

# GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

RESTRICTED

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## REPLIES TO QUESTIONNAIRE ON IMPORT LICENSING PROCEDURES

### Philippines

#### Revision

The following notification has been received from the delegation of the Philippines in response to the questionnaire on import licensing annexed to document L/5640. The present document replaces information previously contained in document L/5232/Rev.1 of 30 April 1982, as amended.

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#### Outline of system

1. Imports into the Philippines are free unless otherwise subject to the requirements of prior approval by appropriate government agencies/committees concerned responsible for implementing the legislation prohibiting/regulating imports. The Tariff and Customs Code of 1978 (Presidential Decree No. 1464) and the Central Bank Charter (Republic Act No. 265, as amended by Presidential Decree No. 72), provide the primary legal basis for the control and regulation of imports in the Philippines. However, there are other special laws that prohibit/regulate some commodities and designate certain government agencies/committees to administer import regulations. Import licence applications must be submitted to the appropriate administrative body responsible for issuing licences (import permits/clearances/authorizations). The licence holder is required to submit it to the Central Bank or its authorized agent banks for authority to buy foreign exchange to pay for imports of goods covered by the licences, and to the Bureau of Customs at the time of customs declaration.

#### Purposes and coverage of the licensing

2. All commodities/commodity groups subject to automatic and non-automatic import licensing are embodied in the Tariff and Customs Code of 1978 (Presidential Decree 1464), as amended, and in the Philippine Standard Commodity Classification Manual. Commodity groups whose importation is restricted and/or regulated are listed in column 1 of Annex A hereof.

3. The system applies to goods originating from any country, the choice of the source of supply being left entirely to the prospective importers.

4. The licensing is intended mainly to (a) safeguard public health, safety, security and welfare; (b) develop and rationalize domestic industry; (c) meet the economic development needs of the Philippines by way of ensuring an adequate supply of commodities not available locally in sufficient quantities; and (d) for balance-of-payments and trade surveillance purposes.

5. As stated in the outline of system above, the Tariff and Customs Code of 1978 (P.D. 1464), as amended, and the Central Bank Charter (R.A. 265), as amended, provide the primary legal bases of the licensing. But there are special laws (see second column of Annex A) that govern the importation of, and designate the appropriate agencies/bureaux which administer the licensing régime on, a specified commodity or group of commodities. Central Bank Circular No. 1029 consolidates all rules and regulations to govern import transactions. The licensing system is statutorily required. Legislation in certain instances leaves the designation of products to be licenced to administrative discretion under well-defined criteria. In some cases, the system may be abolished without legislative approval for as long as the basic criteria provided in basic legislation no longer apply to the particular product/s being licenced.

#### Procedures

6. For quota products:

(a) All regulations are circulated and made available to interested parties. They are also published in the Official Gazettes and/or in the nation's newspapers.

(b) Import quotas are on an annual basis. They are allocated usually on a first come, first served basis or on a quarterly or semestral basis directly to qualified or registered importers (see Annex C). Since the quotas are allocated in the name of importers, they are not published in order to avoid possible disclosure of business secrets. However, they can be made known, to government, upon request, when necessary and appropriate.

(c) Some quotas are granted on the basis of an importer's past performance in relation to historical growth in sale. Applications are not considered on an arbitrary or formula basis but on the merits of each individual case. Adequate controlling, monitoring systems are provided to ensure that licences allocated are actually used for imports. Unused allocations are not added to quotas for a succeeding period except with respect to unmanufactured tobacco. The names of quota-holders may be made known to government and export promotion bodies of exporting countries upon request.

(d) The time allowed for submitting application for licences is usually up to the end of the authorized period which is usually up to the end of a quarter, semester or end of the sixth month or year.

(e) Under normal circumstances, an application for an import licence if complete in all respects can be granted within two weeks or even sooner.

(f) Licences are issued with a specified period of validity for shipment of goods. It is up to the importer to import goods any time during the validity period of the import licence. Goods should be shipped from the exporting country only after the import licence is issued.

(g) Only one administrative organ considers the application for licence and where two administrative organs/bodies are involved, the applicant has to approach only the main licence-issuing agency, which endorses the application to the other for proper consideration and approval.

(h) See answers to 6(b) and 6(c).

(i) Not applicable.

(j) Not applicable.

(k) There are certain commodities (carton boxes, circus horses imported for exhibition, display or show purposes, and certain importations of textile items/fabrics, garment accessories as well as some NEC and UC items) where import licences are granted only on condition that the products imported will be re-exported or processed for re-export.

7. For non-quota products:

(a) Where there is no quantitative limit on importation of a product, application must be filed at least two (2) weeks before estimated loading date of the product.

(b) Licences can be granted immediately depending on the urgency of the request.

(c) Application may be filed on any working day of the year.

(d) See answer to 6(g).

8. In the event of denial or disapproval by the pertinent administrative body of an application for import licence, the applicant is informed of the reason for such disapproval and given the right to make a written appeal for reconsideration of its original decision.

#### Eligibility of importers to apply for licence

9. (a) Under the restrictive (non-automatic) licensing system only persons, firms and institutions duly registered as bona fide importers, domestic users, breeders, producers, traders, etc., are eligible to apply for licences, except in instances when only the Government or its entities/agencies may import the products sought to be imported by applicants (e.g., rice, which is State traded).

(b) Under the non-restrictive (automatic) system, all persons, firms and institutions, are eligible to apply for licence as long as they meet the basic requirements/criteria laid down by the agencies/bureaux concerned.

There is a system of registration of persons or firms permitted to engage in importation. This system ensures that only qualified applicants are granted licences. A registration fee is charged in some cases, as indicated in Annex D.

#### Documentational and other requirements for application of licences

10. The information usually required in applications includes name and address of importer, business of importer, name and address of exporter/shipper, country of origin, means of transport, description and amount of goods to be imported. The documents required to support the application, which vary from agency to agency, usually include (a) pro forma invoice covering the importation applied for, (b) SEC registration certificate for corporations and partnerships and Bureau of Trade registration certificate for single proprietorship, (c) financial statement and (d) a copy of export contract or L/C application, among others.

11. In the case of actual importation, the documents required may include (a) commercial invoice; (b) bill of lading; (c) clearance certificate from pertinent administrative bodies, and (d) formal customs entry.

12. For the list of licensing fees or administrative charges imposed, see Annex E hereof.

13. There is no deposit or advance payment requirement associated with the issuance of licences.

#### Conditions of licensing

14. There are no set rules for the period of validity of a licence. Some licences are issued for a particular shipment only, with a validity period adequate to cover the whole process of importation. Others are issued with a period of validity identical with that of the period granted on the quota held. The period of validity ranges from one (1) month to one (1) year (but for fifteen days only with regard to NEC and UC commodities) and in all cases renewable upon written application by interested parties to the concerned agency/bureau.

15. There is no penalty for the non-utilization of a licence subject to quota or a portion of it.

16. Licences are made in the name of applicant-importer only and non-transferable.

17. No other conditions, aside from those mentioned in the previous sections, are attached to the issue of an import licence.

Other procedural requirements

18. There are no other administrative procedures required prior to importation apart from import licensing.

19. Except under conditions of an economic crisis, foreign exchange is automatically provided by authorized agent banks to a holder of the import licence.

ANNEX A

LIST OF PROHIBITED/REGULATED IMPORT ITEMS, TOGETHER WITH  
IMPLEMENTING LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE  
ORDERS, AND ADMINISTERING AGENCIES/BUREAUS

as of 15 August 1985

ITEMS

Animals, animal effects, animal  
products, meat and meat products

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR  
ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS I

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Sections 1762-1770, R.A.C. Act  
No. 3639

Bureau of Animal Industry

P.D. 834 and 1297 as amended by  
P.D. 1593

BAI Guidelines for Importation of  
animals, animal products and  
by-products

- Adm. Order 7-2 (3.8.66)
- Adm. Order 33 (s-1975)
- Adm. Order 33-A (s-1975)
- Adm. Order 36 (s-1976)
- Adm. Order 6 (s-1978)
- Adm. Order 36-1 (s 1978)
- Adm. Order 2 (20-1-78)
- Adm. Order 6-15 (1-7-81)
- MAAB 40 (7-7-75)
- MAAB 44 (19-10-79)

The following abbreviations mean: R.A. - Republic Act R.A.C. - Revised Administrative Code of the Philippines P.D. - Presidential Decree E.O. - Executive Order LOI - Letter of Instruction MAAB - Central Bank of the Philippines (CB) Memorandum to Authorized Agent Banks FIA - Fertilizer Industry Authority MC - Memorandum Circular TCB - Telecommunications Control Bureau (now National Telecommunications Commission)

ITEMS

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Meat of bovine animals

MAAB 53 (2-11-83)  
LOI 1367 (25-11-83)

Bureau of Animal Industry  
and NEDA

Fish and fish preparations

Section 79(b), R.A.C.  
R.A. 4003  
P.D. 704  
Adm. Order 6 (s-1934)  
Adm. Order 6-1 (s-1963)  
Adm. Order 135 (s-1981)  
MAAB 11 (22-2-82)

Bureau of Fisheries and  
Aquatic Resources

Onions, potatoes, garlic and  
cabbages<sup>1</sup>

R.A. 1996

Bureau of Plant Industry

Coffee<sup>2</sup>

R.A. 2712

Ministry of Agriculture

Wheat<sup>3</sup>

P.D. 726  
E.O. 1028 (31.5.85)

National Food Authority

Rice<sup>4</sup>

R.A. 2207  
P.D. 4, as amended by P.D. 699,  
726, 1212, 1485 and 1770

National Food Authority

1. Importation of these items is allowed for seedling purposes only.

2. Banned since 18 June 1960, but importation may be authorized by the President of the Philippines in case of shortage of locally-produced arabica coffee.

3. Previously state-traded item, may now be imported by the private sector.

4. State-traded item, the only grain product that is subject to importation by the government alone.

ITEMS

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR  
ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Corn  
1

R.A. 2207  
P.D. 4, as amended by P.D. 699  
and P.D. 1485  
NFA Resolutions Nos. 99 and 100  
(20-12-84)  
Letter Circular No. 6 (s-1985)

National Food Authority

Feedgrains, 1 and feedgrain  
substitutes

P.D. 4 as amended by P.D. 699,  
726, 1212, 1485 and 1770  
NFA Resolutions No. 99 and 100  
(20-12-84)  
Letter Circular No. 6 (s-1985)

National Food Authority

Canned mackerel and sardines

MAAB 99 (29-12-77)  
MAAB 44 (20-7-76)  
MAAB 68 (8-10-75)  
MAAB 53 (2-11-83)  
LOI 1367 (25-11-83)

National Economic and  
Development Authority

Unmanufactured tobacco

P.D. 754  
R.A. 1154

Philippine Virginia Tobacco  
Administration

Coal and coal derivatives

P.D. 1206 as amended by PD 1573  
BEU Order 78-02-01  
MAAB 39 (6-9-83)  
MAAB 46 (11-10-83)

National Coal Authority and  
Board of Investments

1 Previously state-traded items, may now be imported by the private sector since  
20 December 1984



ITEMS

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Refined petroleum products

P.D. 1206 and P.D. 1573  
Rules and Regulations of BEU  
Implementing the Importation  
Provisions of P.D. 1206

Bureau of Energy Utilization

Caustic soda, solid <sup>1</sup>

MAAB 98 (28-12-77)  
Guidelines for the Importation  
of Caustic Soda  
MAAB 8 (15-2-82)

Ministry of Trade and  
Industry

Caustic soda, liquid

MAAB 49 (29-11-82)

Board of Investments

Hydrogen peroxide irrespective of  
weight concentration <sup>2</sup>

LOI 899 (25-7-79)  
MAAB 15 (30-3-79)  
MAAB 41 (27-8-79)  
LOI 1255 (14-7-82)  
MAAB 25 (30-7-82)  
LOI 1294 (18-2-83)

Board of Investments

Chinese medicinal herbs

MAAB 135 (20-11-73)

Bureau of Food and Drugs

<sup>1</sup> Liberalized as of 15 February 1982

<sup>2</sup> Ban on importation temporarily lifted effective 14 July 1982

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
Sodium cyanide	MAAB 38 (5-5-77)	Bureau of Food and Drugs
Antibiotics	MAAB 90 (23-11-77) Rules and Regulations on the Monitoring System for Importation of Antibiotics	Bureau of Food and Drugs
Chlorofluorocarbon	MAAB 2 (14-1-83)	Bureau of Food and Drugs
Acetic anhydride	MAAB 17 (21-10-81)	Dangerous Drugs Board
Dangerous Drugs	CB Circular Letter (14-4-80)	Dangerous Drugs Board
Radiation-emitting apparatus and related devices	P.D. 480 MAAB 33 (15-8-83)	Radiation Health Service
Color reproduction machines	MAAB 88 (21-11-77) Memo of Agreement between CB and NBI (17-10-77)	National Bureau of Investigation
Electronic integrated data processing machine and related devices 1	P.D. 1480 MAAB 91 (24-11-77) LOI 1380 (20-2-84)	National Computer Center

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS.

ITEMS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Radio telecommunications equipment

National Telecommunications Commission

R.A. 3846, as amended  
TCB Memo Circular 6-78 (11-9-78)  
NTC Memo Circular 2-06-81  
(26-2-81) as amended by MC  
4-07-81 (10-4-81)  
MAAB 51 (25-8-81)  
E.O. 546 (s-1979)

Fertilizer for agricultural use

Fertilizer and Pesticides Authority

P.D. 1144  
FIA Board Res. 2-75 (s-1975)  
Guidelines for Registration  
(January 1980)  
E.O. 1028 (31-5-85)

Pesticides

Fertilizer and Pesticides Authority

P.D. 1144  
FIA Board Res. 2-75 (s-1975)  
Pesticides Circular 1 (s-1981)  
Pesticides Circular 11 (s-1978)  
Pesticides Importation Requirements  
MAAB 81 (17-10-77)

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)  
waterstops and waterseals

Board of Investments

MAAB 144 (18-12-73)  
CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)

Cellophane and oriented  
polypropylene (OPP)

Board of Investments

LOI 658-B  
Revised Guidelines Pursuant to  
LOI 658-B  
CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)

1 Liberalized as of 15 October 1984.

ITEMS

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Textile items/fabrics, garment accessories

E.O. 537 (24-5-79)  
E.O. 823 (19-8-82)  
CB Circular 1050 (25-2-85)

Garments, Textiles for Importations & Exports Board by Garment Exporters Board of Investments for all other importers

Synthetic yarns, fibers and threads except imports by EPZA-registered enterprises

MAAB 2 (19-1-82)  
MAAB 51 (7-12-82)

Garments, Textiles & Exports Board - for importations by garment exporters Board of Investments - for all other importers

Basic iron and steel products

P.D. 272  
E.O. 555  
Guidelines on Importation of Iron and Steel (1-1-82)

Iron and Steel Authority

Various chemicals for the manufacture of explosives

Sections 883-885, R.A.C.,  
R.A. 2255  
R.A. 3023  
LOI 60  
Standing Operation Procedure No. 9 (12-4-73)  
MAAB 5 (21-1-84)

Philippine Constabulary Firearms and Explosives Unit

Tires

LOI 389 (24-3-76)  
LOI 1086 (25-11-80)  
Revised Guidelines for Importations of New and Used Tyres (1980-81)  
MAAB 9 (15-2-82)  
CB Circular 29 (15-10-84)

Inter-Agency Committee on Used Trucks and Tires

ITEMS

LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR  
ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS

AGENCIES/BUREAUS

Vinyl-asbestos tiles and asbestos-  
vinyl tiles

MAAB 51 (28-12-79)  
LOI 964 (28-11-79)  
MAAB 28 (7-10-80)  
LOI 1108 (26-2-81)

Board of Investments

Basic refractories

MAAB 28 (20-8-82)

Board of Investments

Paper waste

MAAB 10 (10-2-84)

Board of Investments

Paper and paperboard products  
except imports by EPZA-registered  
enterprises

MAAB 48 (29-11-82)  
MAAB 22 (16-5-83)

Board of Investments

Synthetic resins and synthetic  
resin products except imports  
by EPZA-registered enterprises  
and semi-conductor firms

MAAB 52 (13-12-82)

Board of Investments

Sodium Tripolyphosphate (STPP)  
and Tetrasodium Pyrophosphate (TSPP)

MAAB 8 (31-1-83)

Board of Investments

Non-metric measuring devices

Batas Pambansa Bilang 8 (10-5-73)  
MAAB 23 (8-7-82)  
LOI 1208 (9-3-82)  
Guidelines Implementating  
LOI 1208 (16-7-82)  
CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)

Product Standards Agency

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
High tariff rate items (50-60%) except imports by EPZA-registered enterprises	MAAB 37 (2-9-83) MAAB 40 (12-9-83)	Board of Investments
Newsprint	MAAB 33 (25-10-72) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Board of Investments
Liberalized consumer durable goods	CB Circular 854 (1.3-82) CB Circular 956 (17-10-83) CB Circular 1050 (25-2-85)	Board of Investments
Raw materials, parts and components of consumer electronic products except imports by EPZA-registered enterprises	MAAB 64 (19-12-83)	Board of Investments
Used/Brand new trucks and engines (for stationary and/or transport use) and special purpose vehicles	E.O. 782 (13-3-82) Guidelines for the Importation of Used Trucks and Engines (15-5-82) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Inter-Agency Committee on Used Trucks and Engines
Empty bottles and other containers including the caps, stoppers and packaging thereof	CB Circular Letter (3-7-75) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84) CB Circular 1074 (14-8-85)	Board of Investments

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
Gasoline and kerosene engines for trucks and tractors	MAAB 98 (21-12-77) MAAB 7 (15-2-82) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Inter-Agency Committee on Used Trucks and Engines
Used diesel/gasoline engines	MAAB 98 (28-12-77) E.O. 782 (13-3-82) Guidelines for the importation of used trucks and used engines (15-5-82) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Inter-Agency Committee on Used Trucks and Engines
Used engine short blocks assembly/used engine blocks	MAAB 5 (20-1-83)	Inter-Agency Committee on Used Trucks and Engines
CKD cars and components/parts thereof for assembly under the Progressive Car Manufacturing Program (PCMP)	MAAB 96 (21-12-71) CB Circular 979 (21-11-83) CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84) MAAB 43 (26-11-84)	Board of Investments
CKD trucks and components/parts thereof for assembly under the Progressive Truck Manufacturing Program (PTMP)	MAAB 26, (30-3-72) CB Circular 1029 MAAB 43 (26-11-84)	Board of Investments
CKD motorcycles and component/parts thereof for assembly under the Progressive Motorcycle Manufacturing Program (PMMP)	MAAB 35 (27-3-74)	Board of Investments

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
Raw materials, parts and components used in the manufacture/assembly of diesel engines under the Diesel Engine Manufacturing Program (DEMP)	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84) MAAB 43 (26-11-84)	Board of Investments
Components/parts and supplies imported by registered participants under the PCMP, PTMP, PMMP, PEPCEP and DEMP (Programs), for resale domestically and not for assembly	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84) MAAB 43 (26-11-84)	Board of Investments
Machinery, equipment and spare parts for use of registered participants in the programs (i.e., PCMP, PTMP, PMMP, DEMP and PEPCEP) as well as the following: - Pulp and Paper Industry Rationalization Program - Coconut Industry Rationalization Program - Iron and Steel Rationalization Program - Coconut Industry Modernization Program - Textile Modernization Program	CB Circular 1029 MAAB 43 (26-11-84)	Board of Investments



<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
Dairy products <sup>1</sup>	MAAB 35 (31-8-83) CB Circular 1074 (14-8-85)	Ministry of Trade and Industry
Raw cotton	MAAB 10 (8-7-81)	Development Bank of the Philippines
Vessels and appurtenances thereto	P.D. 474 (4-6-74) MC 8 (1-1-77) MC 10 (1-1-77) MC 17 (20-9-78) MC 20 (4-9-79) MC 21 (12-9-79) MC 21-A (6-6-80) MC 24 (8-1-81) MC 23-A (812-81) MC 25 (12-8-82) MC 25-A (1-6-83)	Maritime Industry Authority
Items classified as "NEC" and "UC"	Section 74, R.A. 265 P.D. 722 CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Central Bank of the Philippines
Imports on no-dollar basis	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Central Bank of the Philippines

<sup>1</sup> Liberalized as of 14 August 1985

<u>ITEMS</u>	<u>LAWS, REGULATIONS AND/OR ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS</u>	<u>AGENCIES/BUREAUS</u>
Raw materials, machinery and equipment imported be producer-firms on consignment basis	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Central Bank of the Philippines
Machinery and equipment specified in Section 7 of PSCCM but not included in Sec. 9 of Chapter 11 of CB Circular 1029 with an aggregate value in excess of US\$50,000 within a calendar year	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84) CB Circular 1044 (25-1-85)	Central Bank of the Philippines
Aircrafts and vessels	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Central Bank of the Philippines
DA and OA imports with original payments terms exceeding 360 days	CB Circular 1029 (15-10-84)	Central Bank of the Philippines
Prohibited import items listed under Sec. 101 of the Tariff and Customs Code of 1978 (PD 1464) as amended <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>1</sup> For complete list of these prohibited items, see Annex B hereof.

ANNEX BPROHIBITED IMPORT ITEMS PROVIDED FOR UNDER SECTION 102  
OF THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES (P.D. 1464)

1. Dynamite, gunpowder, ammunition and other explosives, firearms, and weapons of war, and parts thereof.
2. Written or printed articles in any form containing any matter advocating or inciting treason, rebellion, insurrection, sedition or subversion against the Government of the Philippines, or forcible resistance to any law of the Philippines, or containing any threat to take the life of, or inflict bodily harm upon, any persons in the Philippines.
3. Written or printed articles, negatives or cinematographic films, photographs, engravings, lithographs, objects, paintings, drawings or other representation of an obscene or immoral character.
4. Articles, instruments, drugs and substances designed, intended or adapted for producing unlawful abortion, or any printed matter which advertizes or describes or gives directly or indirectly information where, how or by whom unlawful abortion is produced.
5. Roulette wheels, gambling outfits, loaded dice, marked cards, machines, apparatus or mechanical devices used in gambling, or in the distribution of money, cigars, cigarettes or other articles when such distribution is dependent upon chance, including jackpot and pinball machines or similar contrivances, or parts thereof.
6. Lottery and sweepstakes tickets except those authorized by the Philippine Government, advertisements thereof and lists of drawings therein.
7. Any article manufactured in whole or in part of gold, silver or other precious metals or alloys thereof, the stamps, brands or marks of which do not indicate the actual fineness of quality of said metals or alloys.
8. Any adulterated or misbranded articles of food or any adulterated or misbranded drug in violation of the provisions of the "Food and Drugs Act".
9. Marijuana, opium, poppies, coca leaves, heroin or any other narcotics or synthetic drugs which are or may hereafter be declared habit-forming by the President of the Philippines, or any compound, manufactured salt derivatives, or preparation thereof, except when imported by the Government of the Philippines or any person duly authorized by the Dangerous Drugs Board for medicinal purposes only.
10. Opium pipes and parts thereof, of whatever material.
11. All other articles and parts thereof, the importation of which is prohibited by law or rules and regulations issued by competent authority.

ANNEX CLIST OF PRODUCTS SUBJECT TO QUOTAS

<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>QUOTA PERIOD</u>	<u>BASIS OF ALLOCATION/ DETERMINATION OF QUOTA</u>
1. Cattle, horses and gamefowls	Annually	First-come, first-served
2. Feedgrains and/or their substitutes	Annually	Shortage or imminent shortage of local supply
3. Unmanufactured tobacco (leaf tobacco)	Annually	Importer's blending need and past year sales performance
4. Fertilizer for agricultural use	Yearly, but licenses are issued quarterly or when need arises	Consumption requirement and demand-supply balance
5. Used trucks, used engines and engine blocks	Annually	Past performance
6. Spare parts for motor cycles, motor cars and motor vehicles for resale	Monthly, but licenses are issued when need arises	Case-to-case basis, past performance
7. Fishing vessels	Annually	Case-to-case basis (up to 1985 only)
8. Wheat	Annually	Consumption requirement and demand-supply balance
9. Wines and liquors	Annually	Percentage of foreign exchange earnings
10. Canned sardines and mackerel	Annually	Percentage of foreign exchange earnings

ANNEX D

SCHEDULE OF REGISTRATION FEES CHARGED

<u>Product</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Gamefowl breeders/importers	₦ 50.00
Feedgrains and feedgrain substitutes	₦ 300.00 per annum
Coal and coal derivatives	₦ 200.00 per application
Dangerous drugs	₦ 72.00 per annum
Antibiotics and sodium cyanide	₦ 25.00 for registration of product to be imported
Pesticides	₦ 100.00 per application

## ANNEX E

LIST OF LICENSE FEES/ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES IMPOSED

<u>Product</u> <sup>1</sup>	<u>Amount</u> (₱)
Carabaos, buffaloes, cattle, horses, ponies, asses, mules, donkeys, swine and goats	20.00 per permit
Dogs and cats, and other domestic livestock	15.00 per permit
Adult chicken, geese, turkeys, ducks, pigeons, doves, quails and other adult domesticated fowls (except fighting and/or game birds) chicks, poults, ducklings, and other young fowls from day old or 7 days old (except fighting or game birds)	15.00 per permit
Fighting or game birds of any sex or age	20.00 per permit
All hatching eggs (excluding those of game birds)	15.00 per permit
Hatching eggs of game birds	10.00 per permit
For meat, meat products	15.00 per permit
Large size wild animals and birds	20.00 per permit
Medium size wild animals and birds	15.00 per permit
Small wild animals and birds	15.00 per permit
Fertilizer and fertilizer inputs	
Filing fee	100.00
License fee as importer (based on capitalization)	
Over ₱5,000,000	3,000.00
Over ₱1,000,000 to ₱5,000,000	1,000.00
Over ₱500,000 to ₱1,000,000	500.00
Over ₱100,000 to ₱500,000	300.00
₱100,000 and below	100.00

<sup>1</sup> For products not listed herein no license fee or administrative charges is imposed.

<u>Product</u>	<u>Amount</u> (₱)
<b>Pesticides</b>	
A. Registration fee, per pesticide	100.00
B. Certificate of registration of pesticide:	
Per active ingredient (initially)	200.00
Per active ingredient (renewal)	100.00
C. Application to import fee	100.00
D. License fee, per issuance:	
<u>Capitalization of importer</u>	
₱ 1,000,000	1,000.00
₱ 500,000 - ₱ 999,999	500.00
Below ₱ 500,000	300.00

Note: A and B are conditions precedent to C and D, i.e., one cannot import unless the pesticide is registered with the Fertilizer and Pesticide Authority.

Radiation - emitting apparatus and related devices 50.00 per permit

Tires; Used/Brand new trucks and engines (for stationary and/or transport use) and special purpose vehicle; used diesel/gasoline engines; used engine short block assembly/used engine block 1% of the value of importation but which shall not be less than ₱100.00 nor to exceed ₱1,000.00

BOI-regulated products 100.00 per import authority

Vessels for domestic or foreign use

A. Filing fee for importation of spare parts 1% of price per invoice but in no case less than ₱100.00 nor more than ₱1,000.00

B. Filing fee for importation of vessels other than fishing vessels 960.00 per vessel

C. Filing fee for importation of fishing vessels 240.00 per vessel

<u>Product</u>	<u>Amount</u> (₱)
D. Filing fee for importation of marine engines	240.00 per vessel
(1) 15 HP and above	80.00 per unit
(2) Below 15 HP	16.00 per unit
E. Survey/Inspection	₱240.00 - ₱1,040 per vessel depending on gross tonnage of vessel and location where survey/inspection is undertaken.