

# GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

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Limited Distribution

## UNITED KINGDOM - DOLLAR AREA QUOTAS

### Interim Report of the Panel

#### I. Introduction

1. The Panel was appointed by the Council on 19 December 1972<sup>1</sup> with the following terms of reference:

"To examine the matter referred by the Government of the United States to the CONTRACTING PARTIES pursuant to paragraph 2 of Article XXIII relating to import restrictions maintained by the United Kingdom and to make such findings as will assist the CONTRACTING PARTIES in making the recommendations or rulings provided for in paragraph 2 of Article XXIII."

2. The following was the composition of the Panel:

Chairman: Mr. K.A. Sahlgren (Finland)

Members: Mr. A. Dunkel (Switzerland)  
Mr. G.O. Niyi (Nigeria)  
Mr. P. Tomic (Yugoslavia)

3. In the course of its examination of the matter, the Panel heard representations from and consulted with the delegations of the United States, the United Kingdom, and, as envisaged in the Council's discussion of 19 December 1972, also delegations of Commonwealth Caribbean countries and territories, as well as the delegation of Cuba. The Panel had the benefit of substantial background documentation supplied by these delegations. In the course of the consultations, the Panel received clarification from these delegations on a number of aspects central to the issue.

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<sup>1</sup>C/M/83.

4. The matter referred to the Panel related to the maintenance by the United Kingdom of quantitative restrictions on certain products when imported from the United States and certain other "dollar area" countries.<sup>1</sup> The following products are subject to these restrictions:

<u>BTN</u>	<u>Product</u>
ex 08.01	Bananas
ex 08.02	Grapefruit, fresh
ex 08.10	Grapefruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar
ex 20.03	Grapefruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar
ex 20.06	Grapefruit, otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit
ex 20.07	Grapefruit juice and orange juice other than unpasteurized frozen orange and grapefruit juice concentrate
ex 22.09	Rum
ex 24.02	Cigars

5. The Dollar Area Quota restrictions had their origin in the exchange control and currency conservation measures taken by the United Kingdom during and immediately after the Second World War. Initially the Dollar Area countries were those whose exports to the United Kingdom required payment in United States dollars. It needs to be stressed that this is no longer the case and the term "Dollar Area" in no way now implies a requirement for payment in dollars. While the restrictions originally applied to a wide range of products, most of the quotas were subsequently removed, leaving those on the products referred to in paragraph 4 above. The quotas on these products while initially introduced for balance-of-payments reasons are now maintained on the grounds that they are regarded as constituting valuable protection for the economic interests of the developing Commonwealth Caribbean countries.

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<sup>1</sup>The countries concerned are: Bolivia, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Liberia, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Philippines, United States, Venezuela.

## II. Factual situation regarding products subject to Dollar Area Quotas

In the course of its deliberations of the matter, the Panel held an item-by-item review of each of the products subject to Dollar Area Quotas. On the basis of available statistics (Annex), the Panel examined the trend of United Kingdom imports in recent years of these products from the three main sources, i.e. Commonwealth countries, countries subject to Dollar Area Quotas and third countries not subject to Dollar Area Quotas. It also examined the duties currently applicable on these products in the United Kingdom and the changes resulting from the gradual adoption by that country of the common customs tariff of the EEC. The following summarizes the review.

### Bananas (ex 08.01)

The Commonwealth Caribbean countries and territories account for by far the bulk of United Kingdom imports of bananas, but their share has been decreasing in recent years and now represents 76 per cent of total United Kingdom imports of bananas. The principal suppliers from this area are Jamaica and the Windward Islands, both of which send virtually all their banana exports to the United Kingdom. Bananas account for a very substantial part of total exports of the Windward Islands while these exports also represent a significant proportion of Jamaica's total exports.

As regards Dollar Area countries, Ecuador is the only significant exporter; imports from Ecuador however, account for only about 1-2 per cent of total United Kingdom imports of bananas. The Dollar Area Quota stood at 4,000 tons until 1971-72, but in 1971-72 was increased by 10,000 tons and by a further 10,000 tons in 1972/73.

As regards third countries, Ivory Coast, Surinam and the Canary Islands, are the most important exporters of bananas to the United Kingdom. Imports by the United Kingdom from these third countries are substantially higher than from the Dollar Area.

With respect to customs treatment, the Commonwealth Caribbean countries benefit from duty-free entry into the United Kingdom at present while Dollar Area countries and third countries are subject to a specific duty of £0.375 per cwt (representing approximately 11 per cent ad valorem).

### Grapefruit fresh (ex 08.02)

The Commonwealth Caribbean countries have not generally accounted for a significant part of United Kingdom imports of this product although there was a substantial increase in imports from them in 1971. The most important supplier in 1971 from this area was British Honduras while Windward Islands and Jamaica exported relatively small amounts of grapefruit.

The Dollar Area countries have not exported appreciable quantities of this product, although a global Dollar Quota of £1.15 million applies: a separate quota exists for Cuba. In fact, the statistics indicate exports from the United States for only one of the past four years.

By far the major supplies of the United Kingdom came from third countries including some benefiting from preferences in the United Kingdom. Israel is the principal supplier accounting for nearly half of total United Kingdom imports of the commodity, while Cyprus and South Africa, benefiting from duty-free treatment also export large quantities.

The customs duty for non-preferential suppliers is £0.25 per cwt (approximately 6 per cent ad valorem). The Common Tariff of the EEC to be adopted gradually by 1978 by the United Kingdom, is 6 per cent.

Grapefruit preserved by freezing (ex 08.10 and ex 20.03)\*

On the basis of the available statistical data (Annex) it appears that the United Kingdom does not at present import these products from any source.

There is no customs duty on ex 08.10 in the United Kingdom; the EEC common tariff is 20 per cent. As regards ex 20.03, there is no duty chargeable when imported from preferential suppliers; while a rate of 15 per cent applies to imports from other sources; the EEC common tariff is 26 per cent plus an additional charge for sugar.

Grapefruit, otherwise prepared or preserved (ex 20.06) (canned grapefruit)

The Commonwealth Caribbean countries in recent years have accounted for about 30 per cent of United Kingdom imports of this product. No imports from Dollar Area countries have been recorded in recent years although a quota of £450,000 exists. The main supplier of the product is Israel, imports from which represent about 40 per cent of United Kingdom imports of the commodity.

The item is duty-free with respect to imports from all sources but the United Kingdom will gradually adopt the EEC tariff (in the range of 20-32 per cent) and levy.

Grapefruit juice and orange juice (ex 20.07)

The proportion of United Kingdom imports of these products supplied by the Commonwealth Caribbean countries has declined substantially from over 50 per cent in 1960 to less than 10 per cent in 1971. Nevertheless, Jamaica, Trinidad and Tobago and British Honduras export significant quantities in absolute terms.

The United States, the sole Dollar Area exporter, also accounts for about 10 per cent of United Kingdom imports. In 1970/71 the Dollar Area Quota was fully utilized.

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\*  
ex 08.10: not containing added sugar  
ex 20.03: containing added sugar

The major supplier, whose exports doubled in 1971, is Israel; this country supplies 60 per cent of United Kingdom imports of the commodity.

At present, no customs duty is applicable in the United Kingdom with respect to imports from any source. The United Kingdom will gradually adopt by 1978, the EEC common customs tariff which can vary from 15 per cent to 19 per cent and 42 per cent depending on the value of the commodity.

#### Rum (ex 22.09)

The Caribbean countries and territories supply by far the bulk of United Kingdom imports of rum, about 95 per cent. The Bahamas is the largest exporter of this group accounting for about half of United Kingdom imports, but Guyana and Jamaica also export large quantities.

The Dollar Area Quota is £90,000 and is fully used up. Mexico appears to be the only supplier in this Group on the basis of 1970 data. Of other countries, only Brazil has shown any significant exports in recent years.

Imports of rum from all sources are subject to a substantial excise duty in the United Kingdom which has a very slight preferential margin with respect of Commonwealth countries.

#### Cigars (ex 24.02)

Only Jamaica, of the Commonwealth Caribbean countries, exports cigars to the United Kingdom and their exports represent only about 2-3 per cent of United Kingdom imports. In the Dollar Area group, the United States and Cuba are the only exporters. The Dollar Area Quota is £100,000 and has been fully utilized in recent years, a separate bilateral quota exists for Cuba.

The bulk of United Kingdom imports of cigars come from other countries, especially the Netherlands, which in 1971 accounted for about 70 per cent of United Kingdom imports. It appears, however, that these cigars are of a smaller variety and do not compete with the cigars imported from Jamaica, Cuba and other sources.

Imports of cigars from all sources are subject to a substantial revenue duty, which has a slight preferential margin for Commonwealth suppliers.

### III. Considerations of the Panel

1. The Panel noted the contention of the United States delegation that the restrictions were in contravention of Articles XI and XIII of the General Agreement and that delegation's request that the restrictions be eliminated. The Panel also noted that the United Kingdom had never denied that the Dollar Area Quotas were in formal contravention of the provisions of the General Agreement on quantitative restrictions, and for the time being reserved its findings on this question. The Panel noted as well the argument put forward by the Caribbean countries and territories that the restrictions must be viewed in the context of the General Agreement as a whole and with particular regard to Part IV of the Agreement. According to these delegations, the continued application of the quotas was justified in the light of Part IV which was designed to deal with the special circumstances of developing countries.

2. In the course of its consultations, the Panel ascertained that the items of critical export interest to the United States were: fresh grapefruit (ex 08.02), citrus juices (ex 20.07), rum (ex 22.09) and cigars (ex 24.07). The Panel accordingly decided to concentrate its further deliberations on these four items.
3. With respect to these four items, the Panel noted that the products principally benefitting from the Dollar Area Quotas were fresh grapefruit (ex 08.02) and citrus juices (ex 20.07). Moreover, on the basis of recent statistical data, imports by the United Kingdom from these countries of fresh grapefruit accounted for no more than 3 per cent of total United Kingdom imports of this product; on the other hand virtually all of the exports by the Caribbean countries of this product go to the United Kingdom. Similarly, imports from these countries of grapefruit juice represent only about 10 per cent of total United Kingdom imports of this product while on the other hand 60 per cent of Jamaica's exports of these products and 40 per cent of Trinidad and Tobago's exports go to the United Kingdom.
4. The Panel noted the contention of the United Kingdom delegation that the Dollar Area Quotas bring no trading advantage to the United Kingdom and are not linked to any reverse preferences or trading concessions granted on a reciprocal basis to the United Kingdom by the countries and territories concerned and, furthermore, that the quotas afforded no protection to any United Kingdom national industry or trading interest.
5. The Panel noted the possibility of assessing the damage which is inflicted by the Dollar Area Quota on United States exports of the commodities concerned to the United Kingdom market and the further possibility of suspending such concessions or other obligations under the General Agreement as is deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances.
6. The Panel considered and discussed with the parties concerned various possible solutions and, in this connexion, strongly requested the parties concerned to actively seek a mutually acceptable solution to the problem which especially would pay due regard to the importance to the Caribbean countries and territories of the two products referred to in paragraph 3 above, namely fresh grapefruit and grapefruit juice and orange juice.
7. In the light of the above, and taking into account the constructive spirit of the parties concerned, the Panel refrains from making formal recommendations at this stage. It will, however, revert to the matter and make appropriate recommendations, if after an interval of one month from the date of presentation of this Interim Report to the Council, the parties concerned have been unable to reach a mutually acceptable solution to the problem.

## Annex

## UNITED KINGDOM IMPORTS OF PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO DOLLAR AREA QUOTAS IN 1960, 1965, 1968, 1969, 1970 AND 1971

(Thousand dollars c.i.f.)

	Bananas ex 08.01						Grapefruit fresh ex 08.02					
	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS</b>	<b>61681</b>	<b>64361</b>	<b>50143</b>	<b>52969</b>	<b>42567</b>	<b>50316</b>	<b>10779</b>	<b>12469</b>	<b>15174</b>	<b>14854</b>	<b>17575</b>	<b>29452</b>
of which from: <u>Preferential countries - Total</u>	<u>55608</u>	<u>61943</u>	<u>48905</u>	<u>51917</u>	<u>42553</u>	<u>39374</u>	<u>5670</u>	<u>7556</u>	<u>7939</u>	<u>7970</u>	<u>6880</u>	<u>11773</u>
Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent	18437	33396	23673	27299	19583	16452	-	122	141	162	-	268
Jamaica	23962	28061	24480	23745	22374	21974	-	459	296	180	-	186
Trinidad and Tobago	574	-	-	-	-	-	1167	307	163	-	-	-
British Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	-	287	-	-	-	-	479
British Guiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bahamas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ghana	906	256	250	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	11653	76	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-	-	-
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	1263	2205	2391	2620	2802	5727
Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Swaziland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	274	1018	1094	1393	2700
Southern Rhodesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-
South Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	2661	4033	3901	3739	2685	2413
Other Commonwealth countries and Irish Republic	76	164	502	750	596	948	292	24	29	175	..	..
<u>Countries subject to dollar restrictions</u> <sup>1/</sup>												
United States	-	-	-	-	-	-	374	210	-	-	152	-
Dominican Republic	563	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	180	-	188	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	-	-	354	350	819	545	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Other countries</u>												
Canary Islands	2606	532	444	331	1543	1702	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cameroon	-	1180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French West India Islands	630	-	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	565	547	-	-	..	-	259	132	107	158	..	-
Spanish West Africa	1453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	-	-	-	-	-	-	3399	3736	6206	5578	8806	14391
Portuguese East Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	258	405	342	866	660	1728
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151	202	-	-	-
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	166	415	336	46	-	-	230	250
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ivory Coast	-	-	-	-	2659	4094	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surinam	-	-	-	126	1285	3132	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not specified	256	23	102	245	354	1054	483	232	378	282	846	1310

<sup>1/</sup> The United Kingdom import statistics do not show any imports of these products from the other Dollar Area countries.  
Note: No imports are reported under items ex 08.10: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar, and ex 20.03: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, containing added sugar.

Source: Annual Statement of the Overseas Trade of the United Kingdom.

UNITED KINGDOM IMPORTS OF PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO DOLLAR AREA QUOTAS IN 1960, 1965, 1968, 1969, 1970 AND 1971

(Thousand dollars c.i.f.)

	Grapefruit prep. or pres. (other than by freezing) ex 20.06						Grapefruit juice and orange juice ex 20.07 <sup>1/</sup>					
	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS</b>	<u>5126</u>	<u>7482</u>	<u>9162</u>	<u>12218</u>	<u>12652</u>	<u>11616</u>	<u>14092</u>	<u>13315</u>	<u>13834</u>	<u>12996</u>	<u>14440</u>	<u>26594</u>
<b>of which from: Preferential countries - Total</b>	<u>2696</u>	<u>4991</u>	<u>5774</u>	<u>7455</u>	<u>7838</u>	<u>6646</u>	<u>7648</u>	<u>5269</u>	<u>4011</u>	<u>2810</u>	<u>2293</u>	<u>2614</u>
Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	1779	3037	1892	2240	2276	1785	2412	1287	756	725	417	910
Trinidad and Tobago	-	460	602	521	510	553	1896	1571	686	455	553	477
British Honduras	458	300	803	1350	1225	940	1392	1076	1134	913	609	1227
British Guiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bahamas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barbados	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyprus	-	192	330	652	797	1082	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Swaziland	..	..	149	430	1056	682	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southern Rhodesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	255	134	-	-	-	-
South Africa	348	993	1986	2252	1974	1604	1378	1109	1154	238	714	..
Other Commonwealth countries and Irish Republic	111	8	12	10	..	-	315	93	281	479	..	..
<b>Countries subject to dollar restrictions<sup>2/</sup></b>												
United States	1415	184	-	-	-	-	947	433	1411	1199	1711	2213
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Other countries</b>												
Canary Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cameroon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French West India Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221	218	174	379
Spanish West Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	951	2295	3329	4742	4667	4713	3108	5958	7104	7438	7565	15274
Portuguese East Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	194	-
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	1223	873	772	522	625	757
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	425	-	-	199	2661
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	913	101	-	-	294	-
Ivory Coast	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surinam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not specified	64	12	59	21	146	257	254	216	315	809	1386	2696

<sup>1/</sup> The import data may include unpasteurized frozen orange and grapefruit juice concentrate (to which restrictions do not apply) as these are not separately reported in the trade returns.

<sup>2/</sup> The United Kingdom import statistics do not show any imports of these products from the other Dollar Area countries.

Note: No imports are reported under items ex 08.10: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar, and ex 20.03: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, containing added sugar.

Source: Annual Statement of the Overseas Trade of the United Kingdom.

UNITED KINGDOM IMPORTS OF PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO DOLLAR AREA QUOTAS IN 1960, 1965, 1968, 1969, 1970 AND 1971  
(Thousand dollars c.i.f.)

	Rum ex 22.09						Cigars ex 24.02					
	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971	1960	1965	1968	1969	1970	1971
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS</b>	<b>4403</b>	<b>4857</b>	<b>5065</b>	<b>5808</b>	<b>6832</b>	<b>9217</b>	<b>3521</b>	<b>5325</b>	<b>6713</b>	<b>6839</b>	<b>8890</b>	<b>14410</b>
<u>of which from: Preferential countries - Total</u>	<u>4133</u>	<u>4604</u>	<u>5015</u>	<u>5788</u>	<u>5387</u>	<u>8799</u>	<u>1093</u>	<u>580</u>	<u>331</u>	<u>407</u>	<u>273</u>	<u>399</u>
Dominica, Grenada, St. Lucia, St. Vincent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jamaica	1843	1169	765	1278	895	1488	1082	547	329	405	273	399
Trinidad and Tobago	171	184	129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
British Honduras	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
British Guiana	2072	2511	1874	1660	1118	2582	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bahamas	-	531	2187	2767	3374	4729	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barbados	-	152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nigeria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyprus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Swaziland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Southern Rhodesia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Commonwealth countries and Irish Republic	47	58	69	83	..	-	11	33	2	2	..	-
<u>Countries subject to dollar restrictions<sup>1/</sup></u>												
United States	-	64	-	-	-	-	-	125	182	167	199	177
Dominican Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cuba	238	-	-	-	-	-	1695	1852	1592	1483	1546	2243
Mexico	-	146	-	-	129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Colombia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ecuador	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Other countries</u>												
Canary Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cameroon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French West India Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brazil	-	-	-	-	959	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish West Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Israel	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portuguese East Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	-	-	-	-	-	-	565	2351	4213	4373	6248	10308
Denmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199	-	-	-	185
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	117	274	268	457	1033
Italy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ivory Coast	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Surinam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not specified	32	42	50	20	357	418	168	101	121	141	167	65

<sup>1/</sup> The United Kingdom import statistics do not show any imports of these products from the other Dollar Area countries.

**Note:** No imports are reported under items ex 08.10: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar, and ex 20.03: grapefruit, preserved by freezing, containing added sugar.

**Source:** Annual Statement of the Overseas Trade of the United Kingdom.