Experience of Ukraine in recognition of HPAI regionalisation and BSE risk status by trade partners
International cooperation

World Trade Organization (WTO)

World organization for Animal Health (OIE)

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

International plant protection Confection (IPPC)

European and Mediterranean plant protection organization (EPPO)

World Health Organization (WHO)
Over 130 animal diseases, including zoonosis, are controlled in Ukraine.

Ukraine is free from:

- foot-and-mouth disease (FMD) without vaccination;
- Newcastle disease;
- HPAI;
- bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE);
- Classical swine fever (domestic pigs);
- brucellosis and tuberculosis;
- peste des petits, bovine contagious pleuropneumonia, bluetangue, African horse sickness and other OIE-listed diseases;
Permanent Commission was created under the Government of Ukraine authorized for operational control, management and coordination of executive powers, government agencies, institutions, organizations and individuals with responsible for prevention of dangerous animal disease outbreaks and food-borne diseases poisonings, as well as their eradication.

Members of Commission
Chairman – Vice-Prime-Minister of Ukraine;
Deputy Chairman – Chief veterinary officer of Ukraine (SSUFSCP);
Ministry of Agrarian Policy and Food of Ukraine;
Ministry of Health of Ukraine;
Ministry of Economic Development of Ukraine;
Ministry of Finance of Ukraine;
State Service of Border Control of Ukraine;
State Service for Emergency control of Ukraine;
State Service of Forestry of Ukraine;
National Police of Ukraine.

Local SEAC
Created by regional state administrations, city council, district state administrations and regional competent authorities (SSUFSCP).
In case of suspected or confirmed outbreaks of dangerous OIE-listed diseases, local SEAC must comply with Resolutions of the State Emergency Antiepizootic Commission under the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine and report regularly on their activities.
Decision of the SEAC and local SEAC are obligatory for implementation for all executive power bodies, local administrations, farmers, producers and other stakeholders.
HPAI in Ukraine 2016-2017
(9 cases: 4 – backyards, 1 – poultry farm, 3 – wild fauna, 1 – zoo)
Measures in place for HPAI control:

- Early warning system in place;
- Active and passive surveillance;
- Import control;
- Quarantine imposed in place;
- Zoning principles (protection zone 3 km and surveillance zone 10 km);
- Movement control and ban on certification;
- Stamping-out and disinfection measures.

Final report on HPAI measures were submitted to OIE on 14.05.2017.

_Ukraine is free from HPAI due to OIE recommendations._
No cases of BSE were registered in Ukraine. Ukraine is the country with **undetermined** BSE risk status due to the OIE recommendation.

In place:

- ban on feeding ruminants with animal proteins;
- active and passive surveillance;
- programme for feed control;
- SRM control and removal;
- ABP legislation in force.

In March 2017 Ukraine launched the national Programme on the recognition of Ukraine as a country with **controlled** BSE risk status.
Ukraine respects the international standards and national legislation of trade partners. In case of OIE-listed diseases or disease influence on trade, Ukraine notify OIE and competent authorities of trade partners. One of the most important part of market access evaluation is recognition of the disease-free zones for animal diseases.

SSUFSCP conducts the ongoing activities for bilateral negotiations with main trade partner for disease free status recognition based on international standards and recommendations.
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