GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

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Group "Agriculture" Sub-Group on Dairy Products

DRAFT

INTERNATIONAL DAIRY ARRANGEMENT

Addendum

REGISTER OF PROCESSES AND CONTROL MEASURES

1. This document contains the register of processes and control measures referred to in Article 3:5 of the Protocol Regarding Certain Milk Powders.

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ANNEX I c

Protocol Begerding Certain Milk Powders

Register of Processes and Control Measures

In accordance with the provisions of Article 3:5 of this Protocol, the following processes and control measures are approved for the participants listed below:

Japan

Spain

Australia

Canada

European Economic Community

New Zealand

Switzerland

JAPAN

Based on the provisions of Article 13 of the Customs Tariff Law, he who wants to import, with customs duty exempted, skinmed milk powder so as to produce animal feed through mixing the powder concerned with other materials shall take the following steps so that the powder concerned will not be diverted to uses other than animal feed:

- 1. He shall in advance make an application to the Director of Customs Office so that his factory be authorized to produce mixed feed with the duty-exempted skimmed milk powder.
- 2. When he (himself or through his agent) imports skimmed milk powder for purposes of animal feed, he shall go through necessary importation formalities and customs officers at a port of entry shall keep a record on the quantity of the skimmed milk powder thus imported.
- 3. He shall deliver the skimmed milk powder to his factory authorized under paragraph 1 above and mix it with fish meal, chrysalis meal or fish soluble.
- 4. After producing mixed feed, he shall submit, for inspection by the Customs Office, a report which contains, among others, information on the quantities of the skimmed milk powder used in the production and of other materials mixed therewith. The customs officers shall check how much of the quantity recorded at the time of entry has been used in the production and inspect the product concerned before its delivery from the factory.

In cases where he violates the control measures mentioned above, the authorization under paragraph 1 above shall be cancelled and the exempted customs duty shall be collected according to the provisions of the Customs Tariff Law. In addition to the above, he shall be fined or imprisoned, as the case may be, on the ground of the evasion of customs duty as provided for by the Customs Law.

SPAIN

The control systems applied by Spain to imports of skimmed milk powder intended for animal feed are set forth in the following texts annexed hereto:

1. Circular No. 789 of the General Directorate of Customs, establishing rules for the denaturing of milk powder (Annex 1);

2. Order of Ministry of Agriculture of 30 October 1976 establishing control and surveillance of denatured milk powder and whey powder for use in animal feed (Annex 2).

In addition, other supplementary provisions are in existence such as the Ministry of Finance Order dated 22 September 1969, determining the responsibilities of the customs authorities with respect to chemical analysis, and Customs Circular No. 626 (<u>Official Gazette</u> of 17 October 1969) prescribing the modalities for chemical analysis, rules for the taking of samples and the responsibility of the various laboratories. MTN/DP/W/27/Rev.9/Add.1 Page 6

ANNEX 1

General Directorate of Customs

<u>Circular No. 789 (Official Gazette of 12 October 1977)</u> Establishing Rules for the Denaturing of Milk Powder

The denaturing of skimmed milk powder is to be effected by either of the following two processes:

1. Homogeneous addition to the products to be denatured of 1 per cent of blood flour and 1 per cent of fish flour¹; both substances must be finely ground, and each must pass through a No. 60 screen of the <u>Tyler</u> fine series (0.246 millimetre mesh) or its standard equivalents, in a proportion of not less than 80 per cent.

The blood flour shall be of a type regarded as soluble in the trade and must meet the requirement that when diluted in water in a 10 per cent solution and when the solution is shaken for fifteen minutes and centrifuged for an additional fifteen minutes at 2,000 revolutions per minute, the sediment shall not exceed 5 per cent.

2. Homogeneous addition to the products to be denatured of 1 per cent of blood flour and 1 per cent of non-deodorized fish solubles.

The blood flour shall have the characteristics required in the previous process and the fish solubles shall also have, so far as degree of fineness is concerned, the same characteristics as those indicated in the previous process for blood flour and fish flour.

^{[1}It is the understanding of the Spanish authorities that the fish flour must be non-deodorized. Arrangements are being made for publication of an official explanatory note in this sense.]

ANNEX 2

Ministry of Agriculture

Order of 30 October 1976 establishing control and surveillance of denatured milk powder and whey powder for use in animal feed

The import of denatured milk powder or whey powder under the Liberalized-Trade Régime exclusively for purposes of animal feed requires regulation of the control and surveillance of use, with the twofold objective of guaranteeing the quality of both the basic product and the denaturing agents employed and of preventing unlawful competition with domestic dairy products.

Quality standards and requirements for substances and products used in animal feed having been approved by Decree 851/1975 of 20 March and Ministerial Order of the Minister of Agriculture of 23 June 1976, it is necessary to make an order regarding procedures for testing and demanding the necessary quality in those products.

In pursuance of the instructions contained in Article 21 of the said Decree regarding the control and surveillance to be exercised by the Ministry of Agriculture over the handling, transport and storage of products for use in animal feed and by virtue of the authority vested in this Department by final provision 4 of the said Decree, I have deemed it fitting to provide as follows:

<u>Article 1</u>. The denatured milk powder and whey powder to be imported must meet the quality requirements laid down for those products in the Ministerial Order of 23 June 1976, taking into account any modifications in those characteristics which may result from the denaturing agent used. The products used as denaturing agents may be those approved by Circular No. 543 of the General Directorate of Customs (<u>Boletín Oficial del Estado</u> of 28 July 1966) or such other products as may subsequently be approved for the purpose.

The foregoing shall be tested by means of analyses performed by laboratories belonging to this Department on samples taken, prior to customs clearance, by the appropriate inspection services from the lots being imported.

Article 2. In order to ensure adequate preservation of the quality of these products, they may only be imported in sacks. Each of the sacks shall bear an appropriate label giving particulars concerning the type of product and the denaturing agent or agents used. Each sack shall be conspicuously marked with the words: "Products for use only in animal feed".

<u>Article 3</u>. The Customs Veterinary Inspection Services of this Department shall take the necessary samples and shall arrange for their despatch to the appropriate laboratory for analysis. MTN/DP/W/27/Rev.9/Add.1 Page 8

Before issuing the Certificate of Inspection, they shall verify the health documents accompanying the lot to be imported and shall obtain from the importer complete information concerning the destination of the product in question so as to supplement the particulars on the Import and Destination Form that is to accompany the goods (Annex 1). This form shall be signed by the importer or by a person duly authorized by him.

If the imported lot has different destinations, the importer or his representative shall make a declaration for each sub-lot.

Article 4. For purposes of subsequent control of these products, the Customs Veterinary Inspection Services shall send a copy of the Import and Destination Form to the appropriate provincial branch-office for agriculture so that the necessary verifications and procedures may be carried out by the Service for Fraud Prevention and Agricultural Testing and Analysis.

<u>Article 5</u>. Imported denatured dairy products shall be used exclusively in animal feed and accordingly, after clearance by Customs, they shall be consigned exclusively to fodder or additive plants, wholesale warehouses or stock-farmers, all of whom shall preserve the documentation accompanying the goods since its entry in Customs. The subsequent movement of these products shall be restricted to authorized industrial and warehousing enterprises, which must ensure that the goods are always accompanied by documents or invoices certifying the origin thereof. The consignee of the goods shall hold the original of these documents at the disposal of the inspection services for one year, and the consignor shall hold the copy or counterfoil for the same period of time and for the same purpose.

Article 6. The removal or total or partial elimination of the denaturing substances incorporated in the dairy products referred to in this Order, and likewise any other practice that would annul effects indicative of the presence of such substances, shall be prohibited.

<u>Article 7</u>. The inspection services of the Department shall ensure strictest compliance with the provisions of this Order, and any movement or possession of the said products in circumstances other than those authorized by this Order shall be deemed clandestine.

Article 8. Infringements of the provisions laid down in this Order shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of Decree 2177/1973, of 12 July, governing penalties for fraud in respect of agricultural products.

<u>Article 9</u>. The General Directorate of Agrarian Industries and the General Directorate of Agrarian Production are hereby empowered to establish additional rules for the implementation of the present Order.

Communicated for your information and action.

Madrid, 30 October 1976.

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AUSTRALIA

Skimmed milk powder¹ may be exported from the customs territory of Australia to third countries:

- A. Either, after the competent Australian authorities have ensured that the skimmed milk powder has been denatured according to any one of the following processes:
 - 1. By the addition, per 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, of 2.5 kgs. of lucerne meal or grass meal, containing not less than 70 per cent of particles not exceeding 300 microns, uniformly distributed throughout the mixture.
 - 2. By the addition of finely milled alfalfa flour (98 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts per 100 and of phenolphthalein in a proportion of 1:20,000 (1 gr. per 20 kgs. of milk).
 - 3. By the addition, in the proportion of 20 per 100 by weight of the product treated (80 per 100 by weight of milk powder and 20 per cent of the denaturing agent) of a mixture composed of 80 per cent bran and 20 per cent potato flour, rice flour or other common starch (at least 10 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), with phenolphthalein in the proportion of 1:20,000.
 - 4. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 35 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 200 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron and
 - (a) 1.5 kgs. of activated carbon;
 - (b) or 100 grs. of mixture composed of four fifths of yellow tartrazine (E 102) and one fifth of patent blue V (E 131);

 $\frac{1}{1}$ These processes and control measures apply to buttermilk powder as well as to skimmed milk powder intended for animal feed.

- (c) or 20 grs. of cochineal red A (E 124);
- (d) or 40 grs. of patent blue V (E 131).
- 5. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 40 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.
- 6. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skinmed milk powder, a minimum of 4.5 kgs. of fish oil or fish liver oil and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

The fish meal noted in processes 4 and 5 must contain at least 25 per cent of particles with dimension below 80 microns. In processes 4, 5 and 6, the iron salts have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles of a size lower than 80 microns. The colouring matters have to contain the following percentages of the pure product:

- at least 30 per cent for cochineal red A (E 124);

- at least 25 per cent for the other colouring matters: colouring matters have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles having a size lower than 80 microns; the acidity of fish oil calculated in oleic acid has to be equal to at least 10 per cent.

The products added to skimmed milk powder, according to processes 4, 5 and 6 have to be uniformly distributed as regards in particular the activated carbon, the iron salts and the colouring matters; two samples of 50 grs. each, taken at random in a lot of 25 kgs., must give by chemical determination the same results within the limits of errors admitted by the analysis method used.

7.

Dye to be added to liquid skimmed milk before drying at the rate of 2 to 3 ozs. per 100 gallons of milk (12.5 to 18.7 grs. per hectolitre). The dye to be one of the following colours:

	English Standard Index Nos.
Lissomine green Tartrazine	44.090, 42.095, 44.025 19.140
Combined with	
(a) Brilliant blue F.C.F. or	42.090
(b) Green B.S.	44.090
Cochineal Brilliant blue/F.C.F.	77.289 42.090

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8. By the addition of meat and bone meal in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts of skimmed milk powder.

The bags or containers in which the denatured powder is packed will be labelled "For Animal Feed Only".

B. Or, after its incorporation in compound or mixed stockfoods of a kind falling within item 23.07 of the Brussels Tariff Nomenclature.

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CANADA

1. By the addition of finely milled alfalfa flour (98 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts per 100 and of phenolphthalein in a proportion of 1:20,000 (1 gramme per 20 kgs. of milk).

2. By the addition, in the proportion of 20 per 100 by weight of the product treated (30 per 100 by weight of milk powder and 20 per 100 of the denaturing agent) of a mixture composed of 80 per cent bran and 20 per cent potato flour, rice flour or other common starch (at least 10 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard) with phenolphthalein in the proportion of 1:20,000.

3. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 35 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 200 grammes of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron and

- (a) 1.5 kgs. of activated carbon;
- (b) or 100 grammes of mixture composed of four fifths of yellow tartrazine (E 102) and one fifth of patent blue V (E 131);
- (c) or 20 grammes of cochineal red A (E 124);
- (d) or 40 grammes of patent blue V (E 131).

4. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 40 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 300 grammes of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

5. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 4.5 kgs. of fish oil or fish liver oil and 300 grammes of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

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The fish meal noted in processes 3 and 4 must contain at least 25 per cent of particles with dimension below 80 microns. In processes 3, 4 and 5, the iron salts have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles of a size lower than 80 microns. The colouring matters have to contain the following percentages of the pure product:

- at least 30 per cent for cochineal red A (E 124);

- at least 25 per cent for the other colouring matters: colouring matters have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles having a size lower than 80 microns; the acidity of fish oil calculated in oleic acid has to be equal to at least 10 per cent.

The products added to skimmed milk powder, according to processes 3, 4 and 5, have to be uniformly distributed as regards in particular the activated carbon, the iron salts and the colouring matters; two samples of 50 grs. each, taken at random in a lot of 25 kgs., must give by chemical determination the same results within the limits of errors admitted by the analysis method used.

6. By the addition of dye to liquid skimmed milk before drying at the rate of 2 to 3 ounces per 100 gallons of milk (12.5 to 18.7 grs. per hectolitre).

Dye to be one of the following colours:

	English Standard Index Nos.
Lissamine green	44.090, 42.095, 44.025
Tartrazine	19.140
combined with:	
(i) Brilliant blue F.C.F.	42.090
or	
(ii) Green B.S.	44.090
Cochineal	77.289
Brilliant blue/F.C.F.	42.090

7. By the addition of meat and bone meal in a proportion of 2:4 parts of skimmed milk powder.

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8. By the addition, per 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, of 2.5 kgs. of lucerne meal or grass meal, containing not less than 70 per cent of particles not exceeding 300 microns, uniformly distributed throughout the mixture.

The bags or containers in which the denatured powder is packed will be labelled "For Animal Feed Only".

9. Incorporation of skimmed milk powder in compound or mixed stockfoods of a kind falling within item 23.07 of the Brussels Tariff Nomenclature.

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EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY

Skimmed milk powder¹ for use as animal feed may be exported to third countries:

(a) either after being denatured in the customs territory of the Community in accordance with Article 2 of Regulation (EEC) No. 990/72², as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No. 804/763!

> "Skimmed milk powder shall be denatured by the addition, per 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, of 2.5 kgs. of lucerne meal or grass meal, containing not less than 70 per cent of particles not exceeding 300 microns, uniformly distributed throughout the mixture."

This product falls within sub-heading 04.02 A II (b) 1 of the common customs tariff;

- (b) or after being incorporated in "sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used for animal feeding", falling within sub-heading ex 23.07 B of the common customs tariff, containing skimmed milk powder;
- (c) or after being dyed by the following dyeing process:

The dyeing is to be by means of the colouring matters identified by the Colour Index numbers - most recent edition - and the designations indicated hereunder.

¹These processes and control measures apply to buttermilk powder as well as to skimmed milk powder intended for animal feed. (See Regulation (EEC) No. 804/68, Article 10:1.)

²0.J. No. L 115 of 17 May 1972, page 1.

³0.J. No. L 93 of 8 April 1976, page 22.

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These colouring matters

- are to be used alone or in combination, in the form of very fine impalpable powder

and

-are tobe uniformly distributed in the skinmed milk powder

- in minimum quantities of 200 grs./100 kgs.

Designation of colouring matters:

<u>C.I. No</u> .	Designation .
19140	Tartrazine ¹
42090	Brilliant blue F.C.F.
42095	Lissamine green
44090	Green B.S., Lissamine green
74260	Pigment green 7
77289	Cochineal

(d) or after denaturing in accordance with Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No. 2054/76,² as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No. 2823/78:^{3'}

1. Homogeneous addition to the products to be denatured of 1 per cent blood meal and 1 per cent non-deodorized fish-meal; the two substances must be finely ground and 80 per cent of both must be able to pass through the mesh of a No. 60 sieve of the Tyler fine series (0.246 mm. mesh) or equivalent thereof.

The blood meal must be of a type regarded in the trade as soluble and must satisfy the following conditions: when the meal is diluted in water to 10 per cent strength and the solution has been stirred for fifteen minutes and then centrifuged for another fifteen minutes at 2,000 revolutions per minute it must not deposit more than 5 per cent sediment.

2. Homogeneous addition to the products to be denatured of 1 per cent blood meal and 1 per cent non-deodorized fish solubles.

The blood meal must present the same characteristics as required in the first procedure and the fish solubles must be as fine as required in the above procedure for blood meal and fish meal.

¹ This colouring matter to be used only in combination with one or more of the others included in the above list.

0.J. No. L 228 of 20 August 1978, page 17.

³ O.J. No. L 334 of 1 December 1978, page 84.

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NEW ZEALAND

1. By the addition of finely milled alfalfa flour (98 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts per 100 and of phenolphthalein in a proportion of 1:20,000 (1 gr. per 20 kgs. of milk).

2. By the addition, in the proportion of 20 per 100 by weight of the product treated (80 per 100 by weight of milk powder and 20 per 100 of the denaturing agent) of a mixture composed of 80 per cent bran and 20 per cent potato flour, rice flour or other common starch (at least 10 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), with phenolphthalein in the proportion of 1:20,000.

3. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 35 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 200 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron and

- (a) 1.5 kgs. of activated carbon;
- (b) or 100 grs. of mixture composed of four fifths of yellow tartrazine (E 102) and one fifth of patent blue V (E 131);
- (c) or 20 grs. of cochineal red A (E 124);
- (d) or 40 grs. of patent blue V (E 131);
- (e) or 20 grs. of edicol lime.

4. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 40 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

5. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 4.5 kgs. of fish oil or fish liver oil and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

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The fish meal noted in processes 3 and 4 must contain at least 25 per cent of particles with dimension below 80 microns. In processes 3, 4 and 5, the iron salts have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles of a size lower than 80 microns. The colouring matters have to contain the following percentages of the pure product:

- at least 30 per cent for cochineal red A (E 124);

- at least 25 per cent for the other colouring matters: colouring matters have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles having a size lower than 80 microns; the acidity of fish oil calculated in oleic acid has to be equal to at least 10 per cent.

The products added to skimmed milk powder, according to processes 3, 4 and 5, have to be uniformly distributed as regards in particular the activated carbon, the iron salts and the colouring matters; two samples of 50 grs. each, taken at random in a lot of 25 kgs., must give by chemical determination the same results within the limits of errors admitted by the analysis method used.

6. By the addition of dye to liquid skimmed milk before drying at the rate of 2 to 3 ounces per 100 gallons of milk (12.5 to 18.7 grs. per hectolitre).

Dye to be one of the following colours:

English Standard Index Nos.Lissamine green44 090, 42 095, 44.025Tartrazine19.140Combined with42 090(i) Brilliant blue F:C.F.42 090or44.090(ii) Green B.S.44.090Cochineal77.289Brilliant blue/F.C.F.42 090

7. By the addition of meat and bone meal in a proportion of 2:4 parts of skimmed milk powder.

8. By the addition, per 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, of 2.5 kgs. of lucerne meal or grass meal, containing not less than 70 per cent of particles not exceeding 300 microns uniformly distributed throughout the mixture.

The bags or containers in which the denatured powder is packed will be labelled "For Animal Feed Only".

9. Incorporation of skimmed milk powder in compound or mixed stockfoods of a kind falling within item 23.07 of the Brussels Tariff Nomenclature.

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SWITZERLAND

Skimmed milk powder may be exported from the customs territory of Switzerland to third countries:

- A. Either, after the competent Swiss authorities have ensured that the skimmed milk powder has been denatured according to any one of the following processes
 - 1. By the addition, per 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, of 2.5 kgs. of lucerne meal or grass meal, containing not less than 70 per cent of particles not exceeding 300 microns, uniformly distributed throughout the mixture.
 - 2. By the addition of finely milled alfalfa flour (98 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts per 100 and of phenolphthalein in a proportion of 1:20,000 (1 gr. per 20 kgs. of milk).
 - 3. By the addition, in the proportion of 20 per 100 by weight of the product treated (80 per 100 by weight of milk powder and 20 per cent of the denaturing agent) of a mixture composed of 80 per cent bran and 20 per cent potato flour, rice flour or other common starch (at least 10 per cent to pass mesh 60, equivalent to 50 United States standard), with phenolphthalein in the proportion of 1:20,000.
 - 4. By the addition of for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 35 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 200 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate or iron and:
 - (a) 1.5 kgs. of activated carbon;
 - (b) or 100 grs. of mixture composed of four fifths of yellow tartrazine (E 102) and one fifth of patent blue V (E 131);

(c) or 20 grs. of cochineal red A (E 124);

(d) or 40 grs. of patent blue V (E 131).

- 5. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 40 kgs. of undeodorized fish meal and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.
- 6. By the addition of, for each 100 kgs. of skimmed milk powder, a minimum of 4.5 kgs. of fish oil or fish liver oil and 300 grs. of carbonate of iron or sulphate of iron.

The fish meal noted in processes 4 and 5 must contain at least 25 per cent of particles with dimension below eighty microns. In processes 4, 5 and 6, the iron salts have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles of a size lower than eighty microns. The colouring matters have to contain the following percentages of the pure product:

- at least 30 per cent for cochineal red A (E 124);
- at least 25 per cent for the other colouring matters: colouring matters have to contain at least 30 per cent of particles having a size lower than eighty microns; the acidity of fish oil calculated in oleic acid has to be equal to at least 10 per cent.

The products added to skimmed milk powder, according to processes 4, 5 and 6 have to be uniformly distributed as regards in particular the activated carbon, the iron salts and the colouring matters; two samples of 50 grs. each, taken at random in a lot of 25 kgs., must give by chemical determination the same results within the limits of errors admitted by the analysis method used.

7.

Dye to be added to liquid skimmed milk before drying at the rate of 2 to 3 ozs. per 100 gls. of milk (12.5 to 18.7 grs. per hectolitre). The dye to be one of the following colours:

English Standard Index Nos.

Lissamine Tartrazin		44.090, 42.095, 44.025 19.140
Comb	ined with	
(a)	Brilliant blue F.C.F. or	42.090
(ъ)	Green B.S.	44 ,090
Cochineal Brilliant	blue/F.C.F.	77.289 42.090

8. By the addition of meat and bone meal in a proportion of 2 to 4 parts of skimmed milk powder.

The bags or containers in which the denatured powder is packed will be labelled "For Animal Feed Only".

B. Or, after its incorporation in compound or mixed stockfoods of a kind falling within item 23.07 of the Brussels Tariff Nomenclature.