

WTO TBT Committee
Thematic Session on Standards
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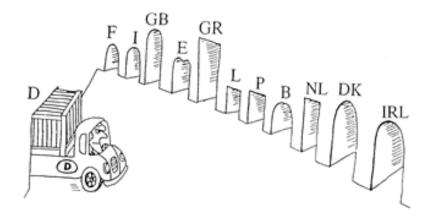
Referencing of standards in support of regulation – The importance of a transparent, open and predictable process

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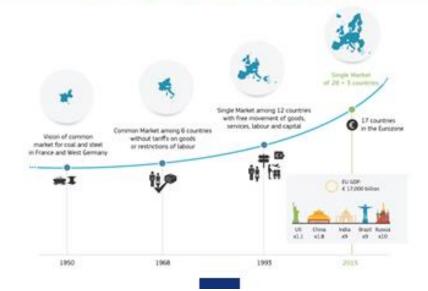
## Where we come from:

Trade barriers hindered the European economy



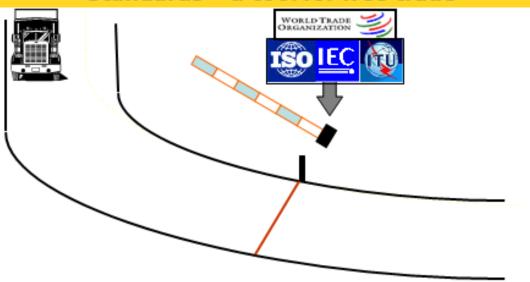


# The EU Single Market today and yesterday





# Where we are going: European/international Standards – a tool for free trade





and how: by integrating the national standardisation with the regional and ultimately with the international one



"Vienna Agreement" with





"Dresden Agreement" with





MoU for telecommunications sector (ITU-T) Agreement on radiocommunication sector (ITU-R)



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The European Commission does not draft European standards!

CEN, CENELEC and ETSI do

CEN	Cen
(European Committee for Standardization	n)
CENELEC	CENELEC
(European Committee for Electrotechnic	al Standardization)
ETSI	Is Institute)



#### EU legislation makes reference to Standards

**Direct reference**: mandatory standard -Revision of legislation every revision of the standard

# Indirect reference → « New Approach »



### "New Approach" reference to standards

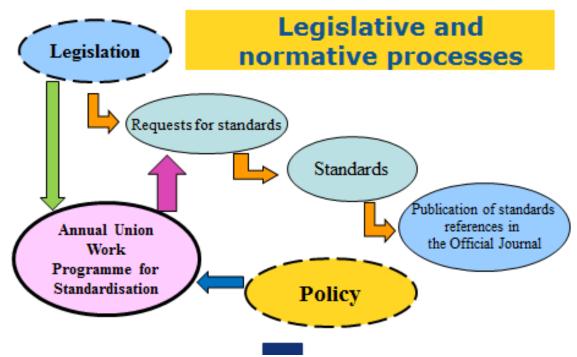
Objective: remove barriers to trade in the EU Single Market

#### How? By task sharing:

- <u>Legislation</u>: mandatory, stable, predictable and safeguarding public interest (via listing the essential requirements)
- <u>Standards</u>: voluntary, constantly updated to the state-of-theart, predictable, harmonising the technical specifications

Areas: Protection of health, safety, environment and consumers







## Why a request for standards?

- Ensure level playing field in the internal market: ONE product, ONE standard (but alternatives are welcome, as standards are VOLUNTARY)
- Predictability stakeholders are informed and involved well in advance, also via the ANNUAL UNION WORK PROGRAMME
- Ensure coherence of standards in the internal market and with the international (ISO-IEC) level



# Why European standards are special?

European standards (ENs) support the functioning of the internal market

- One EN replaces 34 different national standards: one productone standard, priority to international ones
- National Standards Bodies are obliged to adopt ENs as national standards and withdraw any conflicting ones
- The system is transparent, stable and predictable





# Who is paying for standardisation?

European standardisation is financed primarily by industry

<u>idustry</u> \_\_\_\_\_\_ 93-95%

followed by:

National Governments → 3-5% European Commission/EFTA → 2%





# CONCLUSION

European standards are voluntary Standards support European policy and legislation

European Standardisation is a success story



# DO NOT FORGET TO VISIT OUR WEBSITES:

- http://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/europeanstandards/index en.htm
- http://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/europeanstandards/harmonised-standards/index en.htm

Thank you for your attention!
Any questions?