, business models and ecosystems for digital financial services
- Work towards the creation of an <u>enabling framework</u> for digital financial services.



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